U-

...on may be, should ...knowledged by com... ...ARTERS hereabouts ...s and Furnishings, ...our pocket, 'tis far ...ch pains will be tak... ...oats or $8 Suits as ...as well. Hard-work... ...ant to be allured in... ...WN BROADWAY." ...lieve, learn some... ...w on, as we intend to ...RCOATS three or ...d price of Suit or ...relied upon. To ...r stock of Men's and ...found elsewhere in ...S HONEST. These ...ake your selections

& CO.
...d Broadway.

...NG DEPOT
...re
...rs, Bed-Room ...sion Tables, ...tent Rockers, ...s, Hard Coal ...keeping
...ENTS.
...CO.,
...gan.

SALES.

...reas Peter Dickenson ...nine months past) and ...their certain deed of ...d recorded in book 642, ...Recorder of Deeds for ...ouri, conveyed to the ...ering described real es... ...of the city of St. Louis, ...four (41) of Stoddard ad... ...cated in the Recorder's ...at the junction of the ...with the south line of ...es (variable westwardly ...of East Bell ...eight feet; and also ...Pettigrew, thence ...ettigrew's lot sixty-six ...said alley, and thence ...alley eastwardly one ...(66'), to the point of be... ...as made in trust to se... ...promissory notes therein ...e of said notes are past ...Recorders, at the ...said notes, and in pur... ...of trust, I shall, on ...ER 19TH, 1883, ...and 4 p. m. of that day, ...the front door of the ...t, proceed to sell said ...the highest bidder, for

...ERT J. O'REILLY, Trustee.

...bitson and James H ...by their certain deed... ...recorded in the Re... ...Court and State of ..., conveyed to the tra... ...ing described real es... ...in the city of St. Louis ...The northern half of ...ing the same and ...ear, containing a depth ...et, one hundred inches (12... ...ng perpendicularly ...nances, in trust, how... ...of certain promissory ...Court of Pleasure prem... ...it is provided in said ...parties of the first part, ...ing of the first part, ...party of the third part, ...to become indebted ...them one by the name ...between said parties ...ay and unpaid, now ...e legal holder of said ...erty at public vendue, ...ast front door of the ...of St. Louis and State

...13TH, A. D. 1883, ...a. m. and 4 o'clock p. ...ed and ...

B. CLARKE, trustees.

...Frederick Etzel, by ...dated of May, 1872, and ...of the records of the ...county, now city, of St. ...undersigned, among ...ing described lots or ...to the Recorder of ...city of St. Louis, Mis... ...one, two, three and ...bered one, two, three ...hundred and one and ...dred three and four of ...red one and two of ...of subdivision A, plat of ...of Missouri, a plat of ...of the Recorder of ...city of St. Louis, in ...certain notes therein ...rtion of the principal ...now, therefore, under ...of trust and at the re... ...of the holder of the ...will proceed to sell ...at public auction, ...er, at the east front ...ity of St. Louis, on ...a. m. and 4 o'clock p.

...ER 17TH, 1883.

...G. OBEAE, Trustee.

...Casper Kitzsteiner ...the 27th day of July, ...page 371 of the Re... ...ity Records, Missouri, ...the following described ...ated in the city of St. ...of lots one, two and ...and nine, and also ...and ten, to the ...ning described real es... ...the city of St. Louis ...

...Mary Eisenstadt, by ...uary 16, 1882, and re... ...the records of the Re... ...of St. Louis, Mo., con... ...trust, to secure the ...ein described, the fol... ...situated in the city of ...and with the build... ...No. 1822 of said city, ...south line of Locust ...feet from the eastern ...running thence south... ...eastern line of Compton ...feet five and one-half ...parcelly along the north ...thereof, whence ...distant eastwardly 70 ...Compton avenue, one ...and one-half inches to ..., thence westwardly ...street fifty-five feet to ...whereas, default has ...e of said notes, notice ...signed will offer said ...endue, to the highest ...rom front of the Court ...e, on ...ER 5, 1883, ...a. m. and 4 o'clock p. ...M. BOOTH, Trustees.

...LDREN!
...ur New and ...Surprised to ...Clothing for ...S made with ...Finest Ma... ...rfect in fit, ...experience ...ds fine and ...oys, we have ...at want and ...inspect the ...n Kilt Suits ...re daily re...

...'S,
...nd Pine.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1883. NO. 113.

SMOKE

J. I. MAYER & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

NEW NICKEL CIGARS!

The Finest quality ever offered for a 5c Smoke.
For Sale EVERYWHERE. Dealers Supplied at

15 and 17 South Fourth Street.

SPECIAL SALE!

OF

Portieres, Long Curtains and Draperies of all Descriptions.

Bargains in Every Department.

Newcomb Bros.,

303 and 305 N. 5th Street.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

SCHWERDTMANN & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

Toys and Fancy Goods,

Nos. 619 and 621 N. 4th St., Cor. Christy Av.

The ONLY Exclusive TOY HOUSE in the City.

CHARTER OAK STOVES AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO

4 Clear Havanas 4

FOR 25 CENTS.

4 JOE CLARKE, 4

414 Washington Avenue.

RAZORS!

BEST QUALITY.

AUGUST KERN.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES

AND STEAM GRINDING.

926 NORTH SIXTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

FARNER

STOVE, FURNITURE & CARPET CO.

N. W. COR. FOURTEENTH AND CLARK AVE.

Furniture, Carpets, Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Baby Carriages, Cages, Hanging Lamps, etc., at reduced prices on monthly payments. Lower than any house in town for cash. Gasoline 15c delivered. Come and see us.

SCRUGGS, VANDERVOORT & BARNEY

DRY GOODS COMPANY.

Astounding Reductions

IN PRICES OF

Guinet's Black Silks

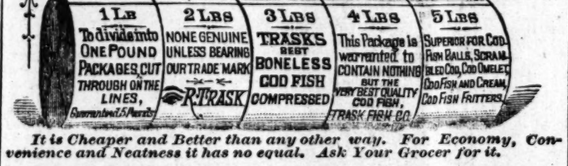
All our confined qualities are now on sale at the great difference in figures named in comparison with last season's prices. Such reductions in these strictly REGULAR GOODS are without precedent:

21-inch Black Gros Grain,
Now $1 00; last season, $1 25
22-inch Black Faille Cachmire,
Now $1 50; last season, $1 75
22-inch Black Faille Cachmire,
Now $1 75; last season, $2 00
22-inch Black Cachmire Extra,
Now $2 00; last season, $2 50
23-inch Black Cachmire Extra,
Now $2 25; last season, $2 75
22-inch Black Cachmire Sublime,
Now $3 00; last season, $4 00
22-inch Black Cachmire Sublissime,
Now $3 50; last season, $4 50

GUINET'S GENUINE FIRST QUALITIES are CONFINED TO OUR HOUSE in this Market, and are TWENTY-ONE to TWENTY-THREE INCHES WIDE. No make of Black Silks known throughout the World surpasses, if equals, the wearing qualities of

Guinet's Genuine Goods

TRASK'S COMPRESSED FISH!



It is Cheaper and Better than any other way. For Economy, Convenience and Neatness it has no equal. Ask Your Grocer for it.

8---FIRST PREMIUMS---8

More than ALL the Other Furniture Houses Combined.

GRAND SWEEPSTAKES PRIZE!

First Premium for Best Display of Furniture.
First Premium for Best Suite of Cabinet Furniture.
First Premium for Best Suite of Parlor Furniture, St. Louis Make.
First Premium for Best Display of Upholstery.
First Premium for Best Suite of Bedroom Furniture, St. Louis Make.
First Premium for Best Display of Mattresses.
First Premium for Best Display of Center Tables.
First Premium for Best Display of Double Lounges.

Duplicates of all these Exhibits Always in Stock.

We cordially invite the Public to give us a Call and Examine our always FRESH and SELECT Stock at our spacious Warerooms.

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS

1001 TO 1005 FRANKLIN AV.

"OUR OWN"

COTTON FLANNELS!

None Better, or Cheaper.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

HIS AMERICAN DEBUT.

Henry Irving Played to a Large Audience Last Night.

Whether They Were Pleased is Not Yet Decided—Mr. Irving Thinks He has Scored a Point—The Scenic Effects and the Orchestra Largely Depended Upon—An Interview.

Henry Irving.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 30.—Mr. Henry Irving's opening at the Star Theater last night was a most brilliant social and dramatic event. All the cognoscenti were present, and the New York Central Railroad beamed out of one box and the Metropolitan Opera House in another. Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Chauncey M. Depew, ex-Lieut.-Gov. Dorsheimer, and a score of other politico-railway magnates and Loto Club orators were vis-a-vis with Christine Nilsson, Miss Terry, the Chevalier Copleston and Henry E. Abbey. At 8:30 there burst in upon the stage a picture from the door in the flat against a figure in corduroy trousers, cloak and slouch hat. He struck an attitude, and was received with a hurricane of applause. It was Henry Irving. He stood at least four minutes, while his audience, with a keen sense of what was due to sensational prodigy, bellowed itself hoarse. Finally, with an impatient gesture of his arm, he dashed into the play, and the applause ceased.

THE GENERAL IMPRESSION CREATED

by his acting was one of mingled admiration and disappointment. The admiration was given to the superb action of the somewhat weird and supernatural piece, which was managed with the precision of clock-work. The disappointment was at the delivery, the facial expression and the general studied and exaggerated character of the actor himself. Anything more artificial and formal than Mr. Irving's use of tones and words has not been heard on our stage for many years. He is destitute of what are usually called "physical advantages," that is to say he is neither handsome nor graceful. His face is hard and expressionless when not made up. His body is tall, gaunt and without the rhythmic action of a well-made man. His gestures are studied and lack the suppleness of natural grace and harmony, and his voice is not only without range, but without vibration, and continually breaks from a flacid baritone to a squeaking falsetto.

"THE BELLS"

is a melodramatic comedy, with a dash of the supernatural in it. It depends for its general effect upon the sound of sleigh bells, heard only by the guilty hero of the play. Its moving motive is a guilty conscience, working upon a murderer while he is surrounded by his family and friends. The whole process of its dramatic development is subjective; circumstance gives way to feeling. It is not what happens, but what is suffered mysteriously that makes the story, and the actor who plays the part of Mathias is required to show successive phases of a supernatural horror caused by the sound of the bells, that grows upon him. Fear, remorse, self-pity, terror, despair and delirium have to be pictured by suchmeans as are at the artist's command. For such work nature has in most cases produced her functions of expression, and we look for it in the distraught voice, the tell tale eye, the heaving breast, the relaxing muscles, the blanched face, the countless confessions of a physicial betrayal that need no stage machinery. It is here that Mr. Henry Irving is curiously deficient. He depends for his effects not upon the emotions and natural means of expressing them, but upon the artificial and theatric machinery of stage business, and it is no exaggeration to say that the mere dynamics of stage art were

NEVER BETTER UNDERSTOOD

or more admirably availed of. The play was done here by Mr. J. Wallack, Jr., a most worthy and excellent actor in 1872, and although he gave it a feeling and a naturalness that Mr. Irving cannot approach, yet the play itself was tiresome because of the ingenious objectiveness and pictorial life of the representation. Mr. Wallack took care to make an effect of the recurrent jingle of the mysterious bells apparent in his face. They struck a wild, supernatural horror into his soul. His blood froze, and a sympathetic thrill of horror went through his audience. Mr. Irving manages the bells with the aid of his orchestra, so that they convey their own mysterious part in the ordinary melodramatic way. When the audience hears them, it is given to understand that they are meant to excite terror. In one case they were the subjunctive incidents of a psychologic study. In the other they are part of the machinery of a pictorial exhibition. It must, however, be noted that we have no immediate record of any actor, with no more divine attuning than Mr. Irving has, who has shown the capacity to do so much by a strenuous intelligence without these gifts, which overcome us like a summer cloud. He has nevertheless revived, if not recreated, a stage romanticism that is marvelous. The presentation of "The Bells" last night may be said to have been one of the

MOST SAGACIOUSLY ADJUSTED

pieces of realism ever seen here, despite the abnormal theme and total lack of those interests which are usually thought to be necessary in a story. The compactness of the representation, the unflagging action, the incessant aid which the orchestra properties, scenery and the restlessness of the players lent to the observer, saved it. It was indeed surrounded by a stage atmosphere of weirdness, and the eye filled with pictures, and the ear registered with mystic bells were content to accept the exhibition without any impertinent demands upon the mental or moral gifts of the chief performer. At the close of the first and second acts Mr. Irving was twice recalled, and at the end of the third act he made the following speech:

"LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I am informed that it is your custom to permit an actor to express his thanks, and I do thank you most heartily for this very cordial reception. The greatness of your welcome is typical of the greatness of your nation. Wherever I may be, under whatever circumstances I may be placed, I shall always remember the welcome you have given me to-night, the 29th of October, in the metropolis of New York. I thank you also on behalf of my comrades for the welcome you have given them, and I hope that to-morrow night you will receive with even greater enthusiasm my companion, Miss Ellen Terry, and I hope that our loves will increase as our days will grow."

INTERVIEWED AFTER THE PERFORMANCE.

A reporter met the tragedian as he turned to go to his dressing-room, and was courteously invited to follow him and the boxes of powdered pails brushes, trunks and all the hurly burly trappings of an actor's sanctum. The tragedian sank into a seat. At first he seemed shy of criticising the audience he had just addressed, but when pressed for an honest opinion, he said:

"When I first stepped into the view of the audience and saw and heard the great reception it gave me, I was filled with emotion. I felt that it was a great epoch in my life. The moment that I looked over the footlights at the people I knew that

WE WERE FRIENDS.

I knew that they wanted to like me, and that they expected something great, and would go away if I disappointed them, saying, 'Well, we wanted to like him, but we can't.' Who could stand before such an audience on such an occasion and not be moved deeply? All I can say is that it was a glorious reception, and typical of your people."

"But as to the merits of the audience, theatergoers will judge your acting. What is your opinion of them?"

"The audience was a fine one, apart from marks of intelligence which could be read with the naked eye. It was a fine assembly. I never played before a more responsive or sympathetic audience. It did not disappoint. I could tell all through the play that every motion I made was being closely watched, that every look, gesture and tone was appreciated. It is stimulating to an actor to feel that he has won his audience."

"You felt confident that you had

MADE AN IMPRESSION

upon the audience and there was no flattery in the applause?"

"After the first burst of enthusiasm was over, yes. I had not been on the stage five minutes before I knew that I had control of my hearers, and that I could make every point in the play tell. Then the silence of the people is the greatest compliment that could be paid me in such a play. Then it was always succeeded by such hearty praise at the end of the act. That is what I like to see, and that is what spoke volumes for the taste of the people."

THE VACANT COMMISSIONERSHIP.

A Mysterious Trip to Jefferson City—Crittenden's Option Deals.

The visit of "Jim" Bannerman and "Joe" Temple to the gubernatorial mansion at Jefferson City yesterday was much discussed to-day, and but one conclusion was arrived at. This was that the two gentlemen had gone to Jefferson in the interest of a candidate for the Police Commissionership who was in accord with Mr. Dave Caruth's views of the situation. The reason for this deduction was plain. Bannerman's only object in politics has been to be a friend of Dave Caruth in the city, and of Senator Vest throughout the State. Bannerman was never known to figure politically in any other light. In the second place, a conference was held at the Laclede Hotel, Sunday night, at which Caruth, Lutz, Bannerman, Temple and Ed Butler were attendants. There was some talk, and then the seance broke up. Bannerman had a few parting words with his bosom friend, Caruth, and then he and Temple went away into the darkness. They hied themselves to the Union Depot and went to Jefferson City. They saw the Governor yesterday and had a two hours' conference with him. Of the purpose of the conference Governor Crittenden said that Temple had called upon him to get a place for his (Temple's) father, "such as an old man can fill." Mr. Bannerman was seen to-day, and he stated that the only object of his visit was to "buy saddle trees from Sullivan, the Penitentiary contractor. Saddlery is my business, you know." Now, the fact is well known that Dave Caruth has been almost neglecting his private business to attend to the filling of the vacancy in the board caused by Cleveland's resignation. His object has been to secure a man who would not put Campbell back, after he had got his seat. Soon after the offer of the place had been made to Major C. C. Rainwater, it is a well-known fact that Mr. Caruth called on him, and that he labored to convince him that Campbell was not an angel, and that it would be bad policy to put him at the head of the police again. Rainwater said that, while he was sure he would not accept, he was equally sure that if he became a commissioner, the first thing he would do would be to vote for the reinstatement of Mr. Campbell. In fact, the policy has been pursued of having word brought to every man who has been mentioned in connection with the vacancy lately, that the place could be obtained for him on condition that he would be Campbell's enemy as above indicated. It is well known that Mr. Malin is Mr. Caruth's candidate at present, and that Mr. Bannerman went on Mr. Caruth's errand in this matter. This being true, Mr. Malin must have fallen into Caruth's way of thinking about the Campbell question. A friend of Temple's told a POST-DISPATCH reporter to-day that "Joe" came back well satisfied with the trip, which means, if it means anything, that the Malin suggestion was favorably received by the Governor. In fact, it was expected among those who are posted that Malin's name might be sent down to-day. It was suggested, too, that Jim Bannerman had allowed his friendship for Caruth to lead him so far as to make an application for the place himself, but the Malin chew was the most in favor. Temple's connection with the matter was the most mysterious feature, to which he himself added all he could. A POST-DISPATCH reporter, who met him last night after his return, asked him where he had been all day, to which he replied, "Why, I was in my office all day."

He Did Try Options.

A special dispatch from Jefferson City contains the information that Gov. Crittenden admits that he toyed with options. "I did engage in it," says the Governor, "like thousands of others. I speak from experience and observation, when I say it ought to be discontinued, that it is demoralizing to individuals and pernicious to society." He also admits that he had a business difference with D. P. Rowland in which they afterwards agreed and settled like gentlemen. He omits to state, however, how much he owed Rowland, or how many cents he paid on the dollar, when he settled like a gentleman. Gov. Crittenden does not think that the firms with which he dealt should have given his business away. The fact is that none of them did so and that what the POST-DISPATCH published in regard to the matter was commonly known on the floor, and could be seen and learned by any member who had his eyes half opened. The firms with which he dealt refused to talk, absolutely. Gov. Crittenden, in the same dispatch, also denies the statements attributed to Charles H. Mansur, viz., that he forwarded receipts for a large amount of money from Trenton, Mo., in 1880, to Robert C. Pate, or that he wrote to Warren F. McChesney, from the same place at the same time.

ILLINOIS ITEMS.

Mooney Murder Trial—Murder at Decatur—Arrest of a Fugitive.

JOLIET, October 30.—The exhumed body of Anderson, the dead convict, was shown in Court yesterday for the purpose of proving that the wound inflicted on it was an instantly fatal one, and that the deceased could not have inflicted others on himself afterwards. Mooney will no doubt be convicted of murder in the first degree.

DECATUR, October 30.—Harry F. Griffin shot and killed Geo. Robinson late Monday night. Both are negroes. The Coroner's jury held Griffin for the Grand Jury.

ROCKFORD, October 30.—Jack Sullivan, who attempted to kill his affianced wife a year ago, and afterwards broke jail, was brought here from New Hampshire yesterday by Sheriff Hutchins. He will be tried at once.

SPRINGFIELD, October 30.—Trustees Bihn and Lee refuse to reinstate C. F. Wilbur as superintendent of the Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children at Lincoln, alleging extravagance and disobedience of orders.

QUINCY, October 30.—An unoccupied building, formerly the Laclede saloon, on Front street, was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss, $1,000. The Home Protective Society filed information against twenty-one saloons yesterday for violating the Sunday law.

NEWMAN, October 30.—Two saloons and a restaurant were burned at Hume last night. Loss, $3,000; insurance, $1,000.

PERRY, October 30.—Five frame business blocks on Court street were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $16,000; insurance, $10,000.

CHESTER, October 30.—Miss Sallie Dunn, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Dunn, died last night of typho-malarial fever.

MARSHALL, October 30.—Col. John R. Biggs died at his home near Westfield yesterday morning.

JACKSONVILLE, October 30.—The City Council has enjoined the Jesse James troupe from showing here to-night.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The Laclede Rolling Mills have not yet put any other departments in motion than the sheet and plate mill. Their supplies of coal during the present strike of railroad switchmen has all come by way of Ferguson Station, no other route being open for the carrying of coal to the works.

James Todd, 6 years old, residing at 3018 North Broadway, had his left arm broken by falling off of one of the cars of the Bellefontaine Railroad line. The boy had jumped on the rear step of the car and was ordered off by some one in the car. Dr. Green attended the little fellow.

This morning Officers Krueger and Wilson arrested Frederick Goesser, 3904 Broadway. Goesser is 35 years old, married and a religious monomaniac. Dr. Alfred Heacock examined him this morning and pronounced him dangerous. He was arrested at the instance of his wife and neighbors, who were in dread of him. He frequently says that his wife is possessed of a devil and has often threatened to behead her to get her free from his Satanic majesty.

EGGS AND BEER.

Curious Importations to This Country from Europe.

Opposition of the Foreign Pauper Hens to the Unprotected Fowl of America—Sunset Cox Confident That He Will Receive the Speakership—The War on Pension Claim Agents.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—The fact that 350,000 dozen of eggs formed a part of the cargo of the steamer "Hermedel," which took fire the other day on its way to this country from Copenhagen, suggests some observations regarding a curious class of articles imported into this country. It certainly seems a little odd that this country with its large agricultural population should have to go to Copenhagen, or indeed to any point outside this country, for eggs, yet a statement recently published by Chief Nimmo of the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury, shows that there were imported into this country last year no less than 182,000,000 eggs. More than that, the reports of the past year's importations show that this is not a spasmodic movement of commerce, but that the egg trade from abroad has been a fact for some years, and has grown so rapidly since its inauguration that the hens of the country ought to be startled over it. In the calendar year of 1881 the number of eggs imported was 110,000,000. In 1882 it was 140,000,000, in the past year 182,000,000, and in the present year will probably exceed 200,000,000, with a value of $3,000,000. Eggs are on the free list. Will not some tariff rooster, seeing that our people pay out $3,000,000 a year to support the pauper henlabor of Europe, rise in his place in the House during the next session and propose a tariff on eggs?

IT IS A LITTLE CURIOUS, TOO,

in this country of free beer, and where millions of dollars are invested in breweries and beer making appliances, to see that the importations of beer are $1,000,000 a year. The value of the malt liquors imported at the various ports of this country during the past year was over $1,500,000. The exportations of wheat were $120,000,000 last year, and yet there were imported during that same year no less than a million dollars' worth of wheat and some thousands of barrels of flour. Another curious feature of this report is the fact which shows that there were over four million dollars' worth of buttons imported into this country last year, and nearly as many in the preceding year. That where is perhaps most astonishing in this line was referred to in this correspondence a few days since, that while this country raises cotton for the world, making it her principal export, and while she has the best machinery and the best water power in the world for manufacturing purposes, the value of cotton goods imported, in the face of a high tariff, amounts to more than $36,000,000 per year, while that of wool and woolen articles amounts to more than 50 per cent. in excess of that. Of common salt, although we have salt mines and a tariff to protect them, we import a billion pounds a year, an average of twenty pounds for every man, woman and child in the country. In the past two years there have been over ten million bushels of potatoes imported into this country.

SAM COX ON THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Hon. S. S. Cox was here from New York, yesterday, on a flying trip. He does not seem to be quite so confident about the Speakership as he was earlier in the campaign. Then he claimed all the New York delegation for himself; now he does not. In a conversation, yesterday, he said that he thought he should have all but three of the New York delegation. He says he expects to have the support of the Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan and California delegations, and is confident of election. He also said that Carlisle has a much better show of election than Randall. He remarked that he thought that New York ought to have the Speakership once more, as she has not had it for about half a century. Talking of the probable issues of the session, he said he thought the tariff was likely to be a prominent issue of the winter. "The Republicans," he said, "are talking about bringing in the wool tariff. Sherman has promised to do this to please the Ohio people. If they are going to bring in the hide and hair of the animal to please a few people, we may as well bring in the whole carcass and have the fight out."

Mr. Cox evidently allows his personal preferences to influence his judgment in this regard, for the bulk of the Democratic party can be brought to think that the tariff is to be an issue in the work of the next Congress there is some doubt whether it would desire Mr. Randall as the man who is to make up the House committees and practically control its legislation. And, if so, Mr. Cox would stand a better chance of election than now, for say what they may about Randall, they all fear him as their most formidable antagonist.

THE PENSION AND CLAIM AGENTS.

District-Attorney Corkhill's move made against the fraudulent claim agents with which the district is crowded, is receiving the commendation of all good citizens. Corkhill has his weaknesses and a good many people are inclined to exaggerate them, but he has struck a popular cord in this matter, and the only thing to be said in disrespect to him for it is that it ought to have been done long ago. There is no doubt that many of the men who figure here as pension claim agents are unmitigated frauds, and that they swindle poor people all over the country in an outrageous manner by the various methods which they take to get their money. There are doubtless some honorable men among the very large number who make this claim business a specialty, but there are also some bad ones.

PHIL SHERIDAN'S MUSEUM.

Gen. Phil. Sheridan, who succeeds Gen. Sherman as General of the Army, is said to be possessed of a remarkable private collection of old implements of war. He has a fancy for gathering these war being his profession, and the collection is very interesting. A gentleman who has seen it, says: "With his museum and his children the General is happy. He dotes upon the latter and is passionately interested in the former. In Chicago, when I visited him, his museum was filled with helmets, bonnets, swords, spears, shields, and the various implements of war used by savage and civilized nations. His library, pictures and statuary also indicate the character of the man. When he sauntered about the museum his twins toddled after him, got tangled among his feet, tugged at the tail of his coat until he would pick them up and rush round the house with them for a regular romp."

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Schenectady, N. Y., Union was sold on Monday. Price $18,000.

The town of Gordonsville, Tex., was totally destroyed by fire on Monday.

Since the outbreak of trichinosis in Saxony over 400 persons have been attacked, and eighteen have died.

Charles Gehring and John Isaacs, letter-carriers in Baltimore, were arrested on Monday for robbing the mails.

Jas. Madison, alias Wilson, wanted in Dallas, Tex., for killing Edward Lively, in July, 1885, was brought in on Monday.

Anarchists exploded an infernal machine at the entrance to a large cafe in Lyons, France, on Monday. No person was injured.

A cyclone passed over Catahoula and Tensas parishes, La., on Monday. Several people were injured and much property damaged.

At Ashland, Ohio, on Monday, George Horn, convicted of the murder of Harvey Williams, was sentenced to be hanged February 8, 1884.

Secretary Teller is in favor of establishing an Indian Industrial School at Sitka, Alaska, and common schools at other points in the country.

Annie C. Cheever, a young woman of Pike County, Pa., was found deadon Monday with a bullet in her brain, and the left breast riddled with five shot.

Dan Murchison and Will Skater of Raymond, Miss., quarreled Sunday night about the manner of shaking hands. Skater plunged a dirk into Murchison's heart.

An explosion of fire damp occurred in the Pennsylvania Coal Company's shaft No. 7, three miles from Pittston, on Monday. Five men were badly burned and one was killed.

On Sunday afternoon the steam tug Ladice exploded a boiler four miles north of Fort Morgan, Mobile Bay. The boat sank immediately with three members of the crew.

S. J. Hudson of Belvedere, Ill, went to Waupun, Wis., in search of his wife, and found her on Monday masquerading in male attire under the name of Frank DuBois. She was living with Gertrude Fuller, to whom she was married last spring, and was earning enough at odd jobs at painting to support them both.

LATEST EDITION.

ON THE TRAIL.

The Post-Dispatch Discovers Mary Churchill at Terre Haute.

She Visits Her Cousin but Again Vanishes—Col. Churchill Gives Up the Search—The Detectives Notified—He Thinks He will See His Daughter Soon.

The POST-DISPATCH having received private information leading to a clew, telegraphed to its special correspondent at Terre Haute, Ind., this morning to see Dr. Van Valzah and make inquiries concerning the whereabouts of Miss Mary Churchill. The following special is our correspondent's reply:

MARY'S COUSIN.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., October 30.—Dr. Robert Van Valzah, a dentist in this city, is a cousin of Mary Churchill, his father and her mother being brother and sister. He has seen her often and knows her well. Late yesterday afternoon, while professionally engaged, a young woman came into his outer office, adjoining the operating room. He stepped out to see who it was. The room was naturally dark and he could only get AN INDISTINCTIVE VIEW OF HER.

She was a young woman, with light hair. He could not see how she was dressed, for she had on a water-proof cloak, though it was not raining at the time. She had a bundle under her arm. He mistook her for a book agent, and when she asked if she could speak to him for a few moments on business, he replied that he was engaged and that he was about to go to his supper. With that she left the office, turning at the door and saying

SHE FELT SORRY FOR THE CHILD,

meaning a child who had just had a tooth pulled and was crying in an adjoining room. It was not until to-day that in thinking over the matter, Dr. Van Valzah came to the conclusion that his visitor of the night before was his cousin, the missing Mary Churchill. He is persuaded that it was from the voice and appearance, both of which

SEEMED STRANGELY FAMILIAR

at the time, that he was not able to identify them in the brief interview and the uncertain light. Nothing has been seen or heard of his visitor to-day and he thinks she may have left town.

The Search Given Up.

Col. Churchill was seen this morning by a POST-DISPATCH reporter and said that there had been no later developments in the case of his missing daughter. He and Mrs. Churchill felt very much consoled to think that Mary was still alive, and, as she herself stated, in good hands. He had requested the detectives not to follow up the slight clew that had been given by the receipt of the letter. He preferred that she be left alone and not hunted down, as she might be induced to go farther away and refuse to communicate again with them. She had made her bed as she chose to set them soon," and he thought it best not to hunt her up.

From parties outside the Churchill family who knew Mary and her handwriting, it was learned that the letter was, to all appearances, in her own hand, but the character of the composition was not at all like her. It was evidently a dictated letter. It has created a great deal of excitement mystery than ever. None of her friends believe that Mary ran away to become a governess or a music teacher, and thus earn her own living. She was too prepossessing and possessed of too much common sense. Besides, if she is not in the city at present she must have had the assistance of some one other than herself to aid her in her escape. She had no money and no clothes with her when she disappeared. It was rumored that she might have gone off with a wealthy admirer in the neighborhood, but this was denied. Col. Churchill says he has since received a letter from him in which he disclaimed all connection with the affair. Besides, he left Sunday morning, and reported learned to-day that, while it was true he left the house in an omnibus that Sunday morning, yet there are one or two gentlemen who say they saw him in the vicinity of Mary's house that same evening.

THE FIRE CHIEF.

Clay Sexton Returns from the Convention of Fire Companies—The Department's Needs.

H. Clay Sexton, Chief of the Fire Department, returned with his wife and daughter from New Orleans this morning, where they have been attending the National Convention of Fire Engineers. He was at the Seventh and Olive street engine house most of the morning and received the congratulations of numerous friends who called to shake hands over his reappointment. The trip seems to have agreed with the Chief, who is in excellent health and spirits. He speaks in the warmest terms of the hospitality of the people of New Orleans. "No people in the world understand the art of entertaining guests better than those New Orleans people. Drives and lunches and receptions until you could not rest. While we chiefs were in convention the ladies of the city entertained our wives and daughters. The visit was one round of pleasure."

"Your reappointment seemed to please your associates of the convention?"

"I should say so. There was genuine enthusiasm over the news. I confess I was very much pleased, but then the matter never worried me much."

"What have you to say of the convention in general?"

"I consider it the most important we have ever held. Not in actual performances, but the results in the future will be good. The good seeds have been sown and will take root."

"The declaration of war upon the salvage corps and fire patrols, by the convention, is causing consternation."

"No war has been declared. All we want, and every chief in the convention was of the same way of thinking, is that the Salvage Corps is to attend to its own business, and leave us alone to attend to ours. Their business is to cover goods, to prevent loss by water, and ours is to put out fires."

"The objection to chemical engines, of course, only refers to the two-horse apparatus?"

"No, to all sizes. These portable extinguishers such as we carry on our ladder trucks, are what is meant. The Salvage Corps has no business with them trying to put out fires. We can get to a fire as quick as they can with our appliances. They had better go to saving goods instead of trying to put out fires."

"But is it not a fact that the Salvage Corps has put out many fires in their incipiency with the extinguishers?"

"To read their reports you would think that they put out fifty a year, but, as I said, we have our own extinguishers and we can get to fires as quick as they can. Up in Chicago there was a fight over this question, and I would not be surprised if they had a lively time there when Sweeny gets back."

"What did you learn while you were in New Orleans?"

"I learned that St. Louis has not enough apparatus. I want about six more engines and about four more trucks, and I am going to get them. Instead of worrying the department and throwing obstacles in its way, if these insurance men would go to work and help us get the three or four hundred thousand dollars we need, I could get the necessary apparatus, and then I would feel perfectly safe."

The Chief during the morning perfected his bond, which was forwarded to the Mayor, paid a short visit to the Merchants' Exchange, and then took a view of the ruins of the McLean laboratory, which he pronounces as having been very ably handled.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

Wedding of Miss Fannie Stern to Mr. J. G. Gordon this Evening.

This evening at 9 o'clock Miss Fannie Stern, sister of Mrs. Edwin Harrison, will be married to Mr. J. Gardiner Gordon of the firm of W. S. Humphreys, commission merchants. The marriage will take place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Harrison, Dr. Fulton performing the ceremony. The house will be handsomely decorated with plants and flowers, and Spiering's orchestra will furnish the music for the occasion. The bridal robe is of heavy Ottoman silk, made with a long train, falling in unbroken folds from the waist, and unfrimmed. The front of the dress is made of alternate puffs and triple pleatings of the silk extending to the waist; the long pointed corsage is made surplice with Elizabeth ruff of the silk, lined with lace; long sleeves. The bridal veil of point d' Alencon, a family heirloom, will be confined to the hair by orange blossoms, a spray of the same flowers garlands the ruff, and terminates in a bouquet du corsage at the side; pearl jewelry will complete the elegant toilette.

The bridesmaids, Misses Nettie Mitchell, Bri Harrison and Susie Humphreys, will wear toilets of white India muslin combined with lace, made demi-traine, with garniture of natural flowers. The groomsmen are, Mr. Walter Douglass, Mr. John Snowden and Mr. Harrison Steadman. The ushers are Messrs. Walter and Arthur Maury, Houston Stephenson and Dave Humphreys; they will be followed by little Miss Louise Harrison and her brother, Master James Harrison, Miss Louise's toilet is of soft white surah silk, made with alternate ruffles of point, with pleatings of the silk; the waist a long loose puff, sniirred at the throat, and finished with a collarette of lines of the valley. A brush of white chrysanthemums at the left shoulder and a cluster of the same flowers confining the wide surah sash at the right side, and holding the bow in place at the back. She will carry a basket of pink roses. Master James Harrison will wear a suit of blue black broadcloth, made continental style with knee breeches, black silk hose, and shoes with rhinestone buckles; frills of valenciennes lace at the throat and in the sleeves. This little couple will precede the bridal party. There will be present only the intimate friends and relatives of the happy pair. To-morrow they will leave for New Orleans, to be absent several weeks. When they return they will occupy apartments at No. 2841 Olive street.

LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Two Bidders—The Post-Dispatch Swears to a Circulation of 27,722 Daily.

At 12 o'clock to-day Circuit Clerk Vogel opened bids for the legal advertising in St. Louis, under the act of March 31, 1883. The only bidders were the Missouri Republican and the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH. The bid of the Republican was brought to the Circuit Clerk's office by Editor Hyde accompanied by Business Manager Leigh O. Knapp. The bid is couched in the following terms:

"ST. LOUIS, October 30, 1883.

"Mr. Chas. F. Vogel, Clerk Circuit Court:

"SIR—In response to your note containing the request of the Hon. Board of Circuit Judges, we submit the following proposals to print in every issue of the Missouri Republican (daily) all advertisements, judicial notices, and orders of courts, required by law to be made in the city of St. Louis for sixteen cents per square of 250 ems, agate measurements, for the first insertion, and 10 cents per square for each subsequent insertion. We are ready to conform to the terms set forth in your communication and to the orders of the Court concerning the same, and to furnish the bond required. The Republican, as we firmly believe and assert, has a much larger circulation than any other paper published west of the Mississippi river, and pays so much greater than the number required by the law quoted that a detailed statement would be superfluous. We pay postage upon papers going to more than 1,500 postoffices in the State of Missouri alone. Respectfully,

"GEORGE KNAPP & CO.

"In addition to the above we have subscribers in all the principal cities, and the Republican goes to nearly every town in the United States.

The bid submitted by the POST-DISPATCH is as follows:

"To the Honorable the Board of Judges of the St. Louis Circuit Court.

"GENTLEMEN—The Dispatch Publishing Company propose to publish in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH all advertisements, judicial notices and orders of publication in conformity with the notice which it has received from the Clerk of the Circuit Court, a copy of which is hereto annexed, for the following prices:

"For the first insertion, 25 cents per square of 250 ems of agate type; and for each subsequent insertion 25 cents for the same square of 250 ems of agate type.

The bona fide average daily circulation of the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH for the last twenty-two publication days was 27,722 copies. Its facilities for printing, and all matters concerning news, and all things that properly appertain to a first-class newspaper, are equal to any paper in St. Louis, and all that can be obtained at this time.

"The proper affidavit and bond are hereto annexed as part hereof.

"Respectfully, J. G. KAPPNER, Secretary."

Following is the affidavit referred to:

"STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
City of St. Louis, }

"Ignatz Kappner, being duly sworn, on his oath states that he is the business manager of the ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH, and that the bona fide average daily circulation of said newspaper for the past twenty-six publication days was twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and twenty-two (27,722) copies. IGNATZ KAPPNER.

"Business Manager.

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of October, 1883. My term expires April 17, 1887. [SEAL] BERN. SURTAIN,

"Notary Public.

The bids were reported to the Circuit Judges this afternoon, and the awards will be made at once.

The price of the Republican's bid, 16 cents per square of 250 ems, agate type, is at the rate of 2 cents a line; at 10 cents per square it is 1¼ cents per line.

The POST-DISPATCH bid was at the rate of 3½ cents per line for each insertion, or nearly double the bid of the Republican.

Under the new contract all legal advertisements will have to be printed in the main body of the newspaper in which they are published. This is in accordance with the following section of the law:

"The page or pages upon which such legal advertising shall appear must be of the usual and uniform size of said newspaper, and be so securely attached to the main body of each and every circulated copy of such newspaper as to constitute a part of every issue of every edition of the same for the day on which such publication is made."

Four Courts Notes.

W. H. McCann, a well-dressed man, was up before Judge Cady this morning for carrying a revolver. His plea was that he traveled in Southwest Missouri.

A 14-week-old infant named John Pfeifer died in the rear of 623 South Fifth street this morning without medical attendance. The Coroner will hold an inquest.

Capt. Heubler reports a fire in his district at 2:30 this morning in an unfinished frame house on Glendale and Lincoln avenues, owned by Mrs. Ellis, which was completely destroyed. Loss, $600. Origin of fire unknown.

The Annunciation Festival.

The ladies of the Annunciation Parish are making the greatest possible efforts to achieve an unprecedented success in the coming fair and festival which takes place on Tuesday and Wednesday, November 6 and 7. There is no more popular pastor in St. Louis than the Rev. Philip F. Brady, who is rector of this parish, and it is confidently expected that every Catholic in the city will be present.

ON THE WING.

H. M. Hoxie goes to Chicago this evening.

J. H. Young and family to Boston via the Bee Line.

Robert Fisk and Miss Wilcox leave for Deming, N. M., to-night.

N. Goll and M. Knight leave for Chicago via the Wabash to-night.

D. H. Birdsame, G. B. Clark and H. B. Stewart leave for Laredo this evening.

D. McArthur and J. Dickson leave for New York to-night via the Wabash.

J. P. Hadley, Prof. Robinson and Mrs. Ed. Marsh leave for Kansas City to-night.

C. A. Thompson, Mrs. Hohn and Mrs. A. F. Johnson leave for San Antonio this evening.

John Darragh and party, W. J. Beers and W. P. Rine are in the Galveston car leaving to-night.

Mrs. Josephs, Sam Hine and J. H. Gray and party leave for Cincinnati via the O. & M. to-night.

Judge Road and G. Madison and family leave for Jacksonville, Fla., this evening via the O. & M.

Mrs. Clinton Brown and C. A. Spalding leave for New York by the Vandalia Line in the morning.

George A. Knight and W. Wilson and party leave for Cincinnati this evening by the Vandalia Line.

G. W. Cale, S. Scraggs and F. T. Sherman and wife leave for Chicago this evening by the Vandalia Line.

H. F. Tielson, J. B. Holman, Max Goldsmith, George W. Fackler and R. W. Edson for Boston via the Bee Line.

W. W. Arnold, Senor Josie M. Arzac Anselmo Alfara, S. H Bickman and Mrs. Winman Handy and family were passengers on the Bee Line to New York.

John Gentles, G. S. Crap, Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Fisk, R. G. Rogers, Frank Claymon, G. F. Stephenson and wife, B. F. Tuttle and W. M. Kelley leave for New York this evening by the Vandalia Line.

Mangled His Legs.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

GREENUP, ILL., October 30.—Otis S. Tharp, a painter of Casey, Ill., while attempting to jump on board an east-bound freight train at 11:30 last night at this point, fell under the trucks and had both of his legs above the knees so seriously mangled that amputation was deemed necessary. He being the only child his parents have the sympathy of the entire community.

VERY LIKE A LIE.

Col. Cabell has Doubts of Crittenden's Veracity.

The Story of the Campaign of 1880—An Inside View of the Gundeker Suits—How the Crittenden Fund was Raised—The Ananias Belt.

Ex-Senator E. C. Cabell was the Crittenden campaign manager for St. Louis, and was really the one who suggested to the present Governor the idea of making the race. What he has to say of his quondam friend will be found at length below. A reporter met the Colonel last night and asked him:

"What do you think of the police imbroglio?"

"I know nothing of the police scandals, of the barter and sale of Notary Public commissions, or of the Governor's complicity with the gamblers and the gambling ring in St. Louis that is not known to hundreds of others. But I am not surprised at the developments recently made. Soon after his inauguration the influence of certain parties, which has brought disgrace on the Governor and discredit on his State, began to manifest itself. I was then a Senator from St. Louis, and well remember the feeling of amazement with which the nomination of Boland and Kinkead was received. I have been assured that no one of the St. Louis delegation in either House advised these appointments, or knew of the Governor's intention to make them. The marvelous and mysterious McChesney was in Jefferson City at the time, and from all I could learn then, or have learned since, he was the only man at the Capital who had the Governor's confidence in this matter or who knew or suspected that Mr. Kinkead would be appointed."

"You knew of his intimacy with McChesney?"

"I heard of the frequent visits of McChesney to the Governor's office. I heard of the interviews of McChesney with Lieut.-Gov. Campbell and Col. Mansur, and the papers he is said to have exhibited to these gentlemen compromising Gov. Crittenden. I felt the gamblers' influence in the Senate as I have felt it here in St. Louis, and I was not surprised at the indecent haste with which Gov. Crittenden pardoned the men convicted under the 'Johnson gambling act.' Nor have I been surprised at any of the scandalous exposures that have recently been made, for I have frequently heard of most of these charges, which seem now pretty well authenticated. nBt my information was in a general character, only specific enough to produce a moral conviction that no one need be surprised at anything they may hear of Gov. Crittenden and the men in his confidence.

"Hasn't the time come to tell why you broke with the Governor?"

"I was his friend, a real friend. But now every thought of Col. Crittenden is distasteful to me, and I do not like to speak of him. I will, however, answer your question. Previous to his canvass for the nomination for Governor my acquaintance with Col. Crittenden was slight. But of all the public men I have known I most loved and admired his uncle, Hon. John J. Crittenden, of Kentucky. I felt, on account of marriage, my near connection, and, believing in blood, I assumed that the nephew was like his honored kinsman. When I saw the telegraphic announcement that Col. Crittenden had failed to receive the nomination for reelection to Congress I immediately wrote to propose to him to become a candidate for the office of Governor, and subsequent and earnest support. He became a candidate, and received the nomination. How earnestly and efficiently I labored to secure his nomination and his election by this community. My support of him was entirely disinterested, for, under the Constitution, I, being a State Senator, was disqualified from accepting any appointment which would give me a salary. To hold an office preferable to any he could confer. I simply expected to be, in the Senate, the confidential friend of the Governor.

"Soon after his election I began to feel disgust, that I was entirely mistaken in the man—that he was 'no more like' his uncle, whom I so much admired, than 'I to Hercules,' and that he was insensible to the obligation of friendship and of his pledges.

THE GUNDEKER SUIT.

"In the famous, frivolous, libelous suit instituted in the name of the notorious Gundeker by the enemies of Col. Crittenden, I permitted myself to be placed in a false position, from which I am painfully conscious I have suffered in the estimation of some to whom I am not personally well known. As I have said, I had pledged myself to do all in my power to insure Col. Crittenden's election. I had secured for him the influential support of Mr. R. D. Lancaster. We organized a party devoted to his interest, without any expectation of outside pecuniary aid. In an interview with Mr. Lancaster, at his house, Col. Crittenden suggested that he thought he could raise a considerable amount of money to aid in his canvass in St. Louis. I, with the names of two gentlemen from whose fortunes, he said, he had made by the provisions of a bill (I think the Kansas Pacific Railroad bill) which he had got through Congress, and who, he thought, would show their appreciation of his services by contributing to his election. The next day, or soon after, Col. Crittenden informed Mr. Lancaster that he had seen his friends and that the money which he had expected was not wanted. Mr. Lancaster's health required him to go to the Hot Springs at this time, and he was requested to receive the disbursement of my money. The whole of it was divided among certain persons in the different wards, known to be friends of Colonel Crittenden and previously selected by the party.

"The so-called Gundeker suit was utterly without merit, simply a sham and an abuse of the process of the court, by which, under the old deposition law, certain parties opposed to my conduct, but, on the contrary, gave me personal assurance of his continued high regard. He seemed, however, to believe that I had been injured in public estimation, and that he should be criticized for the same cause, or for connection with me. He professed to be entirely ignorant that any of the money which happened to pass through my hands had been raised for his benefit, though he himself had virtually furnished it, and expressed pretended disapproval of its use. I have the authority of Gen. D. M. Frost, Lieut.-Gov. R. A. Campbell and U. S. Senator Vest, for saying that he declared that "he knew nothing of the raising of the money." "He regretted that money had been used." "It ought not to have been used." "He was sorry that Col. Cabell had used it," etc. It will be

CHARACTERISTIC OF GOV. CRITTENDEN

to deny this, as he denied to ex-Senator Phelan that he had the interview with Mr. Lancaster, to which I have referred, or that he had ever been in Mr. Lancaster's house. But it will be the simple word of Thomas T. Crittenden against that of Senator Vest, Gov. Campbell, Gen. Frost and ex-Senator Phelan. Gov. Crittenden knows of other matters, purely personal, which filled up the measure of my contempt for him."

"Why didn't you publish this before?" "My answer is that I was not informed of them till after his election, and I did not then choose to obtrude my personal grievances on the public, and did not wish to discredit the Governor of the State. But I have taken pains to let Col. Crittenden know my private opinion of him. I discovered early what manner of man he was, and have had no communication with him since his inauguration. As a Democratic State Senator, I gave his administration a fair support, never permitting my personal feeling to influence my official action. I simply ignored the man. The general public now appreciates him as I do.

"There were others in St. Louis, who, with far less cause than I had, were violent, coarse and public in their denunciation of the Governor. Some of them, chiefly Mr. Ed Butler, proposed the greatest personal indignity to him. They urged that a leather "Ananias belt" be sent to him, inscribed "The Champion Liar of of Missouri." This matter was notorious in St. Louis, and, I am assured, was known to Gov. Crittenden. But instead of the belt presentation, Mr. Butler was taken into favor and confidence, and since then the city has been controlled by the firm of Butler, McChesney & Crittenden.

"Gov. Crittenden is one of those weak and selfish politicians who think it wise to conciliate his enemies rather than gratify his friends. This to him seems to have been a sufficient reason for treachery to me and other friends, who had faithfully served him, and for violation of his pledges. To Judge Henry D. Laughlin, who spoke to him, soon after his election, on behalf of one of these friends, he said he 'would like to gratify him,' but that he must decline, because he 'could not afford to antagonize' one of the city journals, which had opposed his nomination, and was known to be hostile to that friend. He has 'resolved to embark his administration on a smooth sea.'

"However smooth the sea at the moment of embarkation the winds of popular disapproval soon began to rise, followed shortly by storms of discontent, which have continued to rage and increase in fury, till his tossed and torn ship of State has been well nigh wrecked by a hurricane of public indignation."

BUT HE KNOCKED 'EM OUT.

Tom Allen Prosecuted on a Charge of Keeping a Disorderly House.

The Hon. Tom Allen, ex-prize-fighter and bruiser, occupied a prisoner's seat in the Police Court this morning, to answer to the charge of keeping a disorderly house. The Hon. Tom was clad in fine raiment, and wore the placid, easy expression which always marked his face as he stepped into a sixteen foot ring. A swarm of witnesses were sworn in the case. Mr. Cornelius McBride acted as attorney for Mr. Allen, and examined Officer Hamilton, the first witness, after the prosecuting attorney had got through with him. Officer Hamilton said that Tom Allen's saloon was on his beat and that disturbances often occurred there. He told in a charming manner of how men were "tumped" at Tom's, and of the high-toned conversations that preceded these performances, giving with much gusto, the sacred couplings to statements concerning the birth and antecedents of the defendant and complainants. He said on one occasion he could hear this swearing across the street and the slinging in the saloon could be heard two blocks away. Officer Welch testified to about the same thing, saying that the way the waiters would call "two beers" and "six beers" was fierce and barbaric, and calculated to arouse the slumbering passions of peaceably disposed people. Mr. Daly, the proprietor of the Hotel on Seventh street, between Chestnut and Market streets, said that there were persons in Allen's saloon singing every night, and that at the end of a song somebody would strike the table with a hammer, and then a general hurrah went up. Fights occurred there frequently. At one time he saw eight or ten men taken out in the yard and placed under the hydrant to have the blood washed from them. He had heard Mr. Allen use language of the vilest kind. The noise was such that people would call and complain. Testifying on Allen's property, and some alleged that they would not occupy those rooms for fear of being shot. Other witnesses were examined, and long testimony was heard, but not very consequently. But they had only known one disturbance to occur there. Mr. McBride made an oratorical effort in which he characterized Mr. Daly as a chronic prosecutor with a passion for suing people. Judge Cady said that it had not been proved clearly that the house was a disorderly place, and that the singing it should be judged tolerantly. He discharged the Hon. Tom.

THE DAILY SUICIDE.

Arthur V. Lowell Ends His Life With a Dose of Chloral.

Arthur Vincent Lowell, a married man, 36 years of age, who was lately in the employ of the Boatman's Savings Bank as an accountant, but who was discharged on account of drunkenness, committed suicide last night at his home, No. 2513 North Tenth street, by taking chloral. Lowell had been intemperate for several years, and was in the habit of indulging in periodical sprees. During the last five months he had been drinking to excess. His discharge from the Boatman's Bank mortified him greatly and preyed upon his mind in such a manner as to make him desperate. He frequently threatened to kill himself, but he was carefully watched and all means of self-destruction were put out of his reach. About two weeks ago he procured a bottle of chloral from some druggist. He has been accustomed to use it to quiet his nerves. His wife knew he had the bottle, but was unable to secure it to herself. About 11 o'clock last evening the deceased appeared in a fearful state of frenzy. Two men could hardly hold him, and notwithstanding all efforts to restrain him he escaped about 3 o'clock this morning, and returned again shortly after 4. He was very quiet then and went down into the basement, where his wife prepared a cup of coffee for him. He then went up-stairs, and his wife, listening, heard him stir something with a spoon. Becoming alarmed she went into his room and discovered him taking some liquid which he had in a glass. "What are you doing?" she asked. "Are you drinking the chloral?"

"Yes," he replied, "I am taking the whole bottle." He lay down on the bed after drinking. His wife heard him breathe heavily and went for a doctor. Dr. Klem came and applied a stomach pump, without effect, however. Dr. Ennis then arrived, and both physicians applied a battery for about an hour, but it was useless. Lowell died at 6 a. m. The Coroner held an inquest on Lowell's remains this morning and returned a verdict of suicide. Lowell had three children.

GENERAL SCHOFIELD.

He Will Assume Command of the Department of the Missouri To-Morrow.

CHICAGO, October 30.—Major-General John M. Schofield, who succeeds General Sheridan in command of the Division of Missouri, arrived from San Francisco this morning, accompanied by his family and two members of his personal staff, Col. Wm. M. Wherry and Lieut. C. B. Schofield. General Schofield will publish an order assuming formal command to-morrow.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, October 30.—South Atlantic States, fair weather, northerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature. West Gulf, fair weather, variable winds, mostly easterly, slight rise followed by falling barometer, stationary or rising temperature. Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, fair weather, westerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature. Lower Lake region, fair weather preceded by local rains in the extreme portion, westerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature. Upper Lake region, fair weather, brisk westerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature. Upper Mississippi Valley, generally fair weather, winds mostly westerly, stationary or rising barometer and temperature. Missouri Valley, generally fair weather, variable winds, shifting to northwesterly, rising temperature in the southern portion, slight fall in temperature in northern portion, stationary or rising barometer. The Ohio River and its tributaries, and the Mississippi River, south of Cairo, will rise decidedly. Cautionary signals continue at Rochester, Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland; section five, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit; section four, Port Huron, Alpena, Mackinaw City, Grand Haven; section 3, Chicago, Milwaukee; section one, Escanaba, Marquette and Duluth.

Colored Resurrectionists.

RICHMOND, VA., October 30.—Chris. Baker and Wm. Burnett, colored resurrectionists, were arrested to-day for moving the body of a dead pauper through the streets in a box on a wheel barrow. The body was stolen from the Morgue, David Parker, keeper of the Morgue, was also arrested.

$2,200,000

Is the Amount One Liverpool Cotton Broker Failed For.

A Chinese Leader With 14,000 Troops Moves Into Tonquin and Settles Down 130 Miles From the French Headquarters—The Spanish Cabinet Agree on a Diplomatic Note Concerning the Alfonso-Paris Reception—Other Foreign News.

LIVERPOOL, October 30.—A large failure in the cotton trade is reported here. The liabilities are extensive, and many cotton brokers are involved. Other failures are regarded as inevitable. Dealings in futures on the Cotton Exchange is at a standstill, and no business has been transacted since the failure was announced.

LATER.

The cotton house that suspended is that of Morris Ranger. He formally announced to the President of the Liverpool Cotton Association that he was unable to meet his demands that had matured and had suspended payment. The failure has caused much excitement.

RANGER'S LIABILITIES.

LIVERPOOL, October 30.—The liabilities of Morris Ranger are estimated at £400,000 in Liverpool and £40,000 in Havre.

STILL ANOTHER.

LIVERPOOL, October 30.—The suspension of R. H. Forman & Co., cotton brokers, is bulletined at the rooms of the Cotton Brokers' Association.

THE TRANSVAAL DEPUTATION.

LONDON, October 30.—The Transvaal deputation, headed by President Kruger, has arrived at Plymouth.

A LIBERAL MEETING.

LONDON, October 30.—Sir Henry Jones, Attorney-General, addressed a large Liberal demonstration at Dumfries last evening. He denied that there has been any extravagant expenditure under the Liberal administration of the Government. He said that while the last Conservative administration had spent an average of £84,000,000 yearly their predecessors in office, the Liberals, had only disbursed an average of £74,000,000 a year. The meeting passed a vote of confidence in the Government. A resolution was also passed urging the Minister to deal easily in the next session of Parliament with the franchise question.

THE FAIR TRADE LEAGUE.

LONDON, October 30.—At a conference of the Fair Trade League, the imposition of a moderate impost duty upon foreign wheat, in order to encourage trade with the British Colonies, was advocated.

WILL PAY FOR THE SECURITIES.

LONDON, October 30.—The London and River Plate Bank have decided to pay for the securities deposited with them for safe keeping, and which were abstracted by Warden, the defaulting manager.

THE RACES.

LONDON, October 30.—The Brighton autumn handicap was run to-day, and resulted in a dead heat between T. Cannon's (formerly P. Lorillard's) Sachem and Ironclad. Arbalete third. Six starters. In deciding the heat Ironclad defeated Sachem.

The two mile selling Welter plate was won by Passaic (formerly Lorillard's), Gerona second, Topsy third. Two starters. The last betting was 9 to 4 against Passaic, 4 to 7 against Gerona, and 12 to 1 against Topsy. Passaic won easily.

Canada.

OTTAWA, October 30.—Another case of "scab" in sheep having appeared in a lot of sheep in Mortreal for shipment, the Department of Agriculture ordered them slaughtered. This plan will be followed in such cases, as it is necessary to prevent Canada being pestedated by England.

LORNE WRITES A LETTER.

TORONTO, October 30.—A special cablegram to the Globe says: "The Contemporary Review for November contains an article by the Marquis of Lorne, late Governor-General of the Dominion, entitled, "Canadian Home Rule." It was written in compliance with a request to furnish notes suggestive of steps that might be taken to meet the demand for home rule for Ireland, or provide information having a bearing upon the future of Australia. The Marquis discusses the chief features of the federal government of Canada, indicates the individual rights reserved to the different provinces, and dwells specially upon the danger which must arise should one member of the confederation become strong enough to oppose the will of the central government.

France.

PARIS, October 30.—It is stated that the French Government, in view of the warlike attitude of China, will ask the Chamber for a much larger credit for the expenses of the expedition to Tonquin that was originally intended. Even should China only remain on the defensive a larger reinforcement of troops will be required in Tonquin. The Government does not expect a defeat in the Chamber on its Tonquin policy.

SCOUT THE IDEA.

PARIS, October 30.—The Chinese Legation scout the idea that the arrival of French reinforcements in Tonquin will end all resistance to the demands of France.

GRANET WANTS TO KNOW.

PARIS, October 30.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Granet, on the extreme left, interpellated the Government upon its policy in Tonquin, and requested an explanation of the objects sought to be obtained, and of the means of conducting the expedition in that country. Granet pointed out what were apparent contradictions existing in the information furnished by the Government, and said it was contrary to the official declarations of the difficulties that had been raised by China.

Germany.

BERLIN, October 30.—The Prussian Diet meets on the 20th of November, and the German Parliament on the 15th of January. The foundation of the new stone Parliament building will be laid on January 18.

DENIED BY THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, October 30.—The North German Gazette denies the existence of an aggressive alliance and declares that the powers have only united to secure peace in Europe.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, October 30.—A quantity of dynamite was maliciously exploded in the office of the Chief of Police last evening. The building was badly damaged, but not many officials were in it at the time. None of them were injured.

THE EMPEROR SHOCKED.

BERLIN, October 30.—The Emperor is greatly shocked at the disorders at Oldenburg, caused by the unpopularity of General Steinmann, commander. The Emperor has ordered a thorough inquiry.

Ireland.

SLIGO, October 30.—At a meeting of the Conservatives here last evening Col. King Harman, member of Parliament for Dublin, delivered an address, in which he denounced the Government for permitting national meetings throughout Ireland.

Scotland.

GLASGOW, October 30.—The ringleader of the Orange riots at Coalbridge last summer has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment, and another active participant to nine months' imprisonment.

Tonquin.

PARIS, October 30.—The Figaro publishes the report that the Governor of the Chinese province of Yun Nan, with 14,000 troops, has received orders to enter Tonquin and occupy Kaobang, 130 miles north of Hanoi, the French headquarters.

Spain.

MADRID, October 30.—The Cabinet has agreed upon a diplomatic note which will end the controversy arising from the unfavorable reception of King Alfonso in the streets of Paris.

Belgium.

BRUSSELS, October 30.—A new expedition of eight persons, including three officers of the Swedish army, leave Liverpool on November 15, for the Upper Congo country.

Austria.

VIENNA, October 30.—Archduke Rudolph, Prince Imperial of Austria, and wife have gone to visit the Prussian Court.

SUFFERING SMYRNA.

Details of the Earthquake in the Ancient City on Sunday.

NEW YORK, October 30.—A cable telegram from Constantinpole gives the details of the earthquake at Smyra, Asia Minor, on Sunday. The population of this ancient town is 160,000, 80,000 of whom are Greeks, 40,000 Turks, 15,000 Jews, 6,000 Armenians and 15,000 Fransk. For centuries it has been the most important centre of trade in the Levant. Shocks of earthquake have been of frequent recurrence all through Anatolia during the past fifteen days. On Saturday night they became quite severe, and many of the inhabitants had left their homes in search of places of greater safety. On Sunday morning heavy banks of clouds massed themselves over the city, completely obscuring the sky. A very sudden depression of the barometer took place, and the terror of approaching danger communicated itself to the animals and birds. Then the vibrations began to increase in frequency and violence, and before 9 o'clock ten distinct shocks had been felt. The waves extended from northeast to southwest. At 11 o'clock the shocks were most severe, and building after building tottered.

The walls of the city, which were built in the time of the Crusades, toppled over and were completely destroyed, and with them perished many of the ancient glories of the town. The old castle on the summit of Mount Pagus, overlooking the town, the remains of which have been in tolerable preservation since the Thirteenth century, is only a heap of marble fragments and small stones. Within the castle enclosure stood the relics of the old temple in the stadium of which St. Polycarp suffered martyrdom, and these have been utterly destroyed. The ruins of the antique mosque, which also stood within the castle walls, and which is said to have been the primitive church of Smyrna, have fallen. The ancient aqueduct across the valley, for some distance from the town, is entirely destroyed. The palace of Hob Zoamar, the Pasha, is in ruins. Only one of all the mosques and churches in the city is left standing uninjured. The large Roman Catholic Cathedral, which was somewhat damaged two weeks ago, is now so much injured it will require an enormous sum to repair. The British Military Hospital is shaken down, but the few patients under treatment were removed before the great crash came. The office of the French newspaper was only demolished. Along the line of the Smyrna and Adria railway all the stations were demolished and the tracks of the line so twisted and contorted that it is thought new ones will have to be constructed. In the business quarter of the town, which lies near the bay, the destruction was very great. The loss of life in Smyrna does not exceed one hundred and twenty-five owing to the absence of all to be up inspecting and the precautions taken for instant flight by those who remained to the last. The number of injured will not be greater than 250. In the outlying country and in the districts remote from Smyrna the destruction of property and loss of life are very great. All along the western coast of the peninsula the shocks were the same as to change the formation of the land in many places. Some of the deep bays have been almost completely choked up by great land slides. Cos Island, Patmos, Metelin and Lesbos in the Ægean Sea, a few miles off the western coast of Anatolia, were all severely shaken up, and on Tannos and Lesbos the loss of life and property was very great. The marshy tracts at the mouths of the Hoiys and Iris Rivers, disappeared entirely and left a bed of water several miles in extent, through which the town of Moudania is said to indicate the former site of an extensive forest. The southern tableland was rent and sundered, and numerous small salt lakes with which it was dotted have sunk out of sight. Tremendous chasms have been made among the limestone hills at the foot of the Taurus range. One of the peaks of Mount Bulgar Dagh, was shaken off on Sunday afternoon and rolled into the valley, partly destroying the village of Mozetti, and causing the death of eighty or ninety of the Kurd inhabitants. The whole country around the Gulf of Isianderun was badly torn up and many lives lost there. The waters of the Ægean Sea were terribly agitated in sympathy with the earthquake shocks. Following is a summary of the losses of life: At Alahanda, 90; at Kespit, 50; at Akhissar, 40; at Cozagunda, 400; at Sungerli, one-third of the people perished. The towns along the coast of Greece were very severe; at Can au Veria, 80 people were killed and 125 injured; at Mestra, 20 were killed, and a Monemhassia also suffered considerable loss of life.

IS SHE DEAD?

Alice French, a St. Louis Miss, Causes Great Excitement in Wisconsin.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., October 30.—A Portiage, Wis., special to the Wisconsin says: "A strange and painful occurrence is just now causing a great deal of excitement in this city. Last Friday morning, at 5 o'clock,

MISS ALICE FRENCH

of St. Louis died, as is believed, at the residence of her grandfather, Mr. Geo. Hewlit of this city. She had been sick for some time with typhoid malarial fever, and was brought here in the hope that she might be restored to health by change of air, but she was taken with congestive chills and life

SEEMED TO LEAVE HER BODY.

The funeral was appointed for Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the Methodist Church. The body was prepared for burial and placed in the coffin, and at the hour named the church was filled with sympathetic friends. After waiting for some time for the coffin and mourners to arrive from the house, word was brought to the officiating clergyman that

THE BURIAL WOULD NOT TAKE PLACE,

as the friends were not satisfied that the young lady was really dead. The audience dispersed in astonishment, and it soon transpired that the very life-like appearance of

THAT SETTLES IT.

New Will Not Resign—Architect Hill's Successor—Washington News.

WASHINGTON, October 30.—Hon. John C. New, after an extended interview with President Arthur, has reconsidered his determination to resign, and will retain the position of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

NAVY PROMOTIONS.

Commodore A. C. Rhinds was examined to-day and promoted to a Rear Admiral. He will be relieved to-morrow.

Capt. John H. Russell was promoted to the rank of Commodore and ordered to the command of the navy yard at Mare Island, Cal.

F. Y. McNair was promoted to the rank of Captain and ordered to go duty as a Captain at the Mare Island navy yard.

A JURY OBTAINED.

A jury was obtained this afternoon in the suit of Hallett Kilbourne against John G. Thompson, ex-Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives. Mr. Totten opened the case for the plaintiff.

HILL'S SUCCESSOR APPOINTED.

Secretary Folger to-day appointed Mifflin Elmer Bell of DesMoines, Iowa, Supervising Architect of the Treasury, vice J. G. Hill resigned.

WM. AND ALEXANDER V. NEUSEL

of St. Louis have been debarred from practice before the Pension Bureau. It is stated at the department that the former is under indictment for frauds committed upon pensioners.

SHERMAN AND SHERIDAN.

There will be no ceremony attending the transfer of the command of the army from Gen. Sherman to Gen. Sheridan next Thursday morning. Two short orders will be issued, one by Gen. Sherman upon relinquishing the command, and one by Gen. Sheridan upon assuming it. Gen. Sherman will not leave at once for St. Louis, but will remain here probably several days looking after private matters.

STEPPING DOWN AND OUT.

Hon. E. M. Marble, Commissioner of Patents, will take formal leave of his office to-morrow and his successor, Hon. Ben Butterworth, will assume charge on the first of the month.

CARP FOR KENTUCKY.

The United States Fish Commission to-day shipped 15,000 young carp to Kentucky.

INTO A DEATH TRAP.

Two Men Sacrifice Their Lives in an Attempt to Rescue Another.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 30.—Kiefer & Stiefel's tannery, in the upper part of Allegheny City, was the scene of a terrible affair this morning, two men sacrificing their lives in an attempt to save that of a fellow-workman. The firm have been digging a well, to be used as a vat, and this morning Christ Dickson, an employe, went down to measure the depth of the water, when he was overcome by foul air. Ferdinand Schrader and Chas. Schultz, who were working near by, heard his cries, and Schrader descended the bottom to assist him, but no sooner reached the bottom than the fatal choke-damp rendered him insensible. Schultz then followed, but he was also overcome. Ropes were then procured and fastened around the bodies of Solomon Bamberger and Ednehart Remser, who were lowered into the death trap. With difficulty they tied the bodies to ropes and all were hauled up. Dickson, Schrader and Schultz were dead, and Bamberger and Remser were unconscious, but with the aid of restoratives were soon revived and able to go to their homes. Dickson was a single man and the other two were married.

Fire at Homestead, Pa.

PITTSBURG, October 30.—Homestead, Pa., on the line of the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, ten miles from this city, was visited at an early hour this morning by a conflagration which, for a time, threatened the whole town, but which was finally controled after seven stores and dwellings—all frame—were destroyed. The fire started in a house occupied by a family named Mahoney, and spread so rapidly that the occupants barely escaped with their lives and without saving anyof their household effects. Loss, $15,000, on which there is a partial insurance. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as a torch has been applied to the same houses three times before, but without success.

Railroad Men Want Their Money.

EASTON, PA., October 30.—One hundred and thirteen suits have been brought against the Pennsylvania, Slaghtington and New England Railroad Company, for wages due to workmen. Sixty of the suits were entered yesterday, the others some time ago.

Mineral Collection Damaged.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., October 30.—The mineral collection of Amherst College was considerably damaged by careless handling during the progress of the fire. The students, however, speedily extinguished the flames.

ABOUT TOWN.

LETTERS of administration were granted to Frederick Detle on the estate of William Ahlf, valued at $2,500, to-day.

THE Kirkwood Reds B. B. C. will give their grand annual ball at Athenian Hall, Kirkwood, November 1.

G. G. GIBSON, assignee of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Company, to-day instituted a mechanic's lien suit against Joseph E. Truitt, for $139 43.

RUDOLPH A. HANEY to-day brought a suit for divorce against his wife, Maggie Haney, on the grounds of habitual infidelity and drunkenness.

ON the evening of November 1 there will be a rally of old soldiers at Concordia Park Hall, Second Carondelet avenue and Utah street. Addresses in English and German will be made.

THE Leona Social Club is coming to the front rapidly in the southern part of the city. Leo Koch, Eighth and Marion, is secretary.

A CALL signed Inman E. Page, has been made for the school teachers of the State to meet at Jefferson City, December 26th. A permanent organization will be made.

AT a meeting of the directors of the Merchants' Exchange this afternoon resolutions of respect to the memory of Wm. B. Perry were reported by C. C. Green, F. W. Buschman, Ed Beckman, jr., D. B. Kirk and Wm. Kaut, the committee appointed for that purpose.

CHARLES O. BERRY, one of the best known attaches of the Health Department, resigned his position to-day for a more lucrative one with the St. Louis Gas Light Company. He has been with the Health Department for thirteen years.

C. J. RICHARDS, while standing under a telegraph pole on Third near Chestnut street, at noon to-day, was struck on the head by a wrench which fell from a workman's hands, sustaining a very severe wound on the head. His injuries were dressed at the Dispensary.

SPECIAL services are being held this week at the North Presbyterian Church. Rev. A. N. Hollifield will preach there this evening. The pastor, Rev. H. S. Williams, will preach to-morrow evening, and Dr. Reaser will preach on Thursday night. The preparatory lecture will be delivered by the pastor Friday evening.

CITY PERSONALS.

Fred Stobie and Alex. Young of the Merchants' Exchange police force, returned this morning from a pleasant visit to the Chester Penitentiary.

Jack Bell, one of the Merchants' Exchange callers, has returned from a week's hunt. His slaughter of game is said to have been simply wonderful.

H. P. Duclos, Hartford, Conn., superintendent of agencies of the Hartford Life and Annuity Insurance Company, is at the Southern Hotel.

Judge Otto, reporter of the United States Supreme Court, has resigned, and J. Bancroft Davis, one of the judges of the Court of Claims, has been appointed his successor. The place is worth $10,000 a year.

Mr. Frank Green of the Laclede and his lovely bride will arrive this evening from Portsmouth, Ohio. The wedding took place last Thursday at Cincinnati, and the bride and groom have been visiting friends since at Portsmouth.

The employes of the L. M. Rumsey Manufacturing Company this morning presented Mr. Rumsey with a gold-headed cane on the occasion of his 65th birthday. The employes waited upon Mr. Rumsey in a body, when the presentation was made.

City Hall Notes.

Clay Sexton filed his bond with the Mayor to-day.

Both branches of the Municipal Assembly meet to-night.

The Board of Public Improvements this morning formally approved the plans of the Exposition.

Mayor Ewing has been confined to his residence for three days with an affection of the eyes, but was on duty to-day.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued to-day: Charles A. Mehler to Miss Anna Alberswerth, Martin Kampmeyer to Miss Maggie Logan, James Hamilton to Miss Lizzie Setter, August C. Grote to Miss Emma Hartmann, Edward Damschroeder to Miss Emma Grote, John E. La Cour to Miss Mary Barrett, Frank D. Bird to Miss Mary Ritchie, and John B. Klorer to Miss Bertha Albus.

People's Theater.

The revision of "Carrots," adapted from Joaquin Miller's "Silent Man," by M. Lafitte Johnson, is having an excellent reception at the People's. Robert Graham, a very amusing and entertaining comedian, is making a great hit as Tony, a German boy, and the rest of the cast is capably filled. The play is well mounted and is a good border drama.

A TIMELY use of Hop Bitters will keep a whole family in robust health a year. Fact, try it.

WM. A. RUTLEDGE. W. M. HORTON.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS,

No. 707 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo

Levison & Blythe Stationery Co.

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BUDD & WADE,

Financial agents for Eastern capitalists, 412 Olive st. Real estate loans at 6 per cent. and privilege of paying principal before maturity, either in part or whole

MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, October 30, 11 A. M.—Stocks strong and higher in early dealings, and prices rose ¼ to 1¼ per cent. Oregon Transcontinental moved up to 51. Near 11 o'clock the market weakened on rumors. Trunk line complications and early improvement lost.

NEW YORK, October 30, 11:46 P. M.—Threes 100½ bid; 4½s 114¾; 4s 122; Pacific 6s '95 130 bid.

Quotations of Money, Stocks, Bonds, Silver and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, October 30.—Noon—Money about 2@3 per cent on call; prime mercantile paper 6@7. Bar silver 110¾. Foreign exchange steady; actual business done 481@481½ long; 484¼ short. Governments strong. State bonds quiet. Railway bonds firm. Stocks quiet and irregular. Changes slight; business dull.

New York Closing Quotations

Corrected by H. E. Weber & Co., No. 208 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
Central New Jersey	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
Central Pacific	60¾	55¾	54¾	54¾
Chesapeake and Ohio				
1st pref				
2d pref				
Chicago and Alton				
Chicago, St. P., M. & O	36	36	36	36
do pref	97¾	97¾	96¾	96¾
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific				121
Chicago, B. & Q	121¾	121¾	121¾	121
Chicago, M. & St. P	95¾	96¾	97	97
do pref				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O				
Chicago & Northwest	123	123¾	121¾	121¾
do pref				
Clev., Col., Cin. & I				
Col., Chic. & I. C				
Del., Lack. & W	116	116¾	114¾	114¾
Delaware & Hudson				
Denver & Rio Grande	28	27¾	25¾	25¾
Hannibal & St. Joe				
do pref				
Houston & Texas				
Ind., B. & Western				
Illinois Central				
Lake Shore	106¾	106¾	105¾	106
Lake Erie & Western	17¾	17¾	17	17
Louisville & Nashville	48¾	48¾	47¾	48¾
Marietta & Cincinnati				
Memphis & Charleston				
Michigan Central	92¾	92¾	91¾	91¾
Missouri Pacific	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	24¾	24¾	23¾	23¾
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	118¾	118¾	117	117
Erie	28¾	28¾	27¾	27¾
Northern Pacific	28¾	30¼	28¾	28¾
do pref	65¾	66¾	64¾	64¾
Northwestern				
Illinois Central	130¼	130¾	130¼	130¾
Nickel Plate				
Norfolk & Western				
Ohio & Mississippi				
Ohio Central	28¾	29¼	28¾	28¾
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Ontario & Western				
Pacific Mail	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾
Philadelphia & Reading	26	26	26¾	26¾
Peoria, D. & E	21¾	21¾	20	20
St. Louis & San Francisco	15	15	15	15
do pref				
do first pref				
Terre Haute				
Texas & Pacific	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Union Pacific	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	23	23¼	22¾	22¾
do pref	38	38	37¾	37¾
Western Union Te. Co	79¾	79¾	78	78¾

Corrected daily by H. E. Weber & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 208 North Third street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 per cent bonds	M. A. N. & F.	100	100¼
4½ per cent bonds	1891 J. S. D. & M.	114½	114¾
4 per cent bonds	1907 J. A. J. & O.	121½	122

STATE BONDS

Mo. 6's	1886	Jan. & July.	106¼	
Mo. 6's	1887	Jan. & July.	107¾	
Mo. 6's	1888	Jan. & July.	108	
Mo. 6's	1889-90	Jan. & July.	110	
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July.	117	

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	100¾	
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May & Nov.	103	103¼
Mo. Pac. 2d m. 7's	1891	Jan. & July.	112	112½
Mo. Pac. 3d	1903	May & Nov.	116	
No. Mo. 1st m. 7's	1895	Jan. & July.	117	119
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	107¾	
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1896	June & Dec.	107¾	108¾
K. P. 1s Ex. 6's	1899	May & Nov.	108¾	
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	100	
St. L. & M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	111¾	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's sterling, 10-20c	1902	May & Nov.		105
City 6's sterling, 10-20c	1903	Jan. & July.		107
City 5's sterling, 10-20c	1900	June & Dec.	104½	106
City 5's	1900	Jan. & July.	106¾	108
City 6's currency	1886-87	Various	104¾	106
City 6's gold	1893-94	Various	112¾	113¾
City 6's sterling	1898	June & Dec.	115	116
City 6's water	1887	June & Dec.	104¾	105¾
City 6's water	1890	June & Dec.	106	108
City 6's water	1892	April & Oct.	110¾	111¾
City 6's, bridge approach	1892	June & Dec.	112	113
County 7's currency	1883	Feb. & Aug.	102¾	104
County 6's, gold	1895-96	Jan. & July.	113¾	114
County Park	1905	April and Oct.	116	117

*Interest to seller.

LAND WARRANTS.

40-acres	42 to 46	120-acres	135 to 140
80-acres	88 to 90	160-acres	188 to 190
Clearings			$2,806,358
Balances			445,212

COMMERCE.

St. Louis and Chicago.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat lower, closing at $1 00¾@1 00½ b. November; $1 02½@1 02⅝ December; $1 04⅝ January. Corn lower; 43¼ November; 41⅝@41½ year; 44⅝ b. May. Oats lower; 26⅝ b. November; 31¼@31⅝ May. Provisions weak. Hogs stronger.

CHICAGO.

Wheat lower at 93¾ November; 95¼@95⅝ December; 96¼@96⅝ January. Corn irregular; 47 November; 46¼ year; 48¼ May. Oats weaker; 27⅛@28 November; 31¾@⅞ May. Provisions unsettled. Pork $10 30 November; $10 02½@11 05 January. Lard 7.17½ year; 7.32½ January. Short ribs 5.95 November; 5.60 January.

Closing Prices—1 p. m.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—October 92⅞; November 93¾; December 95¾; year —; January 96¾; May 81 03⅝.

Corn—October 46⅞; November 46⅞; December 46¼; year 46⅝; January 46; May 48¼.

Oats—October 27⅞; November 28; December 28¾; year 27¼; May 31¾.

Pork—October $10 25; November $10 27½; December $10 35; year $10 25; January $11 05; February $11 17½.

Lard—October 7.27½; November 7.17½; December 7.20; year 7.17½; January 7.30; February 7.37½.

Short ribs—October 6.50; November —; year —; January 5.60; February 5.70.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—October $1 03; November $1 03 b; December $1 04¾ a.; January $1 06¾; May $1 13½@1 13⅝.

Corn—October 51¼; November 50½; December 50; January 49; May 52.

Oats—October 23½.

Afternoon Board—2 to 3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat lower, closing weak. Corn easer. Oats weak.

Wheat—October $1 00¾ b; November $1 00¾@1 00¾ b.; December $1 02⅝ to $1 02¾@$1 02⅝; January $1 04¼@1 04⅝ to $1 04⅝; February $1 06⅝; May $1 10¼ to $1 10¾.

Corn—October 43 b.; November 43¼ to 43⅜; December 41⅝ b.; year 41⅝ to 41⅝@⅜; January 41¼; May 44⅜ b.

Oats—October 26½ b.; November 26⅝ b.; December 27¼; year 26¾; May 31¼@⅜.

Closing Prices—3 p. m.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210 Chamber of Commerce St. Louis.

Grain.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—October —; November 93¼; December 95¼@95⅝; January 96¼@96⅝; May $1 03⅜.

Corn—October 46⅞ b; November 47; December 46⅝; year 46¼; January 46¼; May 48½.

Oats—October 27⅞ b; November 27⅞@28; December 28⅝; year 27⅛ b; January 28⅝ b; May 31¾@31⅞.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—November $1 08⅞; December $1 10⅞; January $1 13¼; February $1 15⅝.

Corn—November 56¾; December 58; January 57⅝.

Oats—November 34½; December 35⅝; January 37⅛.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—October $1 02 b.; November $1 02⅝; December $1 04; January $1 06⅞; February —; May $1 13 b.

Corn—October 51; November 50 b.; December 49 b.; January 48 b.

CHICAGO CURB.

Wheat—January 96¾; May $1 03¼.

Corn—November 47.

Provisions.

CHICAGO.

Pork—October $10 25; November $10 30; December $10 27½ b.; year $10 25 b.; January $11 02½@11 05; February $11 17½.

Lard—October 7¼; November 7.20; December 7.20 b.; year 7.17½; January 7.32½; February 7.40 b.

Short-ribs—October 6¼; November 5.95; December 5¼ b; year 5.57½ a.; January 5.60; February 5.70 b.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	1,910,099	246,462	110,980	125,713	64,227
Yesterday	1,900,816	179,085	101,697	121,288	62,794
Oct. 31, 1882	536,629	107,826	86,228	27,317	134,424

Withdrawals of Grain from St. Louis Elevators for 24 Hours Ending This Morning.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	10,373	33,719	....	44,097
Corn	4,688	1,810	30,578	36,872
Oats	7,508	925	....	8,433
Rye	....	....	....	....
Barley	3,559	....	....	4,402

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	30,678	31,301	31,301	31,301
Chicago	86,450	201,816	37,277	183,131
Toledo	36,350	2,550	2,550	500
Baltimore	86,946	21,180	....	1,017
Toledo	81,000	16,000	4,000	3,000
New York	75,000	12,410	76,000	76,448

Chicago inspections—299 cars spring wheat: 22 cars winter wheat; 394 cars corn; 222 cars oats; 78 cars rye; 157 cars barley.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for Past 24 Hours.

	Receipts.	Shipments
Flour, brls	5,500	11,231
Wheat, bu	39,679	31,294
Corn, bu	44,000	4,993
Oats, bu	29,840	7,639
Rye, bu	5,500	....
Barley, bu	76,151	3,558
Hay, tons	343	17
Pork, brls	....	84
Lard, lbs	....	82,200
Meats, lbs	222,129	367,258
Lard, lbs	3,785	66,873
Grease	241	284

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 8 cars No. 3 do., 24 cars No. 2 red, 18 cars No. 3 do. 9 cars No. 4 winter. 10 cars rejected do. Total. 61 cars.

Corn—1 car No. 2 white-mixed, 1 car rejected do, 72 cars No. 2 mixed, 22 cars rejected. Total, 106 cars.

Oats—13 cars No. 2, 5 cars rejected. Total, 18 cars.

Rye—14 cars No. 2, 1 car rejected. Total, 15 cars.

Total in, 200 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car No. 3 Mediterranean, 28 cars No. 2 red, 1 car No. 3 do. Total 30 cars.

Oats—1 car rejected.

Total out—31 cars.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION. CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

That story of the 200,000 purchase of wheat by Bingham in New York yesterday, when sifted down, pans out as a 40,000 bu. sale to him.—What with export purchases and war rumors, that are wild exaggerations or mere inventions, the bulls have to waste a great deal of wind in their campaign against the bears. The history of this latest boom in wheat should be headed: "Struck by a Cyclone; or, the Bulldozed Bears and the Barefaced Bulls."—Toledo's stock of wheat is 1,769,648 bu., of corn 136,957 bu. and of oats 86,212 bu.; a decrease of 16,000 bu. in wheat and 2,600 bu in oats, and an increase of 4,700 bu. in corn from October 22.—Baltimore's stock of wheat is 117,000 bu., smaller at 2,258,775 bu.; stock of corn is 96,215 bu.—Chicago's stocks of grain this morning were 7,698,285 bu. wheat, 1,917,627 bu. corn, 248,546 bu. oats, 935,373 bu. rye and 102,580 bu. barley. Compared with last Tuesday this shows an increase of 770,500 bu. in wheat, 1,500 bu. in oats, 112,700 bu. in rye and 22,300 bu. in barley, and a decrease of 150,800 bu. in corn.—All but half a million of the wheat in Chicago is said to be No. 2.—American markets have advance 3c per bushel; the Liverpool market advances ¾c per bushel on the higher American markets, and this advance in Liverpool strengthens American markets. This looks very much like a dog chasing his own tail. Query: At the rate given above, how long will it take the dog to catch his tail?—A Telegram from New York to C. H. Sawyer & Co., reports the suspension of Ranger, of Liverpool. This Ranger was one of the largest cotton operators of England, both as a bull buyer, and a speculator. Two years ago he engineered the "corner" successfully in cotton, but the month he then made he has since lost. This season he has been heavily short, and it is said his short, age was the chief cause for the strength displayed by Liverpool. A well informed party says that reputable traders in Liverpool say the suspension of Ranger since last July, when he was short 400,000 bales, and since then they have refused to receipt his contracts. This probably accounts for the slight changes in the cotton markets to-day. It is expected, that after the longs have bought in the 250,000 bales of cotton that Ranger was short when he failed, the cotton market may suffer from depression and lower prices.—F. A. Kent & Co., of New York, Chicago and St. Louis, is said to be the mainstay of the wheat market just now. The New York branch bought 200,000 January this morning at $1 13⅜, but they were said to be selling quietly in Chicago.—Chicago advices are that leading firms in that market are already making contracts with the elevators to carry cash wheat to next May. This makes it probable that the bulk of the Chicago wheat will be carried through the winter months.—Bradstreet's Wall went to Chicago to get "pointers" on wheat. How well he succeeded is shown by a telegram received from him to-day, telling a certain firm here, what Chicago was telegraphing to this market, and saying that he could learn more in St. Louis than in Chicago.

Speculative trading in grain subsided to-day from the activity that has characterized it, to small sales and dullness. There were no startling influences at work to affect the wheat market, and there was not much change in price. English cables showed up better than for some time past, reporting a better tone and demand, with wheat off coast and to arrive 6d higher. This advance, however, was attributed by most operators on this side to the true cause; i. e. the late advance on this side, and failed to influence American markets to any marked extent. To offset this advance in Liverpool came Mark Lane, reporting wheat weaker and flour hard to sell and in buyers' favor, with foreign wheat lower, especially hard Russian and Indian. Receipts in the market of this country were liberal enough for the season of the year, Chicago inspections alone amounting to over 300 cars. The weather, too, had cleared off fine throughout the West. Owing to a speculative manipulation in New York and Chicago a decline was looked for, especially as shorts were all pretty well evened up. New York opened steady and then went down a fraction, subsequently showing slight fluctuations. Chicago worked irregularly, selling off early, then more than recovering, but later easing off on the Ranger failure that unsettled the feeling. The local market was extremely dull, prices fluctuating within a small range and showing no decided change. Opening rates were ⅛@¼c lower at $1 03⅝ December, $1 05½ January and $1 10¾ May, January selling up to $1 05¾@1 05⅝, but at once weakening off to $1 05, while December sold down to $1 03. Then there was a period of strength, when December went up to $1 03⅝, January to $1 05¾ and May to $1 10⅞, but this firmness was soon lost and prices went off until, on the noon call, December sold at $1 02⅞, January at $1 04⅝@1 05 and May at $1 10¾. After this call there was a further drop in price, that was recovered later, but again weakened, and the close was at the lowest rates of the session and at declines of ⅛@¼c from yesterday's close. Corn was as dull as ever, as no orders to speak of were here, and local speculators were inclined to let this market severely alone. The stronger cables failed to influence the markets on this side, for the clear cool weather and advices of freer shipments from the country were of too depressing a nature. During the early hours year sold ½c lower at 41⅝, but January was better at 41⅞ and May at 44⅝, more because there were a scarcity of sellers than anything else. But on the noon call the tone was much weaker, the decline and extreme weakness in cash No. 2 having an unfavorable effect. Sales were made then at 43⅝ to 43¾@43⅞ for November and 41¼ for year, and sellers offered January ⅛ and May ¼ below the early sales. Subsequently the only sales were of November at 43⅞, and the close was dull and nominal at ⅛@¼ below yesterday's close. Oats weakened off in sympathy with other cereals. The only trades were made after the noon call, and were at ⅛@⅜ declines. Cash grades of wheat sold lower, but continued to sell readily. City millers purchased with more freedom, but the bulk of sales were on orders. Cash corn was largely lower, white-mixed grades losing 2½c, such a pressure was there to sell by holders. Exporters took hold freely of No. 2 mixed at the decline, and millers bought No. 2 white-mixed, the balance going to order buyers. Cash oats were dull with everything else, but were in good feeling and order demand.

WHEAT.

No. 2 red.	Closing Yesterday	Range To-day	Closing To-day
October	1 00¾	1 00½	1 00¼ a
November	99	1 00½@1 00⅞	1 00⅛
December	1 02⅝@¼	1 02⅜@1 02¾	1 02½
Year	1 00⅝	....	1 04⅜ b
January	1 02⅜	1 04⅛@1 05⅜	1 04⅝
February	1 06⅜	1 06⅜@1 07	1 06⅜
May	1 10⅜	1 10⅜@1 10⅞	1 10⅞

No. 2 red cash $1 00¾@1 00¾ regular, $1 01⅝@1 01⅞ E. side; No. 3 red 95¼ in C., 95⅝@95¾ E. side; No. 4 85 regular, 85⅜ in C., 87⅜ in D., 85¼@86 E. side; rejected 79 in E., 79¼ this side; No. 2 Mediterranean $1 02⅜@1 02⅝ this side, $1 03¼ bid E. side; No. 3 do 97½@98¼ in C.; No. 2 Turkey 92 in D.

CORN.

No. 2 mixed	Closing Yesterday.	Range To-day.	Closing To-day
October	43¾	43¾	43¾ a
November	43¾	43⅝@43¾	43¾ a
December	43¾	43¾	43¾ a
Year	41¾	41¾@41¾	41¾ a
January	41¾	41¾	41¾ a
May	44¾	44¾	44¾ a

No. 2 mixed cash 44¼@44¾ regular; No. 2 White mixed 44¾@44 in St. L., 43¾@43¾ in C.; rejected do 41 in C. and St. L., 42 E. side; rejected 39½ in C., 39¾@39¾ in St. L., 39¾ E. side; no grade 37 bid this side.

OATS.

No. 2	Closing Yesterday	Range To-day	Closing To-day
October	27¾	....	28¾ b
November	28¾	28¾	28¾
December	28¾	27¾@28	28
Year	28¾	28¾	28¾
May	31¾	....	31¾ b

No. 2 cash 28¾@28¾ regular, 28⅞ in E., 27 in St. L.; rejected 25½ regular, 26@25¾ in C., 27¾ in E., 25½ in St. L.

Rye was unchanged with small offerings as the stock is about all held off the market. Grade No. 2 sold at 50¼ in St. L. and 50¾ E. side, and rejected at 48 in St. L.

Barley—Steady and demand good. We quote: Prime to choice 55@60; choice 65@70; fancy 75@85.

Flour—Still, very quiet and without any new, features of interest. The demand from all sources continue light, out on the whole satisfactory, and the general market is steady, with a healthy tone with no speculative tendency whatever. Prices are firm and without change, although not quite satisfactory to the selling interest. We quote: the inside price on strong grades and outside lots between grades; extra fancy $5 20@5 45; fancy $4 90@5 05; choice $4 60@4 70; family $4 05@4 15; XXX $3 50@3 65; XX $3 15@3 25; XR $2 80@2 95; family $2 50@2 75; fine $2 20@2 30; patent $3 05@6 40. These prices are for lots on arrivals at depot and levee; favorite brands 25c more and orders lots higher.

Cornmeal—Lower at $2 25@2 30 on order demand; pearl meal grits and hominy $3 50@3 60.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3 50@3 60 delivered.

Millfeed—Quiet and steady; bran 64@65 country point, 65½ E. track; sacked bran 61 at mill, 62 E. track.

Hay was firm for best qualities, as the demand came almost entirely for these, but all lower grades were dull. We quote: Timothy—Prairie $9@10 for prime to strictly prime; $10 50@11 00 for choice to fancy; mixed $8@12 for common to choice; timothy $12@16, top fate for fancy. East side—50c@$1 per ton lower than above rates.

Provisions were quiet, and the general feeling was weak, but in some instances full rates were obtained, owing to small offerings of certain parts of the product, especially bacon. Standard mess pork sold lower at $10 75. Prime steam lard was worth $7. A sale of loose dry salt fully cured ribs was made at 6¾, but most trading was in boxed: shoulders at 4¾, loins at 6¾, c ribs at 6¾, and shorts at 7@7½. Packed bacon longs sold late yesterday at 7¾, but to-day the market was entirely bare of longs, and sales were confined to shoulders at 5¼, c ribs at 7¾, and short 7.85@8. Hams 15@16. Lard 7.67½ for prime and strictly prime in oil barrels. In irregular packages ⅛ less; No. 2 6¾@6¾; grease tallow 6. Breakfast bacon 9¼@10; on orders ⅛ higher. Grease 4¼@4¾ for brown, 6@6¾ for yellow, 6@6½ for white. Beef—Extra mess $7@7 50 per barrel; $7 50@8 50 per half barrel; dried 12@13; selected 15. Fresh smoked tongues $5@5 50 ₱ dozen. Salt—Michigan $1 22½@1 30; top rate this side; ground alum $1 15 per sack—small way 5@10c higher.

Highwines—In good request and firm at $1 14. Sales 203 bu. Linemen active and firm at $1 13. Chicago steady at $1 16. Peoria firm at $1 15.

Bulk Meats—Dull and lower. Refined could have been bought at $3 85 del and hard at $3 75 del, but no sales were reported.

Grass Seeds—In small offering, but firm and in demand. Clover active at 52@5 20, with transfers at $5 05@5 15. Timothy steady, with sales of 2 cars at $1 25; prime worth $1 27. Redtop weak at 40@45.

Flaxseed—Quiet and salable at $1 33.

Hempseed—Dull and nominal at $1 50.

Castor Beans—Quiet, with $1 75 the best bid for pure.

Cotton.

Spots and futures to-day were without any marked change, both exhibiting a rather quiet tone, with light trading and small movement. The reported suspension of Ranger, of Liverpool, who for many years has been the "Boss high Roller" in cotton speculation, on the bear side usually, and who was caught short the 1st of September one half million bales, was looked upon as a sure bull movement by some, while others were inclined to think that it was doubtful if it would have any effect either one way or the other, it having been expected. As yet there has been no material change, spots at Liverpool being in moderate demand and freely supplied at quotations, while New York was dull and New Orleans easy, and the local market quiet and steady, with only light trading, however, the transfers amounting to 330 bales. Futures at Liverpool opened dull and closed very quiet, with nothing doing, but yet unchanged in price. Reports from Manchester were to the effect that yarns and fabrics were dull. New York also opened dull at a decline of 2 to 4 points, advanced a point or two but again fell off, but at the 2:30 p. m. call was still a point above the opening figures except for October, which was a point lower. New Orleans was off 2 to 4 points at the start, and at 1:10 p. m. was but slightly changed.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 7½; ordinary, 8¾; good ordinary 9¼; low middling, 9¾; middling, 10¼; good middling, 10⅝; middling fair, 10⅞. Stained—Nominal.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 5,334 bales, against 3,179 bales last year; since September 1, 1883, 55,004 bales, against 62,011 same time last year; net receipts to-day, 3,193 bales, against 2,035 last year; since September 1, 1883, 36,401 bales, against 49,880 same time last year. Stocks in warehouses and compresses 23,281 bales, against 13,661 same time last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6d; Orleans 6¼d. Sales 10,000 bales. Futures closed dull and unchanged. October and November 5 61-64d; November and December 5 59-64d; December and January 5 58-64d; January and February ——d; February and March 5 61-64d; March and April ——d; April and May 6 1-64d; May and June 6 3-64d; June and July ——.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed steady: October 10.19; November 10.24; December 10.26; January 10.41; February 10.56; March 10.69; April 10.83; May 10.96; June 11.09; July 11.23; August ——. Sales 18,000 bales.

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 00
Three months	2 00
One month (delivered by carrier)	75
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH,
815 and 817 Market Street.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1883.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

OLYMPIC—Robson & Crane—"Our Boarding House."
GRAND—Rice Travestie Co.—"Fun on the Bristol."
POPE'S—Callender's Colored Minstrels.
PEOPLE'S—Adah Richmond and R. E. Graham—"Carrots."
STANDARD—Leavitt's Specialty Company.
EDWARDS' FOURTH ST.-OPERA HOUSE—Variety Olio.
FIFTH ST. DIME MUSEUM—10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

THE *Republican* will be less stupid than it has been. Its dreary columns will be enlivened with the advertisements of sheriff's sales, final settlements, etc.

THE old "Superfluous Lags" of journalism says "it would be superfluous" to mention its circulation. When a paper has no circulation to speak of, it is of course better not to speak of its circulation.

"IN saying what I did about option dealing," says Gov. CRITTENDEN, "I was but following the severe philippic of Dr. BOYD in a sermon preached two weeks ago." In his preaching he follows Dr. BOYD, but in his practice he follows "the gay gambolier."

GOV. CRITTENDEN can say with Dogberry: "I am a wise fellow; and, which is more, an officer; and, which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as any is in Messina; and a fellow that hath had losses." Just how much he "blew in" on margins, however, he is not willing to tell.

WHY do statesmen who visit the Executive Mansion at Jefferson City invariably fail to mention to their friends that they are going and decline to register at Jefferson City hotels? Nobody would suppose that they had any reason to be ashamed of themselves unless they acted as if they had.

A CALL was made at the office of the Clerk of the Criminal Court yesterday by Col. Nat. C. Dryden for the stenographer's record of the Wesley Gibson murder case at Troy. This was one of the books stolen by the POST-DISPATCH, and it was never returned. Mr. Dryden went away empty handed.—[Republican.

The above statement as far as it relates to the POST-DISPATCH, is an unmitigated lie.

GOV. CRITTENDEN confesses, because it has been proved, that he has been an habitual gambler in margins. He says: "I did engage in it like thousands of others," but he claims that he paid his losses like a little man, and that it was very mean in his brokers to tell on him. So it appears that he belongs to the class of those "gamblers, pimps and prostitutes" for whom his organs, the Warrensburg *Journal-Democrat* and the St. Joseph *Gazette*, express such ineffable contempt.

LIKE the deacon who was required to make a few penitential remarks in church with reference to the sale of his fine horse for a very large sum, payable on the election of Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT as President, our Government freely admits that he is sincerely sorry. Having gambled and lost more heavily than he is willing to tell, he now declares the game "demoralizing to individuals and pernicious to society." Had he won another man's money as he expected and tried to do, he would have entertained a more cheerful view of the business.

A MORNING paper states that two citizens who were out on a lark, indulging in fast driving and obscene language, and who refused to obey a command from the police to halt, were pursued and arrested, "after several shots had been fired at them." If there is any law authorizing the police to murder citizens for fast driving or obscene language, or even for the greater crime of running away from a policeman, we should like to see it. If there is no such law, the policemen who took the risk of committing murder should be relegated to private life at once, and the rest of the force should be warned against a repetition of their offence.

RECENT whispers from Kentucky intimate that Gov. CRITTENDEN began his career of deception before he was through toying with the rubber nipple of his nursing bottle. A Blue Grass Little Buttercup, afflicted with remorse, confesses having mixed the children up in an unguarded moment, and the true Governor of Missouri, all ignorant of his rights, is now earning the respect of the community as assistant manager of the saloon of an Ohio River steamboat. The only circumstance which would incline us to listen seriously to this story, is the fact that it is just what Gov. CRITTENDEN would do, if he had the opportunity. It would be equal to money in his pocket any time to deceive and mislead anybody, and if there was a chance for him to change himself at nurse, and thus falsify his whole life, the temptation would have been altogether irresistible.

MASSACHUSETTS respectability writhed and wriggled like a skinned eel when Gov. BUTLER exposed its cruelty to paupers in Tewkesbury Almshouse. But hell hath no fury like that which he is arousing now by tracing the pedigrees of his blue-blooded assailants back to intimate relations with codfish, tanyards and soap factories. One point of contrast between the records of the two candidates is especially annoying to the patricians. While BUTLER was supporting a helpless old widow as long as she lived, for no other reason than the fact she needed help and her name was BUTLER, though her husband was not his kinsman, an uncle of the Republican candidate was sent to the Poor House to be supported by public charity, and died there a few years ago a pauper pensioner, while Mr. ROBINSON was drawing a salary of $3,000 a year as a Massachusetts Congressman. With ammunition like this, old BEN seems to be thrice armed.

OUR CIRCULATION.

In accordance with the law passed at the last session of the legislature the judges of the Circuit Court called on the newspapers of St. Louis to make proposals for legal advertising, the proposals to be handed in to-day. Only two proposals were received, one from the POST-DISPATCH, the other from the *Republican*. The *Republican* declined to give its circulation, which is variously estimated at from 8,000 to 11,000 copies.

The bid of the POST-DISPATCH was accompanied by a sworn statement that the average circulation during the past month was 27,722 copies.

The POST-DISPATCH is the only newspaper in St. Louis which makes a sworn statement of its average daily circulation. It is the only paper which dares to publish the figures. We leave our readers and advertisers to form a correct estimate of what this means.

THE CRIMINAL COURT.

Among the smaller mishaps of the gamblers' ring none has been more striking and complete than the failure of the game attempted with Judge VAN WAGONER by claiming that the ring held his notes given for campaign expenses.

If the Judge had faltered or hesitated, or tried in any way to evade the responsibility which had fallen on him, he would have compromised his reputation and weakened the influence of his court, which is the mainstay and hope of justice in the war against the ring.

He, however, had the courage of innocence. He made a plain, full, honest and truthful statement of the situation. He had accepted in good faith an offer from a professed friend to advance a part of the money needed for campaign expenses, and that was all there was to it. In the language of the Judge, "If any one thinks he can influence the Court, let him try it on."

It was known that Mr. VAN WAGONER was a poor man, but it was equally well known that he was a man of unquestioned probity. Poverty under such conditions is no disgrace, but rather a distinction. The record he has made since his elevation to the bench has justified the confidence of the public in his character, and the people of St. Louis know that the administration of criminal justice is in safe hands.

NEW PARTIES.

"We regard the POST-DISPATCH as the best paper published in the West, and when we say the best, we mean all that term means or implies," says the Harrisonville *Journal*. But notwithstanding this good opinion, the *Journal* can hardly reconcile our "truthful, manly utterances" with our support of the Democratic party when we are so free to condemn its mistakes and expose its rascals.

The simple fact is that we support the Democratic party, not because it is either sinless or infallible, but because with all its faults and the liability of its leaders to blunder or be corrupt, it is the organization which embodies and represents more fully than any other the great tolling and producing masses of the country. It is the political embodiment of a great popular reaction against fanatical restrictions of personal liberty and against the predatory and corrupting methods and centralizing tendencies of monopoly rule. It is at present our only means, our only hope of ridding the country of that rule. We have to take it, "for better or worse," doing our best to make it better, and trusting the great interests behind it to keep it reasonably near the right path. It alone can give us the change which the country needs and demands. Its politicians are, many of them, as supple tools of monopoly and as blind to popular wants as the worst Republicans. But it will have to be long in power before that element can control it.

All the people can do now is to give the Democratic party a trial, and then give it a kick whenever it disappoints their just expectations. They will not go into any new party till they have given the Democracy at least one more trial. When it becomes clear that both the old parties belong to the monopolists, a new one will spring up in a night, like JONAH'S gourd, and soon cover the whole land.

HOW NOT TO DO IT.

Apostle CANNON says the abolition of suffrage would not destroy polygamy in Utah. To take away the privilege of voting for constables, justices of the peace, coroners and members of the Territorial Legislature, would certainly not prevent Mormon jurors from bringing in verdicts of acquittal in cases of polygamy. It is not the voting at the ballot-box, but the voting in the jury room that nullifies United States laws in that Territory.

Without having done anything towards abolishing polygamy, we are talking about abolishing local elections which need have nothing to do with the enactment and enforcement of Federal laws. The way to suppress polygamy is to suppress it, not bend all energies to the suppression of something else.

Congress has ample power to enact special laws defining the crime of polygamy as it is known to be practiced in Utah, and prescribing such rules of evidence and methods of trial beyond the reach of Mormon influence, that no guilty man can escape. The constitutional provisions relating to juries of the vicinage apply only to States. Instead of depriving Utah of her ballot-boxes, Congress should deprive her of United States courts, and attach her to the jurisdiction of United States courts in Colorado or Nevada, where juries would be free from the domination of the Mormon theocracy. That would soon convince the ignorant Mormon masses that the institution is not under the special protection of God.

"We believe that it is a divine institution," says Apostle CANNON, "and that nothing can destroy it." So long as its punishment and suppression are left to Mormon juries, they will continue in this faith. But when they see that the Government which suppressed the far more powerful institution of slavery, entrenched behind fifteen State constitutions, is in dead earnest about suppressing polygamy, they will soon get a new revelation informing them that they misinterpreted former ones and have been laboring under a mistake about God's will in relation to harems.

If we want to eradicate polygamy, this is the way to do it. If we merely aim to turn Utah over to be pillaged by rings of political pirates and carpet-baggers, we will deprive her of all local self-government and put her in the hands of men whose crusade against polygamy will be only a pretense while their real business will be the filling of their own pockets.

WHAT HE SHOULD HAVE SAID.

The letter of the late Governor CRITTENDEN to the aggrieved citizens of St. Louis has been much admired for the dexterity with which he shifts the responsibility of the wicked Police Commissioners on ST. PAUL and FESTUS, and the "Great Judges of England."

There, is however, in English literature a more admirable example of the art of evading a political responsibility. When Mark Twain was exercising with great skill and ability the functions of secretary to a senator, it fell to him to write an answer to the Board of Aldermen of San Francisco. They had written to the Senator asking that the city's right to the water lots upon the city front might be established by act of Congress. The Senator instructed his secretary to write a non-committal letter, an ambiguous letter, a letter that should avoid, as far as possible, all real discussion of the water-lot question.

That was what the Senator wanted; that was what our late Governor wanted. The following is what the Senator's secretary wrote; it is what the Governor's secretary should have written:

WASHINGTON, November 27.

The Honorable Board of Aldermen, etc.

GENTLEMEN—George Washington, the revered Father of his Country, is dead. His long and brilliant career is closed, alas! forever. He was greatly respected in this section of the country, and his untimely decease cast a gloom over the whole community. He died on the 14th day of December, 1799. He passed peacefully away from the scene of his honors and his great achievements, the most lamented hero and the best beloved that ever earth hath yielded unto death. At such a time as this, you speak of Water-lots! What a lot was his!

What is fame! Fame is an accident. Sir Isaac Newton discovered an apple falling to the ground—a trivial discovery truly, and which a million men had made before him—but his parents were influential, and so they tortured that small circumstance into something wonderful, and lo; the simple world took up the shout and, in almost the twinkling of an eye, that man was famous. Treasure these thoughts.

Poesy, sweet poesy, who shall estimate what the world owes to thee!

"Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as snow,
And everywhere that Mary went the lamb was sure to go."

"Jack and Gill went up the hill,
To draw a pail of water;
Jack fell down and broke his crown,
And Gill came tumbling after."

For simplicity, elegance of diction and freedom from immoral tendencies, I regard these two poems in the light of gems. They are suited to all grades of intelligence, to every sphere of life—to the field, to the nursery, to the guild. Especially should no Board of Aldermen be without them.

Venerable fossils! write again. Nothing improves one so much as friendly correspondence. Write again—and if there is anything in this memorial of yours that refers to anything in particular, do not be backward about explaining it. We shall always be happy to hear you chirp.

Very Truly, etc.
MARK TWAIN.

For James W. N**, United States Senator.

THE VIENNA OUTRAGE.

The story which come from Vienna of cruel treatment received by ELIZABETH GAISSREITER from the police, is one well calculated to arouse the indignation of every right minded man. An innocent girl, at the complaint of an old woman who had a friend on the police, was hurried to prison and driven to suicide by the brutal and unmerited harshness to which she was exposed. The Viennese are in a state of feverish excitement over the high-handed outrage, and the Imperial Police will probably become the subject of an inquiry that will be an international scandal. Outside of Austria people reading a story of this sort are apt to impute it with the rest as part of the sin of the House of Hapsburgh. It will point the moral and adorn the tale of Republicans everywhere. We will hear of it again and again, illustrating the evils of despotism and the brutality of its instruments.

HERBERT SPENCER said that Americans had more of the forms and less of the substance of freedom than any other people, and Miss GAISSREITER'S sad story will also show that there is truth in this.

Here in St. Louis, a man without even the shadow of official authority, was able to use the whole energies of our police department to exile a school teacher from the town. A young German named DARLEIDEN had managed to offend a friend of one Dr. LUTZ, and he was arrested, confined, drugged and hurried away to the East thoroughly panic-stricken, with a celerity and dispatch that would have done no discredit to the French police in the reign of Louis XIV. The chief conspirator in this kidnaping case was shortly after made one of the Police Commissioners of St. Louis, and he now holds the office of Vice-President of the Board. Let us see whether the Austrians will honor their public offenders as we did ours before we thank God that we are not as the helots, trembling under the lash of the HAPSBURGHS.

THE CATASTROPHE AT SMYRNA.

The earthquake at Smyrna, following on the heels of the disaster at Ischia and the appalling catastrophe in Java, seems to give us one more warning that humanity may yet be put upon to prove its title to the earth. Cataclysms so serious, where the great titanic forces slumbering in the fiery seas beneath our feet seem to turn in their sleep, recall with pressing force the certainty that our race, with all its achievements, with its civilizations built up in a thousand years, and with its religions that have grown through ten thousand, is floating upon a crust of *debris* over a seething mass of fire. The Apocalypse of Science runs in parallel lines with the revelations of St. John. Let the nice balance of the elements be disturbed and the astronomers of Sirius will observe a new star flaming for a moment near the sun. The world will have been a flash, a blaze of intolerable heat, and the colophon of its history will be a pyrotechnic display for the benefit of Cosmos.

This is a long look ahead, but Casamicciola, Java and Smyrna are facts which have a solemn signification. This sudden display of volcanic energy wrapping itself almost around the globe means more than the loss of life in the Spice Islands or in Asia Minor. It shows a disturbance in the sea beneath us which has been quiet for centuries. The nice adjustment of matter and matter cannot be broken without trouble following. Scientists tell us that every atom of matter in the world represents a compromise and a prison; forces are chained together which are straining at the leash. The leash seems to have weakened gravely in this year of grace, 1883. There seems to be no good reason for believing that the disaster at Smyrna has closed the story. The shocks are said to have followed the mountain chain from Java under the sea to Asia Minor. The line of weakness stretches out into Southern Russia and up the Ural Mountains, and it reaches along the Mediterranean to Gibraltar. Along either of these routes we may hear of new horrors.

At Smyrna on Sunday the ground wavered and shuddered as though storm tossed, and anon it yawned in the abysses. Great hills were shaken down to the plain, caverns were closed and rivers swallowed up. The sky was darkened, and the whole scene one to strike dismay and confusion into the minds of men. The Mahommedan prophecies say that the end of the world will come in November, 1883, and the faithful have been looking eagerly for signs and portents. Sunday's cataclysm thus had its horrors increased a thousand-fold to the superstitious townspeople. That the loss of life was so small is the most singular feature of the affair.

A REAL ORATOR.

THE lecture of Monsignor CAPEL at Mercantile Library Hall last night more than satisfied the high expectations which had been formed of this celebrated dignitary. It was to have been expected that a prelate of the Roman Court and a representative of the old English aristocracy would charm an audience by his easy grace and polished manners and hold them by his learning. But Monsignor CAPEL does more than this. He possesses an eloquence as admirable as it is rare,—the eloquence of dignity, strength and quiet, which achieves its purpose without striving after it. He has not one single stage trick, nor does he resort to any striking or melodramatic effects of voice or gesture. Voice, movement, position and delivery are such as belong naturally to the man, and they assist what he has to say without distracting the mind from it or obscuring it as a gaudy frame obscures a good picture. Such eloquence as he possesses was heard more frequently among the rhetors of Ancient Greece, in stoic porches or academic groves, than among the robustious, periwigpated fellows who set the style for oratory in modern days. We are glad to hear that Monsignor CAPEL is to deliver a course of lectures in Washington, and we trust the average member of Congress will go to hear him and be improved.

Randall, No!
Senator Coke of Texas.

I am opposed to Mr. Randall and, if a member of the House, would use all possible honorable means to defeat him. I would regard his election as a calamity upon the Democratic party. The act would brand as utterly dishonest and insincere all our professions of principle and leave the party a laughing-stock and by-word. It would destroy the only issue we can join with the Republican party and dwarf the Presidential canvas into a scramble over the spoils of office, between the 'ins' and 'outs.' The rascals must go,' would be answered with 'Keep the rascals out,' Crimination and recrimination would follow. The South as usual would be placed on the grid-iron, the bloody shirt raised, and the War fought over, and we know by experience what the end of such a contest would be. Already evidences are plainly visible in many quarters of an intention to force this character of canvas upon us if possible. There is but one way to avoid it, and that is for the Democratic party to discard all sentimentalism, all personalism and favoritism, and stand unflinchingly by its principles, make its issues boldly, and go to the people on them. Mr. Randall's election to the Speakership would mean an issueless Presidential campaign, and that would mean race troubles, unrest, and agitation throughout the South, a miserable personal and sectional warfare between the two great political parties, and disgraceful defeat for the Democratic party.

The West and South.
Senator Coke of Texas.

We have followed Eastern leaders to defeat long enough. The Democratic party of to-day should not continue in the rut of old ante-bellum times. The power was then in the East, but the center of population is already this side of the Alleghenies, and is still moving westward. The politics of the party, if I may use the term, should be Westernized and kept abreast with this movement of political power. The Republican party has outgeneraled us in this regard. That party goes West always for its Presidential nominees. Commencing with Fremont, it has taken successively Lincoln, Grant, Hayes and Garfield from the West. The South and West have identical interests, especially on the tariff and currency questions. Speaking in general terms, both are agricultural and the bulk of their populations rural. Both sections are fleeced alike under the tariff and financial policy of the Republican party. Community of interest would long since have drawn the West and South together in the Democratic fold had not the memories of the war prevented. These are happily being buried. The times are propitious for the cultivation of closer political relations with our natural allies of the West, and no better beginning can be made than the nomination of a sound Western Democrat for the Presidency.

Poor Tom.
From the Kansas City Star.

Governor Crittenden evidently believes in standing by his friends when they are "under fire."

In his reply to the Citizens' Committee he gets off some Peckaniffian twaddle about the people letting their "passions subside," and getting calm reason to take their place, and at the same time with the calmness and serenity of a Turkish pasha, ignores the patent proofs of the flagrant fraud and corruption of his appointees.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

THERE will be an extra session of the Texas Legislature in January.

GOV. PATTISON has refused to speak in the Pennsylvania campaign.

THE Iowa State Register (Rep.) advocates the enactment of a State civil rights bill.

TILDEN and Hendricks clubs are forming in nearly all the leading towns in Illinois.

CONGRESSMAN MILLS of Texas is for Carlisle for Speaker and McDonald for President, but also admires Thurman.

THE fact is commented on that ex-Senator Boutwell is making no speeches in the Massachusetts campaign. His old friend Simmons is—for Butler.

GOV. BUTLER is running a political tannery of his own in Massachusetts, and no expert who ever tried his skill on pauper skins from Tewkesbury can tan a hide as Ben Butler can.

GEN. CASSIUS M. CLAY is out with a letter on the Presidency. He says that "ex-President Tilden having declined the nomination, Hoadly of Ohio, up to every one of my ideas of success, is the man."

SENATOR COKE of Texas says he believes with Reagan that Mr. Tilden's nomination would be a most egregious blunder, and, therefore, he has no fear of such monumental folly from a Democratic Convention. He says: "We have followed Eastern leaders to defeat long enough."

COPIES of the New York Sun, containing a wood-cut likeness of Hon. William S. Holman, reached Aurora, Indiana, a week ago Thursday. On the following day Mr. Holman, in an interview with a newspaper reporter, announced his intention to retire to private life.

THE Philadelphia Press (Rep.) is trying to show that the Prohibition record of Mr. Niles, the Republican candidate for Auditor-General, has nothing to do with his fitness for that office, and yet in the same columns it attacks the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer because of his Greenback record.

THE man finally chosen for the second place of the Democratic ticket in Massachusetts, Mr. J. S. Grinnell, is well spoken of. He was for many years Chief Clerk of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, an active trustee of the Agricultural college at Amherst, and was a creditable member of the State Senate in 1851.

MEN OF NOTE.

"GENERAL" FOSTER, the noted lobbyist of Massachusetts, is dying at Cheshire.

THE Spaniards are practicing on a new boot, so as to be ready to welcome French officials to Madrid.

JOHN DEMIJOHN of Peru, Ind., refused to change his name and thereby lost a wife worth $200,000.

SENATOR JUSTIN S. MORRILL of Vermont will be 73 years of age at the expiration of his term next year.

IF Mr. Irving looks like the newspaper portraits of him, he could make money letting himself out as a "before-taking" sign.

MR. SAMUEL BOWLES of the Springfield Republican, is to marry a daughter of Judge E. Rockwood Hoar of Concord, Mass.

IT is related that a clergyman who, five years ago, was paid $10,000 a year by a Brooklyn church, is now a common drunkard.

MR. GILLIG, manager of the American Exchange at London, says that 130,000 Americans were registered in Europe last season.

JOHN W. MACKEY, the San Francisco millionaire, has gone into mining in Colorado, having bought the Hukill mines near Georgetown.

THE impecunious Teck and his Princess Mary should join a dime museum. Their latest freak is an attempt to get the King of Wurtemburg to support them.

DR. CHARLES MACKAY, the well-known poet, author of the spirit-stirring songs "Cheer, Boys, Cheer" and "There's a Good Time Coming," is very ill and in sad pecuniary need.

PATRICK CORBETT, who a few years ago was known over the country as one of the most brilliant and captivating of stump speakers, is dying of dropsy at St. Joseph's Hospital in Syracuse.

TALMAGE thinks the sermon of the future will be sensational. All that remains for him to do now is to have the scenery and calcium lights. He has a solo cornet player in his orchestra, and is pretty well fixed.

THE Astors of New York are soon to celebrate the centennial of the arrival of the family in this country. Many interesting relics will be shown. The original wheelbarrow in which old John carried rabbit skins to market has unfortunately been lost.

CAREY is in his grave, a group of other informers are drifting about on a Bultean vessel, afraid to land in any part of the world, a detective in the Phœnix Park murder case has just been driven by the persecutions of the Fenians to attempts his own life, and McDermott is afraid to leave his English prison for fear of assassination

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

STOCK gambling among English ladies increases.

THE priests of Brittany have ordered the Breton girls not to sell their hair.

REV. MILN says that Ellen Terry is "a thing of beauty and a joy forever."

LADIES who lead society in Berlin have resolved to buy no more dresses in Paris.

IN London this autumn fashion decrees that ladies' hair shall not be cropped.

THE sudden death of the 317-pound woman, who was married scarcely a month ago, must be a heavy loss to her doting husband.

ELLEN TERRY says it is a shame that she should be obliged to make her "first appearance on American soil with a very red nose."

THE Boston Globe indulges itself in the suspicion that perhaps Mary Anderson snubbed the Prince of Wales to get him "on the string," as the Vassar girls say.

A WOMAN 62 years old, living at Akron, Ohio, challenged Bob Ingersoll to a public discussion of the Bible, and she says if she can't make him sink down into his boots she'll present him with a new milch cow.

IN the King's road at Brighton the bicycles and tricycles are getting fewer, and there is a sensible diminution among the young lady cyclists who used to show a good deal of skill and frill on the Madeira road of an afternoon.

MRS. SOUTHWORTH, the story writer, still lives in Washington, where she was a school teacher thirty-five years ago. Her home, "Prospect Cottage," is embowered in honeysuckles, and occupies a commanding position, overlooking the city.

A HINT from the Judge: "Mrs. McElroy, the President's sister, will again assume charge of the White House, all on account of that house having no mistress. Do you hear that, girls? When he was fishing so earnestly why weren't some of you on hand to be caught?" Perhaps he did not bait his hook with chewing gum or caramels.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 30.—The WORLD says: "Do not the liquor dealers understand that the constitutional prohibition and confiscation craze is spreading all over the country and that the decaying Republican party is eagerly seeking to make political capital by an alliance with it in the absence of all other issues? Will they venture at this time to offend and disgust the independent citizens, who have hitherto been their friends by an unwarrantable and unjust crusade against a deserving Democratic candidate?"

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "While the Civil Service reformers are congratulating themselves upon the benign effects of the rule against the collection of political assessment from Federal office-holders, the Republican party is engaged as assiduously as ever in the work of levying its illegal tax upon the salaries of those unlucky persons. The poor office-holders, who have hitherto been plundered to buy its victories, are now called to pay what next year will show to be its funeral expenses."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "One of the results of Lieut. Garlington's failure to reach Greely will probably be a long and tedious examination of the commanders of the relief expedition and their subordinate officials before a court of inquiry, or before two such courts. It is said that two will be required, one for the Navy Department and another for the War Department. Statements already made by these officers show that some of the facts to be established by the proposed examination cannot be satisfactory to the American people."

THE HERALD.

The Herald says: "If the Democrats who control the next Congress allow themselves to be coaxed or bullied into passing a bill for the equalization of bounties of soldiers who served in the late war they will do their party as much harm as their most rabid enemy can desire. The plea of justice to our veterans will, of course, be offered in palliation, but it is too thin, for no readjustment of bounties can equalize the compensation of soldiers who took part in the war."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The conviction of the eight defendants in the Georgia ku-klux cases is enough in itself to occasion some surprise. This will be increased when it is known that a majority of the jury were whites, the two races standing respectively seven to five. As a rule it has been found impossible to punish such offenses because the white sentiment of the community justified them and rendered verdicts against the accused persons impossible. The success of the prosecution in this case makes it interesting."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CONSTANT READER.—Belfast, Ireland, has a population 174,304. 2. The United States produces more beef than Canada. 3. An immigrant coming to this country a minor becomes a citizen on coming of age.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Where the Readers of the Post-Dispatch Get a Hearing.

[The People's Forum is freely open to our readers and subscribers for all proper purposes. The demands of space compel us to request that all communications be made as brief as possible; all writing intended to go into print should be written on one side only of the paper.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

For the People's Forum, by E. A. Poe, Jr.

Old Chimes Retuned.

Oh! the carnival of mud,
Horrid mud!
Through the streets bespattered crowds tumultuously scud,
How they jump and skip and hop
O'er the crossings, through the mud,
Or incontinently flop,
In a quick, emphatic stop,
With a quil and heavy thud,
While they whine, whine, whine,
In profanatory rhyme,
At the ocean so mysteriously profound,
All around on the ground, ground,
Ground, ground, ground,
At the churning of the semi-liquid ground.

Watch the motion of the belles,
City belles.
What a world of brushing their bedraggled state foretells,
See how daintily they light
On the soft, delusive slab;
How they shriek out their affright,
As the shoe sinks out of sight,
While the bob-tail, or the cab,
With its splash, splash, splash,
And its aggravating dash,
Fires a volley as it passes with its compliment of swells.
Oh! the belles, belles, belles, belles, belles,
Belles, belles, belles,
Oh! the trials of the much-adorned belles.

How the slimy current wells,
As it swells,
Of a mud-accursed town it eloquently tells.
City fathers whom we trusted
With our city's weal or woe,
Horrid ruts with mud o'er-crusted,
Or most generously dusted,
These are all you have to show.
With the whiffing and the sniffing
Of the mud-engendered smells,
Which a rampant, rising appetite so wonderfully quells.
Oh! the smells, smells, smells, smells, smells,
Smells, smells, smells,
Ah! the fragrance of the concentrated smells.

And the people, ah! the people
Who don't dwell in the steepie,
But are forced to plod along,
Through the grimy, slimy street,
Chant a wild and dismal song,
Full of misery and wrong,
As they drag their weary feet—
"Oh! that rascally macadam,
Ah! if we only had him,
How quickly we'd invent for him a hundred thousand hells,
Full of bells, bells, bells, bells,
Bells, bells, bells,
Which should torture him with horrifying knells."

The Public School Library.

ST. LOUIS, October 30, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Had "A Subscriber" made known his wants to the reading room attendant he could have obtained the papers he desired, which had been carefully put away for him instead of being left on the files until torn to shreds. He would also have been informed that the papers are filed according to system which is deemed best for general convenience, and which is readily understood. If he had made his complaint to me either orally or by letter, his grievances would have been promptly redressed, or met by explanations satisfactory to any reasonable man. Rather than trespass on your space, I will simply add that such redress (or rather explanation, for there is no ground for grievance) awaits him whenever he will be kind enough to call on me or send me his address. This I am sure, Mr. Editor, you will advise him would have been the proper course for him to take in the first place. Very respectfully,

H. M. CRUNDEN,
Librarian Public School Library.

What to Read.

ST. LOUIS, October 28, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Having indulged in a large amount of light reading, such as the Seaside and Brookside *Library* novels, I now wish to procure some books that will prove both intelligent and instructive reading. By telling me (through the People's Forum) the titles and names of the authors of some such books you will greatly oblige

AN IGNORANT GIRL.

[Get Arthur Penn's "Home Library," published by the Appletons, New York, and read the books recommended therein.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

The Broadway Chimes.

ST. LOUIS, October 29, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A number of the residents and business men in this, the circuit of the Mound Engine house, Broadway and Mound street, are desirous of having the bell on said engine house ring the alarms for fire as formerly. A petition is now in circulation asking the Mayor to have the same done. If you can consistently give them a lift through your valuable journal, please do so. J. R. S.

Rise Up, Mr. Dowling.

ST. LOUIS, October 29, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you be so kind as to put out your tow-line and see if something can be done towards making J. J. Dowling keep his sidewalk and crossing open on Broadway and O'Fallon street and oblige a great many sufferers who have to either swim through the mud or tear their clothes against his blockade, and oblige a constant reader of your paper. J. S.

"The Two Orphans."

ST. LOUIS, October 30, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please settle a dispute by answering the following through your valuable columns: When were "The Two Orphans" first played in this country, or about how long ago? I say over ten years; B says no. HARRY.

["The Two Orphans" was first produced in America in the winter of 1875-6.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

ST. LOUIS, October 30, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you kindly inform me in the columns of your paper where articles can be found, comparing the Nicaragua Ship Railway of Mr. Eads and the ship-canal of M. De Lesseps, with the merits and disadvantages of both. Respectfully,

A SUBSCRIBER.

[Look through Harper's Magazine for the past two years.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Sweet Are the Uses of Advertisements.

ST. LOUIS, October 30, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Is there any firm in St. Louis dealing in "Rex Magnus," the new preserving compound?

READER.

[Study our advertising columns.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Trouble Ahead.

ST. LOUIS, October 30, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

If that Bouncer of the Grand Opera House will meet me some night on the corner of the Patch I will put the gloves on with him, and don't you forget it. H. F.

Wanted.

Two steam ferry-boats to convey passengers across Olive street at the intersection of Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth streets.

DIAMOND solitaire rings of exquisite beauty at very low prices. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

Out of a Job.
From the Chicago News.

EX-Congressman Murch of Maine has moved down to Bostop and opened a gorgeous saloon, where he hopes to practically elucidate the greenback problem in short order. This will, perhaps, serve as a cue to Weaver of Iowa. Having been broken all up in politics, that bruised and crushed statesman has the alternative of stopping over into Missouri and embarking in the liquor traffic. If Weaver mixed drinks as cleverly as he mixes his politics he would prove, by awful odds, the dandy bar-keeper of the republic.

LACE pins (diamond) of rare and exquisite beauty. We ask all intending to purchase to examine. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

All About a Little Alligator,
From the Lake City Reporter.

A young gentleman leaving Lake City for the exposition thought he would take an alligator egg along to show his friends. Arriving at Louisville, before opening his trunk he heard what he supposed to be a rat in there, kicking up merry thunder. Upon opening the trunk, imagine his surprise in finding a well-developed young 'gator prancing around in fine style. The egg had hatched en route.

SOLITAIRE diamond ear-rings, unparalleled stock of fine pairs, at tempting prices. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

The Official Forenoon.
From the Christian Herald.

Mr. Arthur's next message will probably be the greatest effort of his life, not excepting the eighty-pound bass caught at Block Island. He is still domiciled at the Soldiers' Home, and devotes his forenoons to study, thought and composition, so the correspondents say. To a gentleman of Mr. Arthur's luxurious habits the forenoon is about thirty minutes in length and begins promptly at 11:30.

False Prophets.
From the Chicago News.

El Mahdi, the false prophet, has been overwhelmingly defeated by the Egyptians. When it comes to overthrowing the false prophets the Egyptians are simply peerless. It was only a month ago—ah! how well we remember it—that the Egyptians invaded the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette office and walloped El Murat Halstead an over the dry, burning sands of the Saharail desert.

DIAMOND bracelets and bangles, beautiful new designs, just received by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

A Rose of the American Tropics.
From the Madison Recorder.

A curious looking flower called the "Mexican Rose" has been sent the Recorder by Miss Beasley Blackwell. The flower resembles a cluster of roses, but has no odor at all. The stem and leaf are much like the cotton plant. This flower is from a bush which is ten feet across and full of roses.

Wales Recognized.
From the Detroit Free Press.

Mary Anderson and the Prince of Wales have finally been introduced, and next time Wales meets her on a street car he won't put his finger in his mouth and blush and try to hide his feet.

DIAMOND STUDS—Our new importations offer splendid opportunity for selection; we invite the attention of buyers. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

Unknown Suicide.

At 7 o'clock this morning, while the Venice ferry was crossing over the river from the foot of North Market street to Venice, an unknown man committed suicide by jumping overboard just as the steamer was in the middle of the river. Capt. Frank, who is in command of the ferry, says he thinks that the man was a German, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, dressed in a brown knit jacket, dark pants and black soft hat. He also had on a blue apron, such as lumber-pilers wear.

MR. W. C. STRICKLAND
Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH.

THE RUSSIAN CLINCH.

Fanny Davenport in the Athletic and Acrobatic Role of Fedora.

The Catch-as-Catch-Can Wrestle Between the Princess and Ipanoff—A Death in Two Somersaults—Fanny Losing Flesh—The Story of Sardou's Remarkable Play—The Actress' Gorgeous Wardrobe.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 28.—When I last saw Fanny Davenport previous to her visit to England, I thought she was in training for a fat woman. She and Clara Louise Kellogg seemed to be engazed in something like a dime museum contest in the acquirement of adiposity, with the chances greatly in Clara's favor, although Fanny was keeping a neck behind when the two passed under the 200 pound wire. Everybody said then that Miss Davenport was growing too much flesh for her business, and the stage would soon lose her, at least in some of the parts in which she was a favorite. I was therefore surprised last Wednesday when a quite symmetrical and comparatively thin lady was pointed out in one of the boxes at the Camille matinee given by Mlle. Albine de Mer in Brooklyn, and I was told that it was Fanny Davenport. There is not 150 pounds of her at present writing, and what there is seems hamstered down and exercise-hardened, so that even in her immense sealskin cloak the outline of her figure suggested the absence of every particle of superfluous meat. She is lithe as a fairy, and almost as willowy as Mary Anderson. Her sea voyage shook not a few pounds of fat off her frame, and while in England she had her room filled up with sand bags, forty-pound dumb bells, Indian clubs of like calibre, and a padded wooden horse over which

SHE PRACTICED FLYING LEAPS

every day. Up to the time she began playing Fedora at the Fourteenth-street Theater, October 15th, in the manager's office of which genial Sam. Colville is to be found hard at work early every morning, she continued these exercises at the Clarendon Hotel in this city. The sand-bags are there still, and occasionally she sends a shoulder-hitter or a rib-roaster against the swaying package, just to keep her hands in, you know, and does it with such force and precision as Boston Sullivan himself might be proud of. She walks six miles every morning with her husband, Mr. Ed Price, and on days when there are no matinees gives her business manager, Marc Klaw, late of the Madison Square, a pedestrian brush over the same distance, and is keeping his legs so thin by the practice that his wide breeches fairly hang in folds around the rapidly disappearing limbs. She carefully diets herself also and is determined to keep herself down to acting weight at any cost, even if she has to take vinegar and anti-fat. Since beginning her engagement at the Fourteenth Street she has little need of any other muscle-hardening and flesh-reducing exercise than that which the play affords her. Sardou's drama, which is the greatest theatrical card in the world, just now, is a regular catch-as-catch-can affair almost from beginning to end, and the Russian clinch is apt to become as fashionable a stage sensation as the Abbott kiss or the Lewis fling was sometime ago. At the close of the third act there are

FOUR DISTINCT WRESTLING BOUTS

between Miss Davenport and Mr. R. B. Mantell, who shares the bit of the piece with the actress. Then Fedora, who has all the time been seeking revenge for the murder of her lover, and has allured Ipanoff, by her beauty and graces, only for the purpose of giving him up to the executioner—for he is dogged by Russian detectives who have set him down for a Nihilist—learns the true story of the killing of Vladimir from Ipanoff's lips, and discovering that his death was the result of a protracted intrigue with Ipanoff's wife, allows the torrent of hate to burn into a perfect whirlpool of love for him, and in her effort to save him from the emissaries of the Government, who are waiting for him in the garden, twines her arms about him, with Muliconian strength and for fully ten minutes wrestles vigorously with the tall and agile Russian gentleman. Ipanoff's sense of honor forbids him accepting the hospitality of the lady he has burdened by the impassioned princess and not until four fiercely contended bouts have been fought and the lover is dragged down upon the sofa to an attitude decidedly Frenchy in its suggestiveness is the contest declared in Fedora's favor and the curtain falls upon a racy picture that might appropriately be heightened in its coloring by the orchestra playing "Where was Moses when the light went out?" The death scene is an acrobatic study originated by that remarkable French actress, Sara Bernhardt. There is a realistic Zola-ish brutality in the way Ipanoff pounds the Princess' head against the furniture, when he learns that she has been the Government's agent in bringing him his plenitude of misery, and that through her instrumentality his brother's death and the death of his mother have been accomplished.

SHE TAKES THE POUNDING

cheerfully, pleads piteously in her own behalf, and then, finding that her appeals are in vain, drains a cup of poison. Ipanoff and his friend Desiree stand by and watch her pirouette and flounder before she dies. The closing agonies bring her to the side of a sofa, upon which she falls stiff and cold, and from which she tumbles full length upon the carpets, rolls completely over twice, and with her head to the audience and her feet up stage, is forever motionless. Ipanoff sits on the table, buries his face in his hands, says, "Dead!" the bell rings, the final curtain falls, and the play is over. They tell me it takes the actress all next day to recover her mind after a night's performance of this kind. I don't wonder at it.

"Fedora" is a marvelously strong drama, wonderful in its treatment, perfect in its dialogue, complete in its construction. Its key-note is sounded in the three words spoken by Ipanoff when he is unconsciously expressing his opinion of the Princess. These words are, "Woman, angel, devil." A singular circumstance in regard to it is that it has given new leases of life and public favor to three actresses in as many countries. With it Mme. Bernhardt after her expulsion from the Comedie Francaise wheeled out the disgrace and again brought all Paris to her feet. It revived the drooping prestige of Mrs. Bernard-Beere in London and may be said to have been a god-send to Miss Davenport, of whose previous repertoire the public had pretty nearly tired. She will play nothing but "FEDORA"

the coming season, To my mind she does not reach all the great possibilities of the part. She is not and cannot be a Bernhardt, and only a woman of the French artiste's genius, capable of the widest and fullest range of dramatic expression, can fathom this creation and fully reveal its powers. She does very well, however, and will more than please her former admirers. K. B. Mantell has surprised everybody by his forcible and manly impersonation of Ipanoff. His work in the third act is extraordinary and stirs the audience to intense excitement. In my humble opinion Mr. Ipanoff completely overshadows Davenport's Fedora.

From Manager Klaw, who is doing excellent work for his star, I learn that M. Sardou, when he began this play, three years ago, meant to identify the drama with the American revolution, but somebody having advised him to left his field, he turned to France and sought to connect it with the revolution there. Dumas and Eugene Sue were ahead of him here, so instead of making the motive of his play entirely political, he substituted the vendetta scheme and added the Nihilistic ingredient as a sort of timely salt for a flavor. He has been unjustly charged with theft of ideas, particularly from Adolph Belot's "Drame de la Rue de la Paix, and in answer has written al etter to Miss Davenport in refutation of that charge. This letter is very interesting as showing where the dramatist got his material. He refers to the fact that almost every one of his earlier plays was accused of having a family resemblance to a dramatic predecessor, and says that as Fedora had something—a very little—in common with Belot's play, it was to be expected that some one would cry

"STOP THIEF!"

He argues at length that the two plays have nothing in common except this starting point, and even that, he asserts, was not inspired by Belot's play. "It is by no means to Belot that I owe the first idea of 'Fedora,'" exclaims M. Sardou. "It is to history. I was reading one day about the quarrels of Philip II. and his secretary, Antonio Perez. The adventure is well known. Perez had, by formal order of the King, caused Escovedo to be assassinated. Shortly afterward the King, becoming convinced that the Princess Eboli, his mistress, was too intimate with the very gallant secretary, treacherously prompted the parents of Escovedo to bring Perez to justice as the author of their son's death. Perez, seeing that he was to be sacrificed, fled to Paul. The hatred of the King pursued him there. Agents after agents were dispatched to seize the fugitive, or to surprise and kill him. But Perez was on his guard. All efforts were abortive. It was then that the King conceived a trick, the curious details of which Perez has transmitted to us in his memoirs. They found, he says, a very beautiful lady, amiable, and, above all, a woman in every sense of the word, and offered her 10,000 crowns and six fine Spanish horses on condition that she should go to Pau, there enter into amorous relations with Perez, draw him to her house and there give him up to the bravos of the King, during the fight.' The lady accepted the bargain, went to Pau, conducted the affair very speedily; and behold Perez bewitched, fascinated—he is lost!—when suddenly the lady was seized with a grand passion for her victim, and at the moment when she was to deliver him to the fellows lying in ambush, 'in a sudden burst of emotion,' says Perez, 'she revealed to him

THE WHOLE AFFAIR

of the bargain that had been made, and, better still, wishing to make amends to her own conscience for the intention she had harbored in the beginning, she gave him her own house for an asylum, together with such protestations of love that one need not be a great sorcerer to divine what were the relations which united those two hearts.'

"I saw here," says M. Sardou, in conclusion, "an excellent subject for a play, except for the degradation of the heroine, who, for 10,000 crowns and six horses, was going to hand over a man to the executioner. But if that woman, instead of being a spy were an avenger—the sister, the wife, the betrothed of Escovedo—it would put a different face upon the whole matter. Ready to deliver him up to an ignominious death she establishes his innocence; the rest follows of itself. And that is the whole of 'Fedora.' It is safe to wager now that I shall be accused of having plagiarized history."

MISS DAVENPORT'S DRESSES

are, as usual, a feature of her performance. Moschovitz, the Fifth avenue milliner, has done really as much for her as Sardou, if not more. Her toilets are surpassingly beautiful and fit her like gloves. I knew the lady readers of the POST-DISPATCH would like to hear of them, and so made notes for their especial benefit.

In the first act the panoramic display of toilets begins with a handsome dress with a very long train, the waist of bide satin damasque trimmed with embroidery around the neck, which is cut V shaped. The square train of blue satin damasque has a long foliage design upon its surface, and the side is trimmed with wild Florida moss, through which small blossoms are seen peeping, and edged with a very broad border of pink ostrich tips. At least that is what the young actress by my side called them. To her, you will understand, I am wholly indebted for my temporary familiarity with the details of these gorgeous costumes. The lining of the train is pale rose-colored satin tied on the sides with large streams of colored ribbons, fastened to the front skirt, which is short and made of pink satin trimmed with antique lace, in harmony with the point of the waist. At the bottom of the skirt in front there are two widths of ivory satin with a rich embroidery of velvet and gold designed in roses and large leaves. These two widths are pulled through at a point above the hips and fastened in the back near the waist in such a way that they lose themselves at the top of the blue train.

The second act dress is princess style. It has a very long train and is composed of costly woven material, covered with large tulips of new and peculiar dark shades. Both back and sides are inserted with Fedora pinits of tulip-colored satin, Rabat style. The edges of the plaits are remembered with a material of the same shade, and run from the waist beneath a cossack belt, which fastens in front. The waist is square in front and high at the back, with a small collar, and the front filled with lace. The sleeves are medium length and slightly trimmed; the white gloves reach above the elbows.

The robe de The worn in the third act is

THE CHEF D'OEUVRE

of the wardrobe. The women here are fairly crazy about it. "Oh, my! how lovely!" is the expression on every female's lips from the moment the curtain goes up on the act until it falls on the wrestling match. I believe the costume actually robs this portion of the play, with its intensely powerful scenes of more than nine-tenths its dramatic interest for the feminine portion of the audience. They seem to see and care for nothing but the dress. The train is made of Cantoe crepe, with a lengthy train, and has an underskirt of Siberian azure cut very full and plain around the bottom. The rich draping of the czarian posecause is entirely antique. On the left side of the draping is full, and brought over across the front to the right side, supported by a brown belt which is high in the side and low in front, in Moscovite style. The front of the garment is pulled through in Pulijski style, and can be used as a receptacle for handkerchief, etc., as a sort of pocket. Around the neck and down that odd front is a very costly Russian sable. The bottom of the garment is edged with a twisted chenille rope. Elbow sleeves, trimmed with sable, and around the right arm is a coil in the form of a Russian bracelet, from which several cords are arranged and fastened to the right hip, with a large rosette, from it hanging cords finished with equilettes. The draping under the cord is formed by careless folds, so as to show the brown petticoat, which produces a very graceful effect.

FOR THE LAST ACT

there is a dress of white satin and silver brocade, with white underskirt embroidered with opal beads and pressed plushand velvet leaves all over the satin to suggest a creeping vine. The train is lined with flowers of all kinds a la jardinier, from which tulips are hanging down. Crystal beads mixed with large-sized opals, glittering in all the colors of the morn. Front of embroidery is edged with a very full trimming. Back part of underskirt is made of satin brocade, woven with silver. The dress which is worn over that is made of a very rich silver brocade, the corsage is low in the front, of the mentioned material. A rolling collar, all embroidered with crystal beads; very short cap on the arm with a roll, in harmony with the collar on each shoulder. The train is loose, long and square, of silver brocade, extending from the waist down and set in long folds which continue down to the bottom. White satin with woven plush dots to correspond with the front embroidery.

So much for Davenport's dresses. They are, as you see, astounding revelations of the mysteries of the milliner's art. With them the fair and more fragile Fanny will conquer, even should her acting fail to win. And I do not see how such a thing is possible. Her Fedora is better than anything she has yet done; it is now; the play is an overwhelming surprise in the dramatic line, and although somebody else might make more out of the role of the Princess, still Miss Davenport is sure to succeed in gaining public favor. If Clara Morris could dress and look as well as Miss D., and keep out of hospital long enough, I would like very much to see her tackle this acrobatic and athletic role. Miss Davenport has three weeks more at Colville's Theater. She appears in St. Louis in March.

SAM'L OF POSEN.

MR. JOHN W. O'BRIEN, St. Louis, Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is very satisfactory to consumers."

Optical Enlargement.

Gentlemen who are interested in tony neckwear should visit Famous this week. There will be on sale a line of the best shapes at prices calculated to make your eyes open the size of a dinner-plate. Don't forget the place.

FIFTH AND MORGAN.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Daniel Lyons was jailed last evening on a charge of being drunk and disorderly, and was let off on payment of costs this morning.

John R. Meintz, a very old resident of East St. Louis, died very suddenly at his residence on the Island at 12 o'clock this morning from heart disease. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon to Bellefontaine Cemetery, St. Louis.

The Grand Jury returned indictments against John B. Carroll, E. R. Franke and Patrick Halloran for having in their possession three barrels of whisky belonging to the Ohio and Mississippi Road. The parties furnished bond to answer the charge in the Circuit Court and were released.

Officer Forhane arrested a lad giving the name of James Rielly this morning for having in his possession a quantity of cigars supposed to be stolen. Rielly and a companion arrived at the Relay Depot on a morning train with the cigars, but his companion escaped before his arrest could be effected.

Several young men of the hoodlum element congregated in front of John Evans' house in the First Ward last night and amused themselves by firing revolvers at the house, several bullets embedding themselves in the door. Mr. Evans had just returned from Cleveland, where he had been on business for the Little Rolling Mill, and thinks the gang were the late strikers at the mill, who accuse him of attempting to have the vacancies caused by the strike filled with Cleveland men. The police are investigating the affair and are confident of capturing the parties.

BURNETT'S Kalliston allays all irritation of the skin, removing tan, sunburn, and redness of the skin.

Boys' Underwear.

Most merchants in laying in winter outfittings forget the small boy; not so with Famous, who now show the largest line of boys' underwear in St. Louis, which includes every grade from cotton, at 30c per suit, to the best merino and all-wool at $3 50. Full line of boys' long stockings and half hose in all desirable grades. We are headquarters on underwear.

FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

IF you have never had tweaty words for ten cents in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, do so at once.

NEW CUSTOM HOUSE.

The Post Office Not to be Transferred Yet.

Further Progress on the Building—The Elevators—The Heating Apparatus—Telegraph Items.

The scaffolding in the Custom House has been removed from the several stories and is now lying on the Locust street sidewalk waiting for an order of sale.

The floors are being cleaned to-day by colored men, with a view of putting up the furniture fixings.

The Post Office screens on the first floor are all completed, with the exception of setting the glass and polishing the mahogany, which will be completed in a few days.

The contract for the glass for the Post Office screens, having fell through, that part of the work has been somewhat delayed.

The surplus granite blocks are being to-day stored away in the area, by order of the Government. There are ten pieces left in all, measuring from 2 feet 9 inches to 1 foot 6 inches by 6 feet. These granite blocks will remain in the area until the government order their removal. The painting of the outside of the building is finished, with the exception of one coat on the railing on the coping walls.

There has been a change made on the fourth floor under the dome. The floor was formerly divided into two immense rooms, extending from the Olive street side to the open court of the building, lighted by the windows opening into the court. The floor is now divided into four parts, making two jury rooms, and also two private rooms for the judges, connecting with the judges' toilet apartments. The change also includes the continuation of the corridor all around the building.

The plumbing work is rapidly approaching completion, and is considered, in view of its intricacy of workmanship and extent, the finest specimen of plumbing work in the city.

The gas-fitting was completed this morning, and the heating apparatus, which includes upwards of thirty-five miles of wrought-iron piping, varying in size from sixteen inches inside diameter to one inch, is running successfully. The building is heated to-day. At a rough estimate it will take about ten tons of coal a day to run the twelve boilers, of which eight are for the hot water-heating apparatus and four of them for steam. The apparatus is more than equal to the demands of the building.

There will be five elevators in all in the building; one passenger elevator at the Ninth street entrance and one at the Eighth street entrance, adjoining the stairway. The freight elevator on the Locust street side is running in fine order. The two Post Office elevators have just been completed, and were tested to-day by Mr. James, general foreman of construction, and found to be more than equal to the requirements of the specifications. The machinery and cables for the passenger elevators are all in place, waiting for the arrival of the cabs from Chicago. The cabs are expected to-day.

There have been three four inch fire clay tubes run under the street from the area of the building to the opposite sidewalk on Locust street, for telephone wires. Underground the Western Union Telegraph wires required by the Signal Service office will be connected through one of the underground tubes at the mail entrance on Locust street to the office in the dome. The work will be done without expense to the Government.

The rumor that the Post Office apparatus would be transferred from the old building to the Custom House this week is without foundation so far as can be ascertained at the present time the transfer will not take place until January. The local Post Office men say that it would be very inconvenient for them to move from their old quarters until that time, or at least until after the Christmas holidays.

Excessive Elegance.

Ladies who are in the habit of having shoes made to order—we mean the finest custom work, for which shoemakers charge $10 and $12—are invited to examine our line of French kid button boots at $5 50, $6, $6 50, $7, $7 50. They are the best fitting and finest goods in America. All sizes, widths and shapes of last desired.

FAMOUS' LADIES' SHOE DEPARTMENT, Fifth and Morgan.

HARLESS' COUGH CARAMELS never fail to give speedy relief in coughs, colds, etc.

THE THEATERS.

The Callender party arrived last evening in good time to get ready for their performance at Pope's, although one or two of the diminutive Africans yielded to the fatigue consequent upon travel during the "first part," and slumbered away in blissful forgetfulness of footlights or audience. The work done by the troupe shows experienced direction, and very few shows have been more enjoyable. From long observation I have come to the conclusion that there is nothing so mournful as a darkey trying to be funny; his efforts are generally based upon a bad imitation of something he has seen in "burnt cork," and most of the white comedians burlesque the poor African to an extent which is absolutely unnatural. This has been the trouble with "genuine colored troupes" in the past and has been the very thing Mr. Welch has avoided in his present organization of the Callenders. Their entertainment represents the negro in scenes as he really is and not as an ape of a white man, a species of ridicule he is submitted to. Thus, although there are a few ancient gags in the first part, the attempts at brisk and breezy dialogue and repartee are not too frequent or long sustained. The song features are especially good and made further interesting by the introduction of waltz and medley songs, and the plantation pedestrians by the end men are essentially of a "plantation" nature, and the ballads of Wallace King are very beautifully rendered. He was suffering from hoarseness last evening, but still rendered his numbers with good effect. Louis Brown has a very rich organ, and R. G. Little sang "The Old Church Bell" with much feeling. A sextet closed the first part with "The Whip-poor-will," which was splendidly sung. Later in the evening the Hyer sisters appeared in a quartette with Messrs. King and Brown, the two numbers they rendered being sung with much sweetness, and evidencing fine cultivation.

The general features are very attractive. Under this head are the plantation, the photographic Zouave drill, Bayrum's curens, and all of these give evidence of conscientious work and training. Billy Green, one of the end men, is a wonderful mimic—one of the best ever seen here—while Charley Hunn, who succeeds the cavernous-mouthed Kersands on the tambo end, is physically as grotesque, and possesses a greater fund of real wit and mirth. The little darkies, Bob Mack's fighting cock, and Carter as the Ghostbuster, were also items of a very lengthy bill. The auditorium was well filled down stairs, and was crowded in the upper portions, the colored element turning out in full force.

* * *

At the Olympic last evening Robson and Crane had another splendid audience and loosened thousands of buttons during the representation of "Our Boarding House." It is equal to the best of their former representations, and Gillypod and Elevator will be esteemed members of their comedy group in the future. No matinee will be given to-morrow.

* * *

Leavitt's specialty Company, at the Standard, are certainly providing one of the best variety entertainments given in St. Louis for a long time, in fact the public appreciates by crowding the house at each performance. Hearsay advertising is excellent and everybody went away so well pleased on Sunday night that their acquaintances follow in their footsteps.

* * *

"Fun on the Bristol," at the Grand Opera House, was only fairly patronized last evening; and the truth is that the public would like to see more new business introduced. What is new is good, and is worth seeing, but there is not enough of it, and some spicing up in this respect would not damage the extravaganza.

The variety performance at Edwards' Theatre Comique is an excellent one, and "well assorted." The attendance is good, and the audiences emphatic in applause.

* * *

The consolidation of the Dime Museum interests has proven a great success, and Gregory's institution on Fifth street is thronged day and night with numbers of interested and astonished spectators. For a dime the best value is returned than at any show in town. CHERUB.

Stage Splinters.

The Hyer Sister whose marriage to George Freeman, the banjo leader of Callender's created such a sensation in San Francisco last summer, taking place on the stage before an audience, is Louise, the contralto, and the tallest of the two.

Charley Hunn, who succeeds Kersands in the Callender Company, is a San Francisco darkey and a better comedian than the colored men generally are.

Mr. C. A. Davis, formerly of "The Professor" and Forepaugh's circus is in town in advance of "The Rajah," the Madison Square success which comes to Pope's next week.

EXCEEDINGLY POPULAR—Harless' Cough Caramels, 25 and 50 cent packages at drug store, southwest corner Fifth and Market, and all druggists.

CITY NEWS.

The west wing of the Four Courts was in darkness last night. A defective meter was the cause.

The Mexican visitors from Chihuahua will arrive here on November 5 over the Missouri Pacific.

The membership list of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association is nearly complete. It is limited to 200.

The body of the unknown man who fell off the New Orleans wharf-boat yesterday morning has not yet been found.

James Holman fractured his right arm above the wrist while playing in St. Joseph's school-yard yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Wm. Babbitt, in advance of Carrie Swain, is in town. The popular soubrette appears next week as Cad at the Standard.

Many of the judges of election when called upon yesterday to sign the pay roll could only make their mark. This is extremely edifying to the voter.

Thatcher, Primrose and West are playing a big engagement in New York. This lasts three weeks, and they will succeed John McCullough at the Olympic.

George Jackson was arrested yesterday for driving a badly galled horse. Special Agent Holmes of the Humane Society swore out a warrant against him.

Mr. Thos. Noxon, of Noxon, Albert & Toomey, arrived from Cleveland this morning, where he has been fitting up the Park Theater. He will leave for Seualia to-night on a similar mission.

Messrs. C. C. Green, F. W. Buschmaa, Ed. Beckman, jr., D. B. Kirk and Wm. Kaut have been appointed a committee by President Ewald to draft resolutions on the death of Wm. G. Perry.

Emma Brown got religious yesterday at the Mount Zion African Church. She got it so bad that they were compelled to give her a ride to the City Dispensary. It is a warning to the breth ren.

James Arnold had his eye knocked out in Clabber alley last night by Mary Wise. Alice Allen, a resident of this same quiet locality, was stabbed in the right leg by Gus Scott. Gus was jealous.

The horse and wagon belonging to the Sisters of Mercy was stolen yesterday at Seventh and Biddle streets. A reward is offered for their return to St. John's Hospital, Twenty-second and Morgan streets.

Last night about 10 o'clock, J. S. Brown, a trackman on the Missouri Pacific road, was caught between two freight cars near the entrance to the tunnel and received severe internal injuries. He was taken to the Dispensary.

James Todd, 6 years old, was kicked off a bobtail car of the Tenth street line and had his left arm broken. He was stealing a ride. Either the driver or some passenger was the brute that showed his assinine propensities.

Wm. Stratford and Robert Hunter, two tonsorial artists with a slight difference of opinion, got into an altercation at Twenty-second and Clark avenue, last night. Stratford struck Hunter and knocked him into the show window of the dining store. Then both of them went to the Four Courts with Officer Stewart.

Dr. Edward Montgomery died at his residence, No. 1316 Olive street, yesterday morning, of abscess of the stomach. Dr. Montgomery was one of the oldest members of the medical profession in the city. The funeral will take place to-morrow at 2:30 o'clock from the Central Presbyterian Church, corner of Garrison and Lucas avenues.

Mr. Philip Kingsland of the Kingsland & Ferguson Manufacturing Company died yesterday at his residence after a short illness. He was an old and highly esteemed resident of the city, and his sudden demise will be keenly felt by his many warm friends. His funeral will take place from his residence, 3502 Lindell avenue, to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

An aggrieved body of St. Louis architects met at the Polytechnic Building last night and passed the following resolution: "We, the St. Louis Institute of Architects, consider the decision of the Exposition and Music Hall Association as unsatisfiful, according to their printed circular, unwarrantable according to architects' rules and practice, and unworthy their characters as gentlemen and business men of this community, etc."

Funeral from his late residence, 3502 Lindell avenue, at 2 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, 31st, to Bellefontaine Cemetery.

MONTGOMERY—Monday, 29th inst., at 8:30 a. m., at his residence, Dr. EDWARD MONTGOMERY, aged 67 years.

Funeral services on Wednesday, the 31st inst., at 1:30 p. m., at Central Presbyterian Church, corner Garrison and Lucas avenues, thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery.

PILZ—WILHELM PILZ, after protracted illness, at 7 o'clock a. m., October 27, at his residence, No. 8422 Manchester avenue, Carondelet, aged 56 years.

The funeral takes place Wednesday, at 11 o'clock a. m., from his residence.

MEANS—Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock, of diphtheria, MAUDE CARTER MEANS, of Pittsburg, Pa.

LUNDBORG'S PERFUMES.
EDENIA AND MARECHAL NIEL ROSE.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

John Larrieu with a detective watched the Post Office in Boston five days before Burd run into the trap.

Dr. Starkloff will have his office on Broadway connected by telephone with his residence on Michigan avenue.

Mrs. Jodd has returned from her visit to Hot Springs, greatly improved in health, and as a natural consequence well pleased with the place.

The accident some two years ago, during a fearful storm, to a passenger train on the Iron Mountain Railroad, in which Engineer McPherson and Fireman Stohr lost their lives, is still fresh in the minds of the community here, as they were residents of Carondelet. Mrs. Stohr thinking, it is said, that the company would compromise the matter, did not bring suit until it was too late for her to do so, on account of the statute of limitations. Suit was, however, brought in the name of Bertha Stohr, a child 3 years of age, and a verdict of $4,000 has been rendered, at which Patrick Leahey, Esq., the attorney, as well as relatives, is naturally well pleased. The McPherson case has not yet been tried.

"I feel that we are going to have a glorious revival; an outpouring of the Holy Spirit," were the words of Rev. Dr. Hughey at the close of the meeting last night. If "the prayers of the righteous availeth much," and a large number of brothers and sisters, members of his church, are of that character, his feelings will no doubt be realized, as after the sermon last night there was not only a general relating of "experiences" but what might be designated a "love feast" in the way of prayers. Several went forward to the mourners' bench, and two professed conversion. Tonight Capt. Kitwood of the city Bethel Mission and Mrs. Skinner, the well known city missionary, will be present.

EXCURSION RATES TO FLORIDA.

The Ohio and Mississippi Railway has now on sale round trip tickets to Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston, Thomasville and principal points South at reduced excursion rates. These tickets will be good going fifteen days after date of sale, and may be used for return at any time before June 1, 1884.

Inquire of O. & M. agents for rates and information as to routes, etc.

EVERYBODY reads the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH. Twenty words cost only ten cents.

TWO boys, aged respectively 7 and 8 years, came from New York this morning on Bee Line train ticketed through to Larned, Kan., and were provisioned for entire trip. Being bright and observing they were able to give good description of their route and had no trouble in making their wants known, having tags fastened to their button holes and being consigned care E. B. Smith.

INDIGESTION, weak stomach, irregularities of bowels, cannot exist when Hop Bitters are used.

Kang-Gi-Shanki, better known as Crow Dog, sentenced to be hanged in Deadwood, D. T., in January, for the murder of the celebrated Sioux Chief Spotted Tail, was granted permission to leave the jail unattended on Monday and made his escape.

Three masked men, heavily armed, forced their way into the house of William Fox, six miles west of Indianapolis, on Sunday evening, while the family were at supper and robbed every one of them.

EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS
To KNOW that
SCARRITT FURNITURE CO.
HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK! The BEST STYLES! At LOWEST PRICES! And That it Will PAY YOU to See Us Before Buying. SEE THEM
609, 611, 613 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

THE GREAT CONVERTER.

Monsignor Capel Departs for Chicago—His Lecture Last Evening.

Monsignor Capel is gone. He left this morning at 7:40, accompanied by his special agent, over the Chicago and Alton road. He will lecture in Chicago to-night, his subject being the same as that given at Mercantile Library Hall last night, viz., "Catholicity and Art." The distinguished lecturer was introduced last night by Mr. Peter L. Fay, who descanted at some length upon Monsignor Capel's subject and finally said that although the reverend gentleman never meddled in politics, yet he was a Democrat in belief, and had some strong opinions on the subject of "Irish Landlordism." Mgr. Capel then stepped forward and said he suspected Mr. Foy of having recently paid a visit to the blarney stone. He came there to lecture, not to be lectured to; he wished to be spared from his friends. The name of this city had suggested to him the subject of his lecture; it was a name fraught with Catholic associations. It carried him back to the time of the troubadours, to the time of the crusades, and to the time when the Byzantine school of art died and gave birth to the new Christian school. The name of St. Louis was associated with the name of the greatest Christian poet. He then dwelt at some length on the reiation the Church had borne to art from the earliest times. He described the rude pictures of the catcombs and the paintings in the early Christian enurches, and showed how the church had always fostered and nourished the art of painting, and the most famous painters and sculptors the world has known. In concluding he complimented the Americans upon the artistic character of their household furniture, their facilities for travelling and their appreciation of art. He thought America ahead of England in this respect. She had much to be proud of as regarded her architecture, her artists, her singers and her sculptors. He advised a careful study of the old masters, and said the time the church had done for art she would continue to do. She was "Semper eadem." Every seat in the hall was occupied and the audience was highly pleased with the masterly manner in which he handled his subject.

REMINGTON TYPE-WRITER
Warranted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Circulars and prices for invoicing made to order. Writes three times faster than the best penman. The only perfect writing machine. Send for circulars. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 309 N. Third st., St. Louis.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

DEMING—After a short illness, HARRY LEE, only child of Frank L. and Pauline E. Deming, aged 3 years and 4 months.

Funeral will take place Wednesday, October 31, at 10:30 a. m., from family residence, 2321 Clark avenue.

Chicago, Ill., Duluth, Minn., and Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

HIEMENZ—On the 28th of October, after a long and painful illness, HENRY HIEMENZ, aged 53 years 4 months and 24 days.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 404 Clark avenue, Wednesday, at 1 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KINGSLAND—Philip Kingsland, on October 29, at 12:30 p. m., in his 75th year.

Funeral from his late residence, 3502 Lindell avenue, at 2 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, 31st, to Bellefontaine Cemetery.

MONTGOMERY—Monday, 29th inst., at 8:30 a. m., at his residence, Dr. EDWARD MONTGOMERY, aged 67 years.

Funeral services on Wednesday, the 31st inst., at 1:30 p. m., at Central Presbyterian Church, corner Garrison and Lucas avenues, thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery.

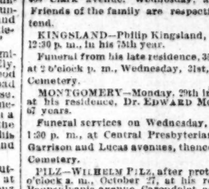
PILZ—WILHELM PILZ, after protracted illness, at 7 o'clock a. m., October 27, at his residence, No. 8422 Manchester avenue, Carondelet, aged 56 years.

The funeral takes place Wednesday, at 11 o'clock a. m., from his residence.

MEANS—Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock, of diphtheria, MAUDE CARTER MEANS, of Pittsburg, Pa.

Our $2 Men's Shoe,
THREE DIFFERENT STYLES,
BUTTON, LACE AND CONGRESS!
You can save $1 on every pair of these Shoes at the
BOSTON SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.,
18 E. Cor. 8th and Franklin Av.

WEDDING CAKES
made to order and Parties Supplied at Lowest Rates by
Vienna Model Bakery,
Eighth and Walnut and 2315 Franklin Avenue.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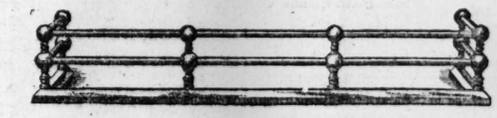
PRICES, $3 to $18.
MERMOD & JACCARD Jewelry Company,
FOURTH AND LOCUST STS.
Immense Stock! Low Prices!

THOS. MAXWELL. JOS. MAXWELL
MAXWELL BROS
Horse and Mule Market.
Horses and mules bought and sold on commission. All kinds of Stock always on hand.
1416 to 1428 Broadway, St. Louis.
Liberal Cash advances made on consignments.

WILLIAM RUTTER,
UNDERTAKER of FUNERALS,
Wood and Metallic Coffins and Caskets.
2807, 2809 Easton Av.
BRANCH: 2405 CHOUTEAU AV.

AMUSEMENTS.

EDWARDS' - THEATER - COMIQUE
606, 608, 610 and 612 South Fourth Street.
The superb entertainment given at this cosey Theater in artistic brilliancy and wondrous original novelty has never been equaled in St. Louis. Every Act, every Song, every Joke absolutely fresh and new. An actual, absolute, bewildering Consolidation.
Ada Clifton, Ella Thorn, Minnie May Thompson, Alice Evans, Jennie Bayone, Etta Elselle, Coyle and Dorr, Baker and Gardner, Hallers and Lambert, Middleton Bros., Chas Gildders, Redmond and Clifton.
A treat beyond descriptive powers, a performance that keeps you screaming with laughter.
ADMISSION.....10, 15, 25 and 35c. | BOX SEATS.....50c.
Matinees Tuesday, Friday and Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Evening Performance commences at 8.

Simmons Hardware Co.
NEW BRASS GOODS.

FIRE SETS, ANDIRONS, FENDERS, COAL HODS, UMBRELLA STANDS, Etc. Also, A LARGE AND COMPLETE LINE OF HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

NEW ENGRAVINGS.
ALL THE LATEST FRENCH NOVELTIES.
REDHEFFER & KOCH, 1000 Olive St.
THE LEADING ART DEALERS OF ST. LOUIS.
French Terra Cotta Statuettes. Artist Materials and all Decorations. Novelties. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

CHOICE DRESS GOODS
At Low Prices This Week!
A lot of Illuminated Twills, pure wool-filling, in all the new autumn tints,
D 1-2c.
A lot of English Cashmeres, pure wool-filling, 10c. A lot of dress flannels, and a lot of Poplin Reps in black and all the new fall colors at
15c.
A lot of 40-inch double fold Bradford Cashmeres at 25c. A lot of double fold Persian Cashmeres at 25c. Gerzer Cloth 25c. New Melange 25c. A lot of Lupin's celebrated Cashmeres in black and all the autumn shades, 40-inches wide,
50c.
Black Cashmeres from 10c. to 45c. Lupin's celebrated Black Cashmeres from 50c. to $1. Bargains in Silks, Satins and Velvets.
Customers get the benefit of small expenses. Compare prices.
T. F. MOLONEY,
618 FRANKLIN AV.

AMUSEMENTS.
PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Every Evening, at 8,
The Enormously Successful Comedy,
CARROTS.
R. E. GRAHAM
And Most Powerful Company.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Sunday, Nov. 4—Chas. A. Gardner in Karl.

New Book Store,
Cor. 5th and Pine.
The Largest Book Store in the City.
We have a larger stock of
ALBUMS
than all other Retail Stores combined.
We have an immense variety of Autographs, Scrap Books, etc.
We have a full stock of Seaside Libraries, and other papers, which give the
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GEO. SCHERER & CO.,
FIFTH AND PINE.

AMUSEMENTS
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
To night and during the week: Matinees Wednesday and Saturday,
Rice's Great Travestie Company,
Charles E. Rice, Proprietor, in their Famous Musical Comedy Oddity, the rage in England and America,

ANSWERS TO ADVERTISEMENTS

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BUTTER HONEY.

CORNS!

Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating.

E. M. WADSWORTH & CO.,

NEW CO.

ST. LOUIS STOVE REPAIR WORKS,

Repaired

PARROTS.

CONSUMPTION.

JAMES L. & FRANK P. BLAIR,

NEW STONE FLAGGING!

KAVA RUMA

SAFE

MEXICAN LANDS

TEXAS LAND—$10,000.

HELP WANTED.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

BOARDING AND ROOMS.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

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FOR RENT—OFFICES.

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FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

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LOST AND FOUND.

PROPOSALS.

PROFESSIONAL.

FINANCIAL.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STORAGE.

WATER PROOFING FOR WALLS.

The West and South.

Senator Coke of Texas.

We have followed Eastern leaders to defeat long enough. The Democratic party of to-day should not continue in the rut of old ante-bellum times. The power was then in the East, but the

Ellen Terry says it is a shame that she should be obliged to make her "first appearance on American soil with a very red nose."

The Boston Globe indulges itself in the suspicion that perhaps Mary Anderson snubbed the

The Public School Library.

St. Louis, October 30,

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Had "A Subscriber" made known his

the reading room attendant he could

tained the papers be desired, which

carefully put away for him instead of

on the files until torn to shreds. He

HELP WANTED.

WANTED — Refined

keeper for widower

and 7, with no objection

this office. w6

WANTED—Good

room 19. w67

WANTED—Experienced

wages. 3525 Pine.

WANTED—Pastry girl

kitchen, at 118 N.

WANTED—Good Germa

eral housework in a

any washing; reference

wages. 1314 Clark av.

WANTED—Experienced

housework. 2 26 M

WANTED—Competent

ing. Mrs. R. Ghiselli

Mo. Pacific R. R.

WANTED—Competent

and assist in housew

room, good home. 3569 Li

Dressmakers

WANTED—Ten or twe

1828 Wash st.

WANTED—Girls for co

finishers; good wages

WANTED—Young nurse

reference need apply

WANTED—A niece girl

with my little girl; go

828 N. 8th st., 3d floor.

WANTED—Wet nurse.

WANTED—Experienced

mended. 1309 Washi

Miscell

WANTED—Girl about

housework. 1816 Mo

WANTED—Lady that

hand to do occasion

low; please don't answer

B 70, this office.

WANTED—A girl, 12 to

in the house. Call a

WANTED—Girl from

work. 2644 Page av.

WANTED—Girl from 14

housework. 927 N.

WANTED—Girls to wor

N. 7th st.

WANTED—German ser

Thomas street.

WANTED—Good, little

to do chores; must

diately at 1922 Olive st.

WANTED—Girls, finish

dle sts. E. Goldstei

WANTED—Young lady

business. Feldstein.

WANTED—Little girl

assist with light hous

Olive st.

DRESSM

WANTED—Mrs. Bradley

will go out to cut and

guarantee of money refun

in cutting. Ad. 1026, 11th st

LADIES—We are making

14 and 24 at the Dress C

system taught free this wee

AGENTS

WANTED—Six active m

of good address, to

competition. B 5, this office

WANTED—Agents and

country. American

WANTED—Experienced

solicitors on salary.

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WANTED—Reliable and

pay full commission

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617 St. Charles St

A regular graduate

been longer engaged in th

Nervous, Skin and Blo

physician in St. Louis, as c

residents know. Consultat

and invited. A friendly tal

When it is inconvenient to

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Curable cases guaranteed

frankly stated. Hours 9

Nervous Prostrati

and Physical Weaknes

other affections of

Bones, Blood Impuri

Skin Affections, Old

pediments to Marri

Piles. Especial atte

over-worked brain a

Diseases arising from

Exposure or Indulgence

following effects: Nervous

Sight or Perverted Vision,

pimples on the Face, Avers

Unfitness to Marry, Melan

holiness, Loss of Spirits,

are treated with unparalle

without hindrance to busin

ness. Send 6c stamps by

It is self-evident that a p

to a class of cases attain

appliance is resorted to, and

cedies of all ages are used

purposes, and all are treat

what to do, no experim

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260 PAGES. Illustrate

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few mos. Health, Beauty,

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A REGULAR GRAD

experience, practical

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Consultation Free. Hours

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Dr. Jacques' specialty

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NERVOUS DEB

EE, failing memory, weak ey

distrust, stunted development

poverished blood, pimples

etc., permanently, safely and

BLOOD & SKIN

halt, bone pains, swellings

ulcers, old sores, effects of m

ET DISEASES Directly

cial hindrance to business.

Medical Treatise Fre

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THE GREAT ENG

Cures

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Spermatorrhœa

or remedie

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times the

to any add

gists.

Prop'rs, Ft

IN THE MATTER of the a

and Traders' Institute

given that Charles

Farmers' and Traders' savi

filed and exhibited to

City of St. Louis, a statement

trust to the October term, 18

with proper vouchers, and

be allowed by said court in

of November, 1885, unless

trary be shown.

Clerk Circuit

Peacock, Attorney for A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By vir

alias special execution

trust of the Circuit Court

to the October

directed, wherein

and to the use

the City of St.

and Lewis

upon and

situated

Missouri, and

this

execution as

on Sunday

in lawful

addition to

SIXTH DAY

TELEPHONE OFFICES OF ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for *ten cents*, when not of a business nature). Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park aves.; C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.; Otto D'Armour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street; J. W. Tom Ochrie, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.; Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive st.; H. F. A. Spiller, Druggist, 1309 Chouteau ave.; C. M. Good, Druggist, 2240 Olive st.; F. Sum, Druggist, 2850 Clark av.; Thos. Layton, Druggist, S. W. cor. St. Louis and Grand aves.; Eugene Jirbach, 2706 Chouteau av.; Geo. Weinsberg, druggist, Menard and Marion sts.

Telephone Numbers—

Business Department	128
Editorial Rooms	301

ANSWERS TO ADVERTISEMENTS NOT CALLED FOR.

A—11–12–38–42–46–48.
B—8–12–17–18–19–20–30–31–35–39–44.
C—Daniel Bradford.
D—4–9–14–37–41–45—Arthur Cremar.
E—10–15–29–26–29.
F—3–7–8–10–11–12–15–17–18–21–27–30–31–35–40
G—42–43–44–50–51–59–60–61–62—Earnest.
H—4–16–18–19–20–21–30–34–39–46–47.
I—3–4–19–22–31–32–41–43–46–49–50–56—G. S. —Miss Garnett.
J—19–21–23–33–49—H. L. T.—Harry C. Hudson.
K—Invalide.
L—19–27–36.
M—14–21–23–31.
N—19—Addie Louis.
O—25–26–36–41—M. K.—M. H. W.—A. Mills—R. L. Murray.
P—2–19–37–27–35–36–40–44–47—N. O.—N. D.
Q—3–8–10–12–18–20–21–22–29–31–41–43–45–O. S.
R—2–3–4–6–7–15–19–21–25–34–42–49.
S—1–2–7–16–18–24–29–31–34–E. J.—Roberts.
T—2–6–20–27–31–35–42–44–45–50–S. S.—Sand K.
U—2–4–10–14–15–16–19–27–28–29–31–32–35–37 —41—T. H. D.—T. N.—T. R.
V—Violet.
W—8–15–18–25–31–40–45–47—W. S.—Miss Abee Wilson—Mrs. Winter.
X—12–31—.
Y—6–15–16–19.
Z—8–19.

LODGE NOTICES.

FOOTBALL—Meeting of members of Thistle Football Club at 623 Pine st., on the evening of Tuesday, October 30, at 8 o'clock sharp. 133

PARAGON Chapter, No. 156, Order Eastern Star (colored) will meet this night at Broadway and Monroe streets, Mrs. Annie Stringfield, Worthy Matron, presiding. 133

RED CROSS LODGE, Knights of Pythias.—Interesting session Tuesday (to-morrow) night; Grand representatives will read their report, and other exercises; every member expected; sister lodges and sojourning fraters courteously invited.
GEORGE MELETIO, C. C.
EDGAR W. WOODS, K. R. S. 1833

FRANKLIN COUNCIL, No. 8, L. of H.—Undertaker's Hall, corner Fourteenth and Chouteau avenue, St. Louis, Mo., this (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, at their hall, 15 N. 3d st. Visiting brothers are invited.
JAMES THOMSON, Dictator.
ED. T. COOKE, Reporter.

IRVING COUNCIL, No 2, L. of H., meets every Wednesday eve at 8 o'clock, corner Ledlingwell and Washington avenues. Interesting proceedings in the initiatory degree. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed. All members urgently requested to attend.
S. S. HUTCHINS, W. C.
RICHARD HANLON, Recorder. 33

STELLA COUNCIL, No. 14, Legion of Honor, meets every Wednesday at Union Hall, corner Broadway and Benton st. All members of the order are fraternally invited.
A. W. SMITH, Chancellor.
C. H. PELLET, Recorder. 133

A REGULAR session of Missouri Lodge, No. 67, A. F. & A. M., was held on Monday night last, at which the sum of $25 was placed in the hands of a committee, who were empowered to provide within the next four meeting nights an oyster supper to the regular attendants of the Lodge. m13

SOCIETY NOTICES.

HOLLY EVE.—There will be a social entertainment and ball given by the clients at the hall of Clan McDonald, corner 9th and Market, on Wednesday evening, Holly eve. Friends are invited to attend. ws

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

AT Anti-Monopoly Drug Store, cor. 6th and Market sts., patent medicines are sold 10 to 20 per cent less than at any other place in the city; Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet soap, 20c a cake. O. H. Koehnle, Ph. C., proprietor.

A.—TONIEST shoemaker of the world. Keeps over a hundred different styles on hand. Shoes to order from $4. Warranted. Repairing done. WEBERT, 318 N. Sixth st., opposite Barr's. All kinds of repairing neatly done. 74

KAVA RUMA.

The American Golden Remedy cures when cases no homeopathic or allopathic can. No cure, no pay. American Remedy Co., 818 Washington av. 74

PERSONAL—Have your house furnished complete by the

Globe Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co., 1119 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo.

Goods sold for cash or on time payments. Open every night till 9 o'clock.

PERSONAL—Consult Una F. Silva, clairvoyant medium, on business or anything pertaining to life; spiritual communications. 816 Franklin av. 74

MRS. BOURNELL, clairvoyant, test business medium, will remain at 1719 Broadway for the winter. Come and see for yourself. 74

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 921 N. 7th st., side entrance, upstairs. 74

PERSONAL—Mme. Blanch, trance test and writing medium, 716 South Fifth st. Parties wishing to sit for dev elopment call Wednesdays and Fridays. 74

TAPE WORM KING.

Dr. A. W. Ramey, 1120 Olive St., St. Louis,

Expels Tape Worms with head in from 40 to 80 minutes, without sickness. Cures CANCERS AND TUMORS WITHOUT THE KNIFE. Treats all forms of CHRONIC DISEASES successfully. Thousands of testimonials. Send for circulars of references.
ST. LOUIS, June 29, 1883.—This certifies that Dr. Ramey, 1120 Olive st., expelled tape worm with head, without fasting or sickness, from my wife in forty minutes.
O. C. KINLEY, Ferguson, Mo.

"WEAK AND UNDEVELOPED PARTS OF THE HUMAN BODY enlarged, developed and strengthened," etc., is an interesting advertisement long run in our paper. In reply to inquiries we will say that there is no evidence of humbug about this. On the contrary, the advertisers are very highly esteemed parties who may get sealed circulars, giving all particulars, by addressing Erie Medical Co., P. O. box 513, Buffalo, N.Y.—Toledo Evening Bee.

DANCING.

SECOND TERM OF

PROF. E. A. REINHOLDT'S

dancing academies (Prof. T. W. Kerrigan) commences at Central Turner Hall, 10th between Market and Walnut streets, Wednesday, November 14, at South St. Louis Turner Hall, 10th, Jefferson and Carroll streets, Thursday, November 15th. Party every Tuesday evening, and Sunday matinee at Central Turner Hall. Party every Wednesday evening at South St. Louis Turner Hall. Lessons nights as heretofore. The services of Prof. W. S. Clisbee, brother of Prof. Clisbee of the Leiderkranz Hall, has been secured for the remaining six months. Grand complimentary ball at South St. Louis Turner Hall, Saturday, November 10.

PROF. N. S. FRANKEL'S Dancing Academies are now open for the reception of scholars. Instructions at Druids' Hall, corner 9th and Market sts., every Monday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, and every Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 3 p. m. Practising parties every Wednesday evening. Instructions at Social Turn Hall, corner 13th and Monroe sts., every Tuesday and Friday evenings, at Lucas Hall, West 18th and Benton sts., every Wednesday and Saturday evenings. Private instructions given with music, at any time during the day at Druids' Hall. Send for circulars. Druids' Hall can be rented for balls, parties, concerts, weddings, etc., at very reasonable rates. 76

THEATRICAL.

THE finest assortment of gold and silver trimmings and tights at S. Hirschberg's theatrical store, 703 N. 4th st. 75

BUSINESS CHANCES.

5 CTS. } Music, full sheet size. Songs: I'll Meet PER } Her When the Sun Goes Down; Mother COPY. } keeps the Gate Locked Now. Instrumental: Dudes' Waltz; When the Leaves Begin to Fade, waltz. Any of the above sent for 5c. Catalogues of 1,200 pieces mailed free. Address Jett's Music Store, 802 Olive st., St. Louis. 87

BUSINESS men wishing good paying business, large profits, can find same by addressing E 85, this office. 12

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

7011 S. MAIN ST.—Oldest and principal book and news store; must be sold. Apply there, or at 709 N 4th st. 84

CIGAR Store for sale; situated near the theaters; Cheap. 272; owner obliged to live East. Inquire of Mayer & Einhorn, 10 S. 4th st. 14

REAL ESTATE AND BUSINESS EXCHANGE. CHAS. RUHM, 720 Pine st., room 5.

FOR SALE—First-class country produce commission business; first-class location; owner wishes to retire; capital required about $5,000. Ad. F 31, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Restaurant and oyster-house doing a good business; old stand; nicely furnished; price $250; for satisfactory reasons; living rooms connected. 919 N. 6th st. 84

FOR SALE—$30 cash will buy a small confectionery and news stand if applied for soon. B 15, this office, or 1317 N. 9th st. 104

FOR SALE—Shooting-gallery on n. e. cor. 5th and Chestnut st.; rare chance for a good man. 14

PHYSICIAN can get best country location in State by buying $400 drug store; time given on half. Ad. box 1, Sullivan, Mo. 14

SOAP WORKS with good facilities, for sale cheap, on account of sickness of the proprietor. C. Hoffmeister, 7818 S. Broadway, St. Louis 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

A BEAUTIFUL black and tan pup, and ten pups of other breeds. Fanciers' Agency, 310 S. 8th st. 12

A SET OF DENTAL INSTRUMENTS FOR SALE—Good as new for half price. Inquire at 2732 Scott av. s3

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

F. W. BUSSE (new) 1302 Franklin av., sells pictures and looking-glasses on time payments; pictures framed in good style at low prices

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—2,000 yards might carpets very cheap. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FURNITURE carpets and stoves sold on easy payments to responsible parties. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—Marble-top walnut bed-room sets, with toilet glass on wash-stand, for $36; parlor sets at the same prices. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—Kindling wood; $1 a load. P. W. Hassett, 6.0. 622 and 624 S. 7th st. m5

FOR SALE—New and second hand furniture, stoves and all kinds of household goods, cheap for cash or on time payments; Mohrmann & Sommerfeld, 1619 and 1621 Franklin av. m5

FOR SALE—A new Remington Type-writer on monthly payments. Ad. B 23, this office. 15

FOR SALE—Sawdust $1 per load for ice houses; F. W. Hassett, 620 S. 7th st.

FOR SALE—Three barber's chairs. 1001 Broadway. 15

FOR SALE.

FURNITURE, STOVES, CARPETS, Etc.

For cash or time payments.

GLOBE FURNITURE, STOVE AND CARPET CO., 1119 Olive street.

Open every night till 9 o'clock. 5

FOR SALE—Fine Brussels carpets, made up, for 75 cents per yard. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—One mill-stone derrick, complete. One Stuyvesant Blower. Both in good order. Eureka Vinegar Co., 112 N. 2d st. 5

FOR SALE—Thirty-horse power engine, boiler, pump and heater in running order at a bargain. 519 Franklin av. 95

FOR SALE—Full-blooded Newfoundland and St. Bernard dog, 2 years old; can be seen at 109 N. 12th st. w5

FOR SALE—Fine violincello, extra good one, at half price. A 29, this office. 19

FOR SALE—A No. 1 twenty-five-horse power engine and boiler, in good running order; price $300, 906 Summit av. s5

FOR SALE—One set of pounders in good running order; same is extra heavy built, with solid cast-iron mortar box. Apply to Wm. Schotten & Co., corner 3d and Cedar. 5

FOR SALE—Hydraulic oil press, together with pumping jack etc. Apply to Wm. Schotten & Co., corner 3d and Cedar. 5

FOR SALE—Bedsteads, mattresses, bureaus, cots, stoves and all household furniture, cheap, on account of giving up business. Brandon, 707 Wash st. 5

FOR SALE—Finely mounted specimen of golden eagle. Ad., stating price, Fred F. Buell, Keokuk, Iowa. s5

ONE 4-horse power hot-air engine. Apply to Central Iron Works, 2014 S. Third st., St. Louis. 5

RARE bargains in spring and winter overcoats at Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

THE best place to buy Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, etc., is at the Golden Rule Drug Store, 708 S. Fourth st.; fresh goods and lowest prices. Prescriptions carefully prepared. 5 H. REILY, Propr.

THE biggest bargains ever offered in parlor suits for the next 30 days at Geo. W. Miller's, 806 N 6th st. 5

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at H. BIGMANN'S, 17 and 19 N. 3d st.

SAFES MOSLER'S patent at factory price. 19 N. 3d st. nearer burglar proof than any other. 5

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE

MEXICAN LANDS.

Lands in various parts of the Mexican Republic, with guaranteed titles. Apply to

JOHN F. CAHILL,
Mexican Commercial Exchange,
6 Southeast corner Eighth and Olive sts.

TEXAS LAND—$10,000.

For Sale—1,600 acres well timbered land at Grand Lake Station, Montgomery County, Tex. For sale also undesc ibed 40 acre lake (makes lone by 3 mile wide), the purest water in South Texas, and also a $3,000 dwelling. Apply to W. B. Hall, care Hall Brothers, Gay Building, 3d and Pine sts., St. Louis. 6

IMP'V'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Several choice dwelings, also beautiful building lots. Jas. M. Carpenter & Co., 206 N. 8th st. 7

FOR SALE—A new 7-room brick house; lot 50x150, on n. w. corner Goode and Garfield ave.; $500 cash, balance on monthly payments. Apply to Jas. E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Olive, from 10 to 12 a. m. s7

FOR SALE—I have in course of erection four modern 8-room brick houses on Vandeventer place, near Vandeventer place, that I will sell on monthly payments. James E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Olive from 10 to 12 a. m. 7

FOR SALE—Several 5 and 6-room houses in western part of city on monthly payments. Apply to Jas. E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Olive sts., from 10 to 12 a. m. s7

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—I have three modern detached six-room houses, with hot and cold water Huchtoon's place, North St. Louis, on Kossuth av., between Farrar and Salisbury; will sell low and on reasonable terms. Apply to F. H. Goss, room 5, at 514 Pine st., from 10 to 12 a. m. s8

HOUSES built and sold on monthly payments. Apply to F. H. Goss, 514 Pine st, from 10 to 12 a. m., room 5. s8

FOR LEASE.

FOR LEASE—For a term of years, a well-lighted 4-story and basement factory, situated corner of 3d and Cedar sts., together with 30-horse power engine, boiler and elevator, all in good running order; well adapted for light manufacturing business; possession given January 1. Apply to Wm. Schotten & Co. 10

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

S. W. SLATTERY, V. S., member R. C. V. S., London, late army veterinary department, 3d district, service; offices, Park stable, Washington av., and 1111 N. 8th st.; residence 1305 Washington av. 11

WANTED—Horses for winter pasture; good stable and attention, at Delmonico Park. 11

P. J. KEATING, horse-shoer, No. 738 S. 2d st., bet. s Pine and Cedar sts. All lame and inter-ering horses shod on the most scientific and improved principles. Gentlemen's road horses a specialty. 11

WANTED—Gentle horse and surrey for its keeping for the winter; light use; responsible party; references given. B 12, this office.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Cheap; two stake wagons; one 3-spring wagon in good running order. 1518 N. 16th st. 12

FOR SALE—A No. 1 covered spring wagon; good horse and harness. Inquire 19 n. w. cor. 12th and Wash. up-stairs. w12

FOR SALE—Cheap, 2 first-class spring wagons; 1 covered wagon. Inquire 19 H. Kelley, 615 Franklin av. w12

FOR SALE—$140. A Timken made baroucne, in first-class order; cheap for the money; I want to sell. 1845 Park av.

A. L. EDSON, 820 N. Eighth st., makes a specialty of carriage repairing. 12

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket.

PERSONAL—Imported beer always on draught; Hersbruck this week. Philip A. Bamberger, 8th and Olive. t1

PERSONAL—A gentleman of culture and refinement who has just arrived in the city, wish es to correspond with a refined and accomplished lady possessing beauty and style. Address, in perfect confidence, J 15, this office. w1

PERSONAL—"Boat Excursion Chouteau"; will it be convenient for you to see me some evening this week? "Boat Excursion Chouteau." t1

PERSONAL—E 6, advertiser under date of September 11th: Please call at this office and get letter

PERSONAL—Boat Excursion, Chouteau; Please meet me this evening if convenient at 8 o'clock; same place. t1

PERSONAL—Will lady that addressed "Personal E 39," on last Wednesday, and appointed a meeting at Conrat's, please be kind enough to write again and name any day at 5:15, as sent was obliged to disappoint, he being out of the city and did not secure her note until yesterday. B 34, this office. t1

PERSONAL—A. Gifford! Please call; business of importance. Morgan. t1

PERSONAL—W. T.: Found no letter; if you are in town see me at same time and place to-morrow.

PERSONAL—Mr. Joe Gorden: There is a letter in the City Post Office for you. Myrtle. w1

PERSONAL—A gentleman of nice appearance and a music teacher would like to correspond with a good-looking young lady who can play organ and sing nicely, with a view to traveling in concert and convention work. Address immediately, D, box 9, Fulton, Bourbon County, Kan. s1

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2228 GAMBLE AV.—Ten rooms and bath, CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

2803 DAYTON ST.—8 rooms and bath; good neighborhood. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3012 CHESTNUT ST.—New, 3 stories, stone-front, with all modern improvements, including furnace; very desirable. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3319 PINE ST.—Stone-front, 10 rooms, bath and stable; possession Nov. 15. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3539 LACLEDE AV.—A good 2 stories stone-front, 8 rooms and bath. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1015 DILLON ST.—First-class, 3 stories, stone front; 10 rooms and bath; in excellent order. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

924 MORRISON AV.—Eight rooms and bath; 2 stone front; within easy walking distance from Court House. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

905 LA SALLE ST.—Elegant stone front; 10 rooms and bath. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. 8th st.

1223 ST. ANGE AV.—Ten rooms and bath; near horse cars and good schools; in good order. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1107 ARMSTRONG AV.—Six rooms and bath; large yard; two squares north of Lafayette Park. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1510 LAFAYETTE AV.—Nine rooms and bath. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3014 EASTON AV., st'ne front, 8 rooms; bath; hot and cold water. TERRY & SCOTT, 621 Chestnut st. 14

315 S. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Seven rooms, hall gas and bath; $30. TERRY & SCOTT, 621 Chestnut st. 14

621 CHESTNUT ST.—Second and third floors. TERRY & SCOTT, 621 Chestnut st. 14

2615 LUCAS AV.—Nine rooms; stone front; all late improvements; $50. TERRY & SCOTT, 621 Chestnut st. 14

921 GLASGOW AV.—Ten rooms, hall, bath and gas; good repair; $40. TERRY & SCOTT, 621 Chestnut st. 14

5 HIGH ST.—Two-story, stone-front, Mansard roof, 8 rooms; all conveniences; in excellent repair. McCREERY & TOWERS, 705 Pine st. s14

2110 EUGENIA ST.—Two-story brick, Mansard roof, 8 rooms; all conveniences. McCREERY & TOWERS, s14 705 Pine st.

2619 PINE ST.—Three-story stone-front, 10 rooms, now occupied by Dr. Goodman; possession given Nov. 1. McCREERY & TOWERS, s14 705 Pine st.

4038 FINNEY AV.—Five-room house with neat 50-foot yard. t14

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Six-room houses on Mt. Vernon av., short distance from end of Market street cars; arranged for one or two families. $10 to $24. Haynes & Collins, 211 N. 8th st. 16

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

1210 OLIVE ST.—Second floor, front, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for dentist or dentist's office. For terms, etc., call at 1300 Olive street. 17

1242 S. FOURTH ST.—French market, large store. Inquire at 1302 Market. 17

A FIRST-CLASS cigar-stand for rent, or will sell; rent $25 per month; centrally located. Ad. S. J, Newman, 603 Market. 17

FOR RENT—Restaurant doing a good business; good location; rent low. 519 Franklin av. w17

FOR RENT—Store No. 2618 Franklin av.; suitable for plumber, gas-fitter or paint-shop; rent, $10. Inquire at Hardware store, next door.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By a gentleman, a nicely furnished 2d-story front room, convenient to Olive st. or Washington av. cars; private family preferred. Ad. B 19, this office. t21

WANTED—Room in vicinity of Wooster av. and Thomas street, by gentleman; refs. given. Ad. B 29, this office. t21

WANTED—A furnished room in good neighborhood by quiet party; no reference. B 31, this office. t21

WANTED—To Rent—By November 1 an 8-room house in northern part of the city; must have gas, bath and all modern conveniences; parties desiring house have no children and can give assurance of keeping premises in perfect order. Address, with location and terms, S 29, this office. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

NEW STONE FLAGGING!

For residence and lawn walks; set samples at St. Vincent Seminary, cor. Lucas and Grand avs.; Col. R. D. Hunter's residence, Lindell av., west of Grand; also on Pine street, west of Grand av., from Cabanne to Vandeventer avs. Office, 618 Chestnut st. 22

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $150 for 6 or 8 months; will pay 10 per cent. interest and give mortgage on property or satisfactory personal security. Address for 3 days B 35, this office. s25

Jenelli's 922 Olive st. Best cabinet half-price this month only to introduce the Genelli process 5

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Jenelli's 922 Olive st. Finest cabinet photographs in the city half price this month only. 26

PROF. WYATT, 1160 Olive st. Nice waltzing taught. Reception to-morrow evening. t76

SEWING MACHINES—Fasten door against canvassers. They will charge you $20 commission. Go to 213 Locust st. and save $20. 76

THE highest prices in spot cash paid for old building s small or large. P. W. Hassett, 620 S. 7th st.

WANTED—Anybody to adopt a girl baby 2 months old. B 6, this office. s26

WANTED—Canvassers, also room-mate. Call between 7 and 8 a. m., or 7 to 9 p. m., at 1512 Singleton st. t.

WANTED—Six cords of the best hickory wood; name the lowest price delivered. Box 2854 Post Office. s29

WANTED—To buy for cash a full set of Missouri Reports. Address stating lowest cash price. E 46, this office. m26

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Market st., between 16th and 17th sts., a bracelet with high-runo stone setting. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at 1221 N. Market st. s27

LOST OR MISLAID—Warehouse receipt No. 2,586, dated June 23, 1881, made by Union Warehouse Company, St. Louis, for 100 brls. vinegar, order Wm. A. Noves & Co., and indorsed by them. The public are notified that delivery on said receipt has been stopped and new receipt applied for. L. P. Milligan, proprietor Excelsior Vinegar and Pickle Works. s29

LOST—On the evening of October 27, a red Irish setter; part Newfoundland dog; female; with one-half of face and head white; her front foot white; end of tail white, answers to the name of "Blanche;" liberal reward will be paid; return same to No. 1009 Christy av., up stairs. 130

LOST—From freight depot American Express Co., hunting dog, (pointer) large size, brown and white—brown ears, large brown spot on side. Liberal reward will be paid for return of same to the company. C. E. Rood, agent. 30

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

OLD and new books bought, sold and exchanged; cash paid for all kinds of books. 303 N. 4th st. 28

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan, bookseller, 4th and Washington

MUSICAL.

A HANDSOME little piano for sale at $125; also a billiard table, at 2807 Locust st. 27

ALL the latest instrumental and vocal music, music books, strings, etc. Fine music roll given with $1 worth of sheet music. WM. TICKELL & CO., 1027 1609 (new No.) Franklin av.

BEST PIANOS, lowest prices and easiest terms in the city. Every instrument exactly as represented, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every case. Pianos for rent. STORY & CAMP, 209 N. Fifth st.

CHRISTMAS gift for some one. Mr. I. A. Kieselhorst will, on December 24, 1883, present to holder of prize number, an elegant "Sterling" piano rooms, 1111 Olive st. 27 plano rooms, 1111 Olive st. 27

HIGHEST cash price paid for good second-hand pianos. Bolman Bros., 1164-1166 Olive st. 27

MRS. INMAN, Music Teacher, gives use of piano for practice free; special attention to beginners; terms reasonable. Call or ad. 913 N. 14th st., old No

PIANOS and organs at prices to suit everybody; over twenty different styles to select from; cash or on time; no interest. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

PIANOS
WHEELOCK

Are rapidly becoming the leading Pianos. Sold on two years' time at cash prices, without interest at

H. KOERBER'S, 1103 Olive St.

THE
READ & THOMPSON ORGANS ARE UNEXCELLED.
Warerooms 210 N. 5th st. Write for catalogues.

WANTED—Two good musicians (violin and harp) for an evening party Thursday, November 1, 1883. Address A 28, this office, stating terms, etc. 127

WANTED—To buy for cash, second-hand pianos and organs. Old No. 1619 Franklin av., new No. 1517. 27

EDUCATIONAL.

SHORTHAND. ST. LOUIS SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, 508 Olive street.

You can become able to write 160 words a minute in 2 months. Positions procured for students. Trial lessons free. Lessons by mail a success. Circulars free. s29

SHORTHAND.

Young men and girls can qualify as shorthand writers in less than half the usual time by using the Stenograph, or Shorthand Machine, as taught in Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College, corner Fifth and Market sts. Graduates in any department of this college are assisted to positions. Call or send for circular. 129

SCHELL'S Art and Drawing School, 21 and 29 S. 4th st., begins its tenth scholastic year this month; instructions in free-hand and mechanical drawing every day, night and Sunday morning. 29

WANTED—Books to open, post or close; partnership accounts adjusted; books posted as often as desired at a moderate charge. A 23, this office. 129

WANTED—Private instructions given in bookkeeping by a practical book-keeper; one week's instruction free of charge; charges reasonable. A 24, this office. 129

WANTED—Lady or gentleman capable of giving instruction in philosophy and algebra; parties living in the western part of the city who can devote two or three evenings a week to giving private lessons in the above studies will please ad. B 28, this office. t29

Mackinor Shorthand Writing. **STENOGRAPH** Has all the advantages of the best systems and can o learned in 1 HOUR. Open day and evening. Trial week free. The Stenograph Institute, 420 N. 3d st. Open day and evening. **MARTIN'S SHORTHAND** and type-writing 618 Olive street. Established 1876. Students assisted to positions. 29

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$25,000, $10,000, $5,000. $2,000,

On City and County Real Estate.

s1 JOHN LADY, No. 308 Olive street.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 4th st.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residences; business and personal, no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine. 31

MONEY to loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry guns, pistols, musical instruments and all other personal property in sums from 25 cents to $5,000, at S. Van Raalte's, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

ALL SORTS.

ALL cast off clothing bought and sold by John Allen 707 N. Ninth st. Address note. 32

A THOUSAND Business Cards for $1.4 HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 1737 Franklin av.

BUSINESS men desiring short-hand correspondents and type-writers are supplied from Martin's Short-hand and Type-writing Institute, 618 Olive st. 29

Beecher Furnace Is the best. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1118 & 1120 Washington av

BUTTER CHEESE. LARD. EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, **HONEY.** 424 N. Second St.

BUY DIRECT—Frames, paintings, engravings, etc., of one half saved. Am. Art Co., 4th and Pine. 32

CORNS!

Extracted without pain, 25c each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skilled manner by DR. N. KENISON & SON, No. 623½ Olive street.

EXCURSION tickets for the new town of Morley must be purchased on or before Thursday; train leaves Union Depot at 8 a. m. Sunday, November 4. Wm. Morley 32

Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating.

Silver and Plated-Ware Repaired and Replated.

First-class Work at Reasonable Prices.

E. M. WADSWORTH & CO.,

Manufacturers of Silver-Plated Ware, Salesroom, 612 Olive St.

JULIANNA SCHERRER forfeits the future by the pianists and cards. Residence 608 S. 4th st.

LUNG FOOD. Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and obstinate Coughs surely relieved by Maguire's Glycerine Lung Syrup. $1. At Drug Store, cor. 5th and Market sts. s22

NEW YORK STEAM DENTAL **CO.** 1428 Franklin av. Best sets of teeth $6 to $10. Filling, treating and extracting at lowest prices. Dr. Utt, manager. 32

ST. LOUIS STOVE REPAIR WORKS,

OFFICE, 1421 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Castings on hand for any stove or range made. Stoves blacked and set up. Call or send postal. 32

Wringers Goods called for and delivered. C. B. Thomas, 1614 Franklin av. Old No. 1278. **Repaired**

VASEL & CO., 1217 Franklin av., invite the attention of the public to their world-renowned "Swiss Health Bitters." They also keep a full line of the finest wines and liquors, at wholesale and retail, to be found in the city. Give them a call. 32

PARROTS, singing birds, pet animals gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking-bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.

PROFESSIONAL.

CONSUMPTION. The radical treatment of cases based on the present knowledge of its etiology by Dr. A. Green, 1516 Lafayette av. Telephone 2056.

JAMES L. & FRANK P. BLAIR, Attorneys at Law, 417 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo. PATENT LAW A SPECIALTY. Correspondents of Chas. M. Alexander, Washington, D. C.

J. G. JOYCE, civil engineer and surveyor, Office No. 701 Washington av. 3

WATER-PROOFING FOR WALLS.

NEW brick fronts kept free from weather-stains and mortar joints preserved. 413 N. 12th st.

OLD brick fronts cleaned and made to look like new. 413 N. 12th st.

DAMP walls permanently cured. 413 N. 12th st.

STORAGE.

STORAGE and packing, cheapest and best in city for pianos, boxes, trunks, furniture and household goods; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping household goods a specialty; moving done at low rates with care at fire-proof warehouse of Wm. O. Langan & Co., 1002 and 1005 Morgan st. 81

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 84

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Experienced office man will work for low wages; copying done for 30c per 1,000. J 60, this office. t36

G. W. GRABLE—Accountant. Books overhauled and balanced; opened and closed; partnership accounts adjusted, etc. Books posted semi-weekly, weekly or monthly. Charges reasonable. Office, 315 Olive st., third floor. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Position by young man as salesman; can make himself generally useful; best refs. A 15, this office. t37

WANTED—Situation as bill clerk in wholesale or retail house; best references, Ad. A 21, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted as grocery clerk, or to drive a delivery wagon. Ad. Lewis Kirgam, O'Fallon, Ill.

The Trades.

WANTED—First-class cutter wants a situation, for particulars address "Cutter," 1357 Franklin av. 138

WANTED—Situation by an elderly German; speaks English; carpenter by trade; understands care of horses; can drive. 2225 Randolph st.

WANTED—Two young men want to learn tinner's trade. A 5, this office. t38

WANTED—Situation as second engineer or fireman, has had 6 years' experience; would leave the city. A. 7, this office. t38

WANTED—Situation as engineer. C. A., 805 Tayon av. t38

A MAN wishes a place as fireman or engineer; understands thoroughly the repairing of engines; has worked in one of the largest hotels in the East. Ad. B 17, this office. w38

A YOUNG man (painter) would like to get employment; also does calsomining. Ad. B 9, this office. w38

WANTED—Situation by a first-class house-painter; understands mixing colors and can take charge of work. B 21, this office. w38

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation to drive a delivery wagon; will call acquainted with the city. A, this office.

WANTED—Young man wishes a situation in a private family as coachman; can give best of refs. 3230 Locust st. 139

WANTED—Young man wishes a situation in private family as coachman; can give best of refs. 3330 Olive st. 139

WANTED—A situation to drive a grocery wagon; speaks German and English. Ad. B 14, this office. w39

WANTED—Situation as teamster or driving delivery wagon. Ad. J K, 1208 Collins st., city. 29

WANTED—Situation by a colored man to drive carriage. 1015 St. Charles st. w39

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by first-class pastry cook and confectioner; good ref. J 43, this office. t40

WANTED—Family sewing by the day or week, by a good seamstress. Ad. 7113 Main st., Carondelet. w40

Boys.

WANTED—Boy of 16 wishes a situation in an office or hotel; can give good ref. A 2, this office. t42

WANTED—Boy wants a situation as office boy; can furnish good ref. A 3, this office. t42

WANTED—Boy wants situation in an office or some wholesale house. W. S. A., 1226 S. 14th st.

WANTED—Boy of 18 wishes a situation of any kind. J 53, this office. t42

WANTED—Boy of 15 wishes a situation of any kind. J 55, this office. t42

WANTED—Boy of 15 wishes a situation as bell-boy in a hotel. A 10, this office. t42

WANTED—Situation by a youth of 18 to build fires or to do work in a private family. A 9, this office. t42

A BOY of 14 years old would like a place in an office. B 1, this office. t42

A GOOD boy wishes a situation of any kind; willing to work. John F. Kenny, 1838 Clark av. t42

WANTED—Situation by a boy in an office of some wholesale house. W. S. A., 1226 S. 14th st. t42

AN honest boy wants a situation in an office or commission house; can speak German and English; quick at figures and can bring reference. Ad. C. Carey, 4208 Broadway. w42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a young man 18 years old to do any kind of work; ref. given. 1420 Morgan st., new No. w42

WANTED—Situation as fireman or to run a small engine; five years' experience; reference from last employer. B 29, this office. w42

WANTED—Situation by a young man to work around a hotel or private house; no objection to country. B 27, this office. w42

WANTED—Situation by young man; willing to do anything; can give reference. Call or address 2504 University st. w42

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged man; understands the grocery business; willing to do other work. Address B 12, this office. w43

YOUNG man, nice penman, would like to do copying or any other writing at home. Ad. Henry Koerber, 3023 Washington av. t43

WANTED—Employment by a steady, middle-aged man who is handy, willing and obliging. A 20, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation as collector or deliverer by a man of family; good references given. A 19, this office.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

WANTED — Refined Protestant working housekeeper for widower of 32, with two children, 6 and 7, with no objection to leaving the city. B 16, this office. w65

Laundresses.

WANTED—Good washerwoman. 315 Locust st., room 16. w67

Cooks.

WANTED—Experienced cook; no washing; good wages. 3522 Pine. 168

WANTED—Pastry girl; also girl to work in kitchen, at 116 N. 9th st.

WANTED—Good German girl to cook and do general housework in a small family; need not do washing; reference required; will pay good wages. 1314 Clark av. 168

WANTED—Experienced girl for cook and general housework. 2.39 Morgan st. 168

WANTED—Competent cook; no washing or ironing. Mrs. R. Ghiselin, box 192, Webster Groves, Mo. Pacific R. R. w68

WANTED—Competent girl for cook and laundress and assist in housework; family of four; nice room, good home. 3309 Lindell av. w68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Ten or twelve girls to sew on pants. 1525 Wash st. 169

WANTED—Girls for coats and machine work; also finishers; good wages paid. 308 O'Fallon st. 169

Nurses.

WANTED—Young nurse girl; only those with good reference need apply. 2212 Chestnut st. 176

WANTED—A nice girl 12 to 15 years old to play with my little girl; good girl can have good place. 828 N. 9th st. 3d floor. 170

WANTED—Wet nurse. 1539 Papin st. w79

WANTED—Experienced white nurse well recommended. 1309 Washington av. w79

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Girl about 14 years of age to assist in housework. 1816 Morgan st. w71

WANTED—Lady that writes a first-class business hand to do occasional copying; terms must be low; please don't answer unless writing a good hand. B 70, this office. 171

WANTED—A girl, 12 to 14, to be generally useful in the house. Call at 3137 Lucas av. w71

WANTED—Girl from 14 to 15 years for light housework. 3544 Page av. w71

WANTED—Girl from 14 to 16 years old to assist in housework. 927 N. 8th st. w71

WANTED—Girls to work on bonnet frames. 211 N. 4th st. w71

WANTED—German servant girl. Apply at 3622 Thomas street. 171

WANTED—Good, little girl from 11 to 14 years old to do chores; must sleep at home. Call immediately at 1522 Olive st. 171

WANTED—Girls, finishers, at corner 9th and Biddle sts. E. Goldstein. 171

WANTED—Young lady to learn the photograph business. Feldotto, 1724 Franklin av. 171

WANTED—Little girl about 14 or 15 years old to assist with light housework; a good home. 2637 Olive st. 171

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—Mrs. Bradley, fashionable dressmaker, will go out to cut and fit by the day, perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded; will also give lessons in cutting. Ad. Bradley's suit Cater sts. 172

LADIES—We are making lovely dress suits for $3 and $4 at the Dress Cutting School; also tailor system taught free this week. School at 518 Olive st.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Six active men, English and German, of good address, to canvass a new thing; no competition. B 5, this office. 173

WANTED—Agents and canvassers for city and country. American Map Co., 318 N. 4th st. 74

WANTED—Experienced newspaper subscription solicitors on salary. Apply before 9 a. m. at this office. 73

WANTED—Reliable and wide-awake agents; will pay full commission or salary. 1221 Olive st.

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Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Malpractice, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Nervous Dread, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment without loss of time and confinement from business. Sent everywhere by mail or express, free.

It is self-evident that a physician paying attention to a class of diseases never treats a case in which an appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages are used. A whole house for office purposes. Ladies treated privately. Knowing what to do, no experiments are made.

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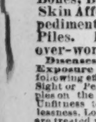

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Loss of Manly Vigor Debility, Spermatorrhœa, etc., when all other remedies fail. Cure Guaranteed. $1 50 a bottle, large bottle, three times the quantity, $5. By express to any address. Sold by all druggists. English Medicine Institute, Propr's, 715 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of Farmers' and Traders' Institution.—Notice is hereby given that Charles P. Kroh, assignee of Farmers' and Traders' saving ins stitution has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 83, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be passed by said court in room No. 1, on tim 5th day of November, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown. CHARLES P. KROH.

Ebenezer Peacock, Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

Eber Peacock, Attorney for Assignee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a alias special execution issued from the office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis to the October term, 1883, of said court returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, in the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, plaintiff and Lewis Barnett is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of said tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Second street 36 feet in front or width and 186 feet in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 8, in Lowell addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs. ISAAC H. MASON,

Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1883. 29A

BLUE-BLOOD.

Tracing Lineage to Ancestors Whose Reputations were Mal-Odorous.

Something that Will Not Prove Soothing to the Scions of American Snobocracy.

From the New York World.

Ca ira! Ecrasez les infames!

The storm of revolution is looming and, lowering over Europe which will crush out and obliterate forever the hydra-headed monarchies of the Old World. In Russia the Nihilist is astir. In France the Communist is the coming man. In Germany the Social Democrat will soon rise again in his millions as in the days of Ferdinand Lasalier. In Italy the Internationalist is frequently heard from. In Spain the marks of the Black Hand have been visible on many an occasion. In Ireland the Fenian and Avenger terrorize, and in England the Land League is growing. All cry aloud for the blue blood of the monarch and the aristocrat. They wish to see it pouring again on the scaffold. Will it be by the guillotine that cut off the head of Louis XVI.? Or by the headsman's axe that decapitated Charles I.? Or by the dynamite that searched out the vitals of Alexander II.? Or will it be by the hangman's noose around the neck of the British monarch?

No one can tell but that the English *sans-culottes*, the descendants of Wamba, the Fool and Garth, the Swineherd, will discover the necessary method and relentlessly employ it. They will make the nobles—who fatten and luxuriate in the castles and abbeys and on the lands stolen from the Saxon, sacrilegiously robbed from the Catholic Church and kept from the peasantry of the villages and the laborer of the towns—wish they had never been born. They will be the executioners of the fate so justly merited by the aristocratic criminals of the past and the present. The cry that theirs is blue blood and that they are the privileged caste will not avail the men and women of rank when the English Republic is born. They will have to explate their tyrannies, their murders, their lusts and their crimes in accordance with the law given on Sinai amid the thunders of heaven: "The sins of the fathers shall be visited upon the children even unto the third and fourth generations."

THE PLEA OF BLUE BLOOD.

And the plea of blue blood will be as little regarded as the wind that idly passeth by. The proletarian will know that the same blood courses in the veins of the aristocrat as in the peasant, but in the noble with pius so much transmissible disease, so much hereditary scrofula and psoriasis and so much inherited madness. He will also know that when the noble's ancestors were his were also, and that they both grew like Topsey, and further, that Colleges of Arms, Kings-at-Arms and all the humbug of genealogy are so much bosh. He will remember that in Collins' "Parliamentary Precedents" may be seen the accusation that Sir Gilbert Dethick, Garter-King-at-Arms, made a false pedigree of the Barons de Grey, of Ruthin, for which he was convicted and committed to the Marshalsea Prison. And that His Grace, Charles Dudley, titular Duke of Northumberland, was found guilty in 1658 of forcing an entry of marriage in the East Greenwich Register Book and was fined 200 marks. All this, and so much more of that either Spanning English Democrat will not forget and he will laugh the blue-blood aristocrat to scorn.

The peerage of Great Britain and Ireland shows us that to-day there are only two dukedoms older than the reign of the profligate grandson of Charles II, and only two marquises more ancient than the time of Queen Victoria's crazy grandfather, George III. The records show that of the 1,631 persons in England, Scotland and Wales who now hold hereditary titles, there is not even one in the House of Lords who can claim a single direct male descent from a baron who signed Magna Charta or of a peer who fought at Agincourt. Among the titled earls there are only eleven remaining who can trace any of their Saxon, Plantagenet or Tudor, and of these, six are merged in higher honors. Fifteen peerages descend from Lord Mayors of London who were traders in that ancient city. In fact, many of the founders of noble families had their origin in stock like that of Tom Wedlock, an illiterate Yorkshire groom and son of an English farm laborer, who was made and became the Right Hon. Thomas Baron Ward, upon the Duke of Lucca transferring him from the position of stable boy to that of chamberlain, and from that to the Prime Ministership.

One of the Dukes of Norfolk was a wine merchant before he became "His Grace," and another Duke, His Grace John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, son of that Dudley who was convicted in 1553 of high treason by King Henry the Seventh, was the grandson of a carpenter at Dudley in Worcestershire, who was brought into Westminster Hall bearing upon his breast a placard with this strange device: "The false and impudent pretender to the Earldon of Northumberland." A branch from the same family tree, the Lords Dudley and and Ward, of whom the present representative is married to a sister of the Prince of Wales' lady friend, Lady Mordaunt, is descended in the female line from William Ward, a jeweler in the time of Charles the First.

THE DUKE OF ORME.

The Duke of Orme's family surname, Butler, comes from the fact that this noble family had as its predecessor a person employed in the pleasing occupation of corking and uncorking bottles, as the "Boteler" to the Earl of Chester.

The present Dukes of Leeds are directly descended from Edward Osborne, the poor apprentice of a rich London clothier, Sir William Hewitt, whose daughter he saved from drowning and eventually married.

The De la Poles, Dukes and Marquises of Suffolk, obtained their titles from the fact that Sir William de la Pole, a merchant at Hull, in Yorkshire, loaned King Edward the Third several thousand pounds of gold when at Antwerp and hard up.

The Barings, Barons Ashburton and Rothschilds, owed their elevation to the ranks of the nobility in consequence of their enormous wealth and because they were Jew money-lenders.

The Hays, Earls of Erroll, are descended from a farm laborer and his two sons, who happened to be on the battle-field of Loncarty, when Kenneth the Third defeated the Danes. They took part in the fight with their ploughshares.

The secretaryship which Robert de Holland, "a poor knight," occupied to Thomas de Plantagenet, the Earl of Lancaster, was the immediate reason of the Holland family becoming the Dukes of Surrey, Earls of Kent and Barons of Holland.

A poverty-stricken lad from Yorkshire, named Denison, who succeeded in business in London, evoluted his family from the peasantry to the rank of Barons Londesborough.

The present Lord Belper's family came direct from their stocking factory at Belper to the blue bloods. The father of the first noble, "My Lud" Belper, was one Jedediah Strutt, who invented a machine for the manufacture of ribbed stockings. They have not yet, however, had the "garter."

Brancepath Castle, the ancient seat of the lordly Nevilles, belonged to a family of baronets named Cole, who were originally blacksmiths at Gateshead. They ended worse than they began, for the last of them, Sir Mark Cole, Baronet, died in abject want.

The Barons de Hacche, of Hacche, in Wiltshire, Dugdale says, are descended from Eustache de Raccne, "a menial servant in the household" of King Edward the First, who made a baron of him.

The noble family of Baron Capel, of Hadham, come from John Capel, a draper and citizen of London, who rose to be successive ly Alderman, Sheriff, Representative in Parliament and Lord Mayor of London. The draper's grandson, Sir Henry Capel, married Anne, granddaughter of the Duchess of Essex, sister of King Edward the Fourth.

Sir Thomas Gresham, one of Queen Elizabeth's favorite nobles, and who entertained her at his seat, Osterly Park, was a London tradesman.

LORD CAMDEN THE FIRST.

The first Lord Camden, a silk mercer in London; Sir John Cockle, a miller, and Thomas, Lord Cromwell and Lord High Chamberlain, the son of a blacksmith, are other examples, as well as hundreds of the ancestors of the present nobility, who have had equal blue-blood beginnings with the above-named.

Many of the highest officials in England have come to the Prime Ministership from the store, the shop, the factory and the peasant cottage. Sir Robert Peel's people were peasants who became factory owners. Hon. George Canning was the son of a wine merchant who failed in business. Gladstone's ancestors were agricultural laborers, one of whom emigrated from his native village and went into business, and the late Lord Beaconsfield came of a family of Jew traders.

As with the men, so with many of the women of the nobility. There are peeresses living to-day who have graduated from the brothel to the ermine robe.

The Hon. Sir Thomas Wynn, Baron Newborough—in the middle of whose family tree is a note to this effect: "That about the time Noah entered the ark"—after the death of his wife, Lady Catherine Fenwick, married the Earl of Egmont, married Maria Stella Petronella Chiapini, a ballet dancer, and the daughter of the jailer of a small Italian prison.

The first George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham, married as his second spouse a domestic servant of his first wife. This is the same Duke who was the paramour of the Countess of Shrewsbury, and she, it is well known, held his horse disguised as a page while he was murdering the Earl of Shrewsbury, her husband. It is asserted that Bridget, the daughter of Oliver Cromwell and wife of Lord Ireton, once having seen the Duke disguised as a mountebank, sent for him and made amorous proposals, but he refused, stating that he was an Israelite and could not be the lover of a Christian.

The Court of the Protector's successor, King Charles the II, has already been referred to in these columns in previous "Blue Blood" articles, but it has not yet been stated that one Rowe's" sister, the Duchess of Orleans, daughter of King Charles I., was poisoned by her husband for incest with her brother Charles. Mrs. Jameson asserts that the King's affection for the Duchess "was said to proceed from that of his brother." In that wretched Court, where the "nobler" women were the vilest that the Almighty ever permitted to breathe, none outshone the Hon. Miss Hobart of the family of the Earls of Buckinghamshire, a maid of honor to King Charles' wife, Miss Hobart is said by Grammont to have been as faithful to the Duke of York as his mistress as she was to her Lesbian amours, with other maids of honor. Another of these infamous women was Lady Isabella Rich, the daughter of the Earl of Holland, and who, while acting as a go-between for the Earl and Countess of Ossory previous to their marriage, had a son by the Earl. This noble spinster died unmarried in the aroma of chastity. Her intrigues are found out years later by the Countess on the occasion of her husband's letters to herself and Lady Isabella crossing each other. The Earl bought his wife from the Earl of Holland for £15,000.

Mrs. Jameson relates that: "At the first drawing-room held by King George I., the Duchess of Portsmouth, the Countess of Dorchester, *ci-devant* mistress of James II., and the Countess of Orkney, mistress of William III., found themselves standing together in the royal presence. 'Good Lord!' exclaimed Lady Dorchester, whose impudence equaled her wit, 'Who would have thought that we three drabs should have met there?' They had all been raised to the peerage on the same terms."

Of the bastard children of Charles Beauclerc, owed his elevation to the peerage to the finesse of his mother, who, one day in the presence of King Charles II., his father said: "Come here, you little bastard." On receiving reproof from the King, the child went crying his way sorry, but had no better name to give him, poor boy!" Shortly after he was created a baron and later on Duke of St. Albans.

Lady Belasyse, another fair and frail dame of King Charles' court, was a mistress of the King's brother, the Duke of York, who also claimed as his paramour another patrician. Nell Gwynne, the Countess of Southesk. After an assignation being discovered between the Countess of Chesterfield and King Charles, she was turned off to her country house. She was not, however, as fortunate as poor Lady Denham, who was poisoned by her husband after he learned that she had fallen a victim to the King's passion through the assistance of the Countess of Castlemaine, who acted as procuress.

BIGAMOUS KING.

It has been claimed that King Charles II. committed bigamy with the Duchess of Portsmouth at the house of the Earl of Arlington, he having married her while his wife was still living. The Duchess of Portsmouth, like his other mistress, the Duchess of Mazarin, niece of Cardinal Mazarin, was the go-between King Charles and King Louis XIV. in the obtainal of a pension for the English monarch from France.

The series of articles now concluding have exhibited to the English nobility other infamous blue-blooded rascals should receive due notice. Among these are:

Sir Charles Burton, Bart., who in 1712 was indicted at the Old Bailey for stealing a gold ring, and was duly convicted of the theft.

Sir Thomas Gargrave, of Nostel Priory, Yorkshire, was indicted for murder, tried and hung at York. Dodsworth says his crime was "poisoning and burning in the oven a boy of his kitchen." His half-brother Sir Richard Gargrave, the son-in-law of Henry, Earl of Danby, is thus described: "Every folly, every reckless outlay was his. Beginning with the fashionable extravagances of the time, he sank step by step to the lowest profligacy and meanest habits—to be the boon companion of the ale-house gambler and the village sot, the associate of the very refuse of society." An utter bankrupt in means and reputation, this nobleman became an hostler, and was found dead one morning in a stable.

Robert, Lord Balfour, of Burleigh, murdered Henry Stenhouse, a schoolmaster, at Inverkeithing and was sentenced to be beheaded by the "maiden," but was permitted to escape from his prison before execution. Later on Queen Anne pardoned him—"on account of the nobility of his family."

In a verdict rendered against Lord Grey, of Werke, the following sentence appears: "We find him guilty of the most odious abuse of confidence, the meanest duplicity, the basest falsehood and the most ungenerous, most ungrateful and most unfeeling selfishness."

Robert Fitzooth, Earl of Huntingdon, because he was a robber and noble combined, has ever since his time been honored by the people of England under his popular name of Robin Hood.

One of the Earls of Anglesey caused his nephew, James Annesley, Baron of Altnam, to be kidnapped beyond the seas to this country. He then usurped his estates and titles.

Edward Wortley Montagu, son of the crazy, frail, but accomplished Lady Mary Wortley, and grandson of His Grace Evelyn, Duke of Kingston, was concerned in Paris in an extensive robbery from the house of a Hebrew. His adventures, which he published, are equal to the most extraordinary romances.

The story of the Countess of Nottingham, by her treachery causing the execution of the Earl of Essex, has been told in all the histories of England.

Another Earl of Essex, along with Lord Russell, Algernon Sidney and Hampden, was betrayed by the informer, Lord Howard, who turned "State's evidence," a la Carey.

Other equally disreputable blue-blood transactions by the score could be narrated, but it is needless in view of the fact that the greater portion of the estates of the English titled nobility are being bought up by wealthy Lancashire cotton-spinners, Staffordshire potters, Birmingham ironmen and the plutocrats of Great Brittain, who have found their way from the lowest strata of society.

NOBILITY PLAYED OUT.

The old English nobility are becoming played out in wealth and activity, the result of their extravagances and profligacies. A new order is arising—the nobility of wealth—and the old landed families are leaving but few traces behind them. The representatives of many of the bluest blood are now as poor as that Duke of Exeter whom Philip de Comines tells us he saw "following the Duke of Burgundy's train bare-footed and bare-legged, begging his bread from door to door." Others have found their way into the middle and lower classes, if not even into the Poor House.

Sir Bernard Burke, Ulster-King-at-Arms, in one of his works says of the last of the Plantagenets: "The Countess of Salisbury's only daughter, Ursula, married Henry Stafford and had several children. The daughter of the third son married a joiner, and had a son, a cobbler; and the son of the second son, Edward, third Lord Stafford, was basely married to his mother's chamber-maid."

Two of the lineal descendants of Edmund of Woodstock, Earl of Kent, sixth son of King Edward, were a butcher and a toll-bar collector respectively. The great-great-grandson of Margaret Plantagenet, the heiress of George, Duke of Clarence, was a cobbler. One of the last known Barons Umfravilles and Earls of Angus kept a chandler's shop in Newcastle, and finally became keeper of St. Nicholas Work-house. He left a son, daughter and widow in utterly destitute circumstances, and they were kept from starvation by the Duke of Northumberland.

A few years ago Lord Kingsland was a waiter at a hotel in Dawson street, Dublin. It is said he was so illiterate he could not write his own name. His Lordship died an assisted parish pauper.

Lord Kirkcudbright not long since kept a glove shop in Edinburgh. His noble name and titles were placed on the sign over the store door.

The present titular Baron de Genneville, who is descended from the brother of the Sire de Joinville, the annalist and friend of St. Louis, is a New York journalist. He also claims to be Lord Colmolyn and Lord of Milton, in Yorksaire, since the death of the head of the family, a Rear-Admiral of the Blue, who lived at Darrington Hall, Yorkshire. His father's younger brother went into trade and is one of the largest English publishers. His grandfather, Henry John, Baron Hirst, a groom of the bed-chamber to King George IV., purchased a German title and died quite a poor man, notwithstanding he had owned the three extensive Yorkshire estates of Clough House, Howarth Grange and Kimberworth Hall, which he inherited from the Hirsts, the Laughtons and the Westhies.

PUBLIC Speakers and Singers find B. H. Douglass & Son's Capsicum Cough Drops a sure remedy for hoarseness.

ELECTRIC LIGHT DANGERS.

An Expert Tells How the Supply May Be Cut Off at Any Moment.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Four thousand of the Edison electric lights went out simultaneously in New York last Tuesday evening and consumers in the down town district of Broadway suffered considerable inconvenience. Mr. Hoskins, the Philadelphia agent of the Edison Company, fully explained the nature of the accident yesterday. "At present," he said, "a similar accident is liable to happen anywhere. Our work is as yet largely experimental, but we are constantly learning by experience. We have heretofore acted upon the presumption that only a fraction of the lights supplied by a given plant will be burning at the same time. This is usually the case, but on Tuesday it was dark early in the afternoon and all the burners were alighted up simultaneously. The wires, therefore, became heavily charged. If the same conditions had occurred before the introduction and use of the Edison patent cut-off and safety-plug the consequences would have been far more serious than temporary darkness. The wires would have become hot under the unusual current and there would have been imminent danger of fire. Some time ago I saw the action of the electricity under similar circumstances, in a large mill in this city, before the safety-catches were introduced. The wires became surcharged and the lightning began to fly about the walls in a very alarming manner. Such accidents are now prevented by the safety-catch. It is a simple contrivance, introduced at points where the main wires are connected with the wires supplying the burners. The plug inserted at such points contains a small lead ribbon, through which the current passes. When the charge becomes too strong the lead ribbon melts and the current is broken at once. Of course this causes the lights to go out, but that inconvenience is preferable to having the building burn. These lead ribbons are made of various sizes. Where fifty lights are to be supplied we must necessarily use a connection capable of resisting a current that would soon melt a lead wire intended to transmit a current for only five lights. The trouble in New York was simply this: The number of lights has largely increased, while the little safety wires have remained too small. Consequently they had to succumb to the heat, leaving the consumers in darkness. The trouble is easily remedied by simply inserting thicker safety wires. This is now being done in New York. Just as a gas company has to increase its supply mains as a neighborhood grows, so we must insert safety-catches capable of a greater resistance as the consumption increases. The New York accident has taught us that we must use larger safety-catches and run the risk of heating the wires slightly."

J. FOSTER, Bethany, Mo., says: "My wife used Brown's Iron Bitters very successfully for general debility.

Boys, Keep Your Ears Warm.

Full line of boys' winter caps at

FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

A Bar-Room That is in Two States.

From the Hartford Courant.

In Greenwich, in this State, under the street which divides New York State from Connecticut, Jeremiah Whalen has kept a liquor saloon for many years. The steps that lead to the cellar are in Connecticut, and it is a disputed question whether the saloon itself is in Connecticut or New York. Whalen claims that it is in New York. Whalen was recently arrested for selling liquor without a license. The case was on trial before a Justice and was taken up to a higher court. It presents some knotty questions for the lawyers to pick at and the Court to solve. One question must be definitely settled before the case can be decided, and that is, "Where does the State line run?" The cellar, which goes by the familiar name of "Pig-eye," was dug in 1840, and has been used to evade the liquor laws of both States. It is claimed by those who ought to know that the cellar is part in one State and part in the other, and that liquor can be sold there in either State at the option of the bartender. Recently a house was put up over the "Pig-eye," and so arranged that there is, as it is claimed, a bar-room in each State.

Organizer of Victory.

General Rufus Ingalls, Quartermaster General, considers St. Jacob's Oil the best pain-cure for sprains and bruises ever used.

Ain't This Cheap?

For $2 we duplicate in shape any of the popular styles of gents' shoes worn this season and show ten different lines—warranted solid leather in Bals, Congress, Imitation Lace, Creedmoor, English Walkers, etc. This is what we do in cheap shoes. In the finest handsewed dress shoes for gents and ladies we head the St. Louis market in style and low prices at

FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

IN THE OLD BARN.

Upon the old barn's scaffold high,
With dreamy gaze on fragrant hay
I watch the swallows come and go
With twittering notes above my head,

Without, upon the half-shut door,
The Phœbe sits in silent mood,
Prospecting for a place to build
Her nest and rear her quiet brood.

The hens upon the seedy floor,
Are scratching for the scattered grain;
While chanticleer a challenge hears,
And answers back in deafening strain.

Old Charley in the stall below
Keeps grinding at the clover hay,
And tries with many an angry stamp
To drive the saucy flies away.

But hark! a pleasant sound I hear,
Of children coming down the lane—
And now they strive with flying feet
To see who first the barn will gain.

A gush of laughter greets my ears,
As up the ladder lithe and gay,
They come to seek for hidden eggs,
And frolic on the fragrant hay.

The little rogues are wild with joy
At finding father's hiding-place,
And thus my pleasant day dream ends
With smothering kiss and fond embrace.

C. F. GERRY.

WONDERS OF SCIENCE.

What a Savant is Doing with the Wind River Petrifactions.

From the Virginia City Enterprise.

A Comstocker who has just returned from the Wind River range of mountains, says the fossil remains and petrifactions he saw up in that country are more wonderful than has yet been told; that they are absolutely bewildering and astounding. He visited a place discovered about three months ago, in regard to which little is as yet known to the outside world. It is a circular valley surrounded by cement hills, that lie between two lofty ranges of mountains composed principally of igneous rocks. A small stream which passes through the valley has cut a channel through a middle tertiary or eocene formation, composed principally of indurated sand and a chalky cement, leaving walls about forty feet high. These walls are about eighty feet apart, and imbedded in them are exposed thousands and thousands of tons of petrified and fossilized creatures and objects belonging to the ages before the deluge.

Protruding from the eroded banks of the small creek are to be seen all manner of petrified animals, fishes and reptiles. The astonished beholder sees before him, perfect as in life, yet completely silicified, the mighty mastodon, the dinothirium, of mountain size, the sloth-like megatherium, the tapir-like paleotherium, and many other wonderful creatures, some standing erect, others lying as though at rest, while many are tumbling about in a confused manner. Mingled promiscuously with the huge skeletons are found deer, sheep, pigs, goats, and similiar familiar animals, with turtles, lizards, clams, oysters, bass, pike, perch, and all kinds of fishes, most of which are as natural and fresh looking as in life. There are also seen all kinds of fruit, vegetables, and nuts. The watermelons, cucumbers, pumpkins, squashes, apples, pears, and plums look just as fresh and tempting as though but newly gathered, yet all are solid stone.

This valley of petrifaction lies at no great distance from the rich tin mines discovered a few months ago. It is expected that a large city will soon be built up at the tin mines, and already much land has been staked off in that locality. A gentleman of high scientific attainments, named Bradshaw, has taken up the valley mentioned above, in which the fossil remains are found. He was sent out from New York to examine the tin mines, and has been in the country about five months. He has no superior as a chemist, and after making his report to parties in the East on the tin discoveries, turned his attention to experimenting upon the fossils.

Mr. Bradshaw had conceived the idea—quite vague at first—that by reversing the chemical operations of nature, through which the vegetable objects, animate and inanimate, were petrified, he might restore them to their first condition and pristine freshness. He began by making a careful analysis of the petrific earths composing the fossils and then proceeded to make experiments upon plums, peaches, and the like, and in about a month his efforts were crowned with complete success.

His process is in the main kept a profound secret, but it is known that he first uses an acid combined of diluted nitric and other acids, in a greatly diluted form, by means of which he neutralizes the lime and acts upon the silica. Afterward are used ammonious solutions and other solutions, the secret of the composition of which is carefully guarded.

To his great surprise and joy, Mr. Bradshaw found that the same baths and solutions used in the defosstilization of fruits and vegetables, operated equally well in the case of fishes, reptiles and animals, until a certain stage of the operation was reached, after which special solutions and different treatment were required. Mr. Bradshaw, among other schemes, intends supplying the markets of the new "Tin city," soon to be built, with fruit, fish, vegetables, and meats of all kinds. Mastodon, mammoth chops and megatherium cutlets and mastodon steaks. From his fossil bonanza—or cache of meats, fruits and vegetables as it may now be considered, in the light of his discoveries—he will furnish to all kinds of provisions, fine and fresh, and in such quantity as may be called for in the demands of the market.

Mr. Bradshaw has had such great success with fishes, reptiles, and a few small animals, that he asserts quite confidently that before another year he will have a restored mastodon, a megatherium and some other strange antediluvian animals traveling contentedly about the country with Barnum's great show.

Our Comstocker says that while in the valley of fossils with Mr. Bradshaw, he ate as fine turtle soup as he ever tasted in his life, made from a stone turtle that he blasted out of the cement but six hours before; also, he says, he at the same time ate fish of several kinds, a melon, some fruit and a mastodon steak, all of which had been quarried out of the banks of the creek the same day.

Mr. Bradshaw is now making experiments in the direction of giving life to the restored creatures, and with much success. Our Comstock friend says that a glytodon, a creature like a terrapin or armadillo, but larger than an ox, began to move its legs in two days after Mr. Bradshaw began operating upon it, and while he was there it once or twice lifted its head and opened its eyes. He had already succeeded with several kinds of fishes and turtle (which he has swimming about in a pool,) with several small reptiles, and had a badger that lived two weeks. It would probably have lived to the end of its natural life had it not been—as was found upon dissection—that its stomach still remained stone. The solution not having properly penetrated at the time.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague and other Intermittent Fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from Fever or other sickness it has no equal.

DR. A. D. WILLIAMS, Oculist and Aurist, 723 Chestnut street.

"Shake Shtays In.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"My boy Shake he comes a big shoke on me," said a pleasant-faced farmer at the Gratiot Avenue Station yesterday.

"How was that?"

"Vhell, Shake was radder lazy and he eat more on der table ash two men. Last vheek he shtrikes on me for wages."

"Is he of age?"

"Oh, no. Shake vhas only 16. I doan pelief he can earn his poard mit any farmer, und so I tells him I vhas willing to poard und clothe him, und if some circus comes along I gif him feefty cents. Dot vhas goot enough for a poy mit sooch an appetite. But vhat you pelief Shake does?

"I dunno."

"He comes to town und drinks some peer und vhas arrested und sent up mit der workhouse for seexty days. If I take him out I haf to bay ten dollar cash. Dot vhas a big shoke on me, und Shake he laughs all oafer himself."

"Why don't you leave him in there to serve out his time? He gets his board and clothes, and you have nothing for him to do at home in the winter."

"By Shiminy, but I nefer tought of dot pefore! Dot's so—dot's so! Shake vhas no goot at home, und vhas only expense on me. If I doan pay dot ten dollar den he shtays in."

"And the joke is on him."

"Dot's so—dot's so. If I take him out he laugh pehind my pack mit der poys. If I leaf him in I go oop to see him once a vheek und makes some grins und ask him how it vhas so far he goes, Shake shtays in. Ha! ha! ha! I vhas tickled already!"

As a Cure for Sore Throat and Cough. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" have been thoroughly tested, and maintain their good reputation.

STRANGERS in the city should drink Evans Sander's dielightful sparkling table waters in order to avoid colic and bowel complaints produced by the change of drinking water.

BLAINE AND CONKLING.

They Are Steadfast Enemies — No Reconciliation Possible.

Ramsdell's Washington Letter in Philadelphia Press.

I notice that your correspondent has created a good deal of stir by disclosing an effort that is being made, it is said, to bring about a good feeling between Mr. Blaine and Mr. Conkling. How vain and foolish are all such efforts. Mr. Blaine and Mr. Conkling will never be on speaking terms again. This I know. A good, honest "mad," a good, honest indignation, a good, honest quarrel, where the situation is thoroughly understood, and where each party to the quarrel believes himself injured—such a quarrel can never be made up. It may be done so far as outward appearances are concerned. Apologies, even, may be exchanged, but there never can be peace and forgiveness within the tent of either. Shake hands? Yes; but they hate each other just the same.

I happen to know both gentlemen pretty well. Conkling is a sneering, sarcastic, bitter, unforgiving, relentless man. Blaine is merciless in a fight. There are no weapons he would not use. He will come out victor if it is possible. But Blaine is not a vindictive man. He does not treasure and keep warm his enmities. He is very liable to get even with his enemies, but afterwards he does not trouble himself. In this respect he is much like Ben Butler. With either Blaine or Butler, the minute the coon says, "Don't shoot, I'll come down," that minute the enmity is over. I do not believe that Blaine would do anything to injure Conkling. He simply lets him alone.

Conkling is so bitter and unchangeable in his hate that there is scarcely anything he would not do to injure Blaine. If Conkling could be President by "making up" with Blaine he would still be unforgiving. I do not say that Blaine is not the same, but the difference is that Conkling hates in his heart, while Blaine merely stands on his self-respect. Conkling would accept no tender from Blaine or Blaine's friends, and Blaine is too proud to ever offer it, although I believe that Blaine, in his heart, has no ill will against Conkling, or any man, for that matter. He simply defeated Mr. Conkling in debate. That was all he wanted. Conkling has never got over it. So the talk that Conkling is to help Blaine to the Presidency and Blaine is to help Conkling to the New York Senatorship is simply fatuitous.

PREVIOUS FAILURES.

Many attempts have been made to bring Blaine and Conkling together, but it is needless to say that they have all failed. One noted one I happened to know something about. De Witt Clinton Wheeler, at one time a heavy merchant in New York, subsequently a contractor for Indian supplies, and very recently one of the Police Commissioners of New York (who is known among his familiars as "Clint" Wheeler), thought he could reach the desired end. He is a regular Featherly—everybody's friend. He knew both Blaine and Conkling well,

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
Removed to the new and elegant establishment Twelfth and Washington Av.
Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

12 LBS Clarified Sugar $1; 11 lbs Granulated Sugar $1. Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO.,
108 N. Fifth Street.

CHEAP RAILWAY TICKETS FOR ALL POINTS.
J. W. Stockbridge, Ticket Broker,
405 WASHINGTON AVENUE (under Lindell Hotel.)
Excursion Tickets bought and exchanged.

Whenever you get Ink on your fingers or your Ink is muddy, remember the

DIPPER INKSTAND

will prevent it and give you Fresh Ink every time
You can buy this latest novelty from
Robt. D. Patterson & Co.
316 and 318 North 3d St.

CITY NEWS.

Artistic Parlor Furniture.

We have no parlor furniture upholstered East, but have our parlor frames made and buy parlor coverings, steel springs and best white hair, and make them up to order in our St. Louis shops, at Boston prices. We were awarded the ONLY FIRST PREMIUM AND DIPLOMA OVER ALL COMPETITORS FOR BEST SPECIMENS OF UPHOLSTERY WORK at our St. Louis Fair.
GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.,
500 N. 4th st.,
St. Louis.

THE justly famed "Anderson" and Belmont Sour mash whiskies and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lupe & Co., 324 and 326 Olive street.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington av.

AMERICA'S and Europe's best Beers.
FAUST'S OWN,
Pilsener,
Erlanger,
Culmbacher,
Fresh on draught daily at
TONY FAUST'S.

Dr. E. C. Franklin,
Office and residence, 2648 Olive street.

POZZONI'S Chemical Hair Balm cures baldness and makes the hair glossy and wavy.

THE easiest way to supply your wants. The want columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

TEN cents will get you anything you want through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH

Dr. E. C. Chase,
622 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut st.

OLD Dr. Whittier, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, may be found from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indiscretion, excesses, inequiences. Safe medicines; consultation free. "Health, Beauty, Longevity," 256 pages, sent sealed, 50 cents, or at office.

FRATERNITY FACTS.

Monitor Lodge, No. 68, Knights of Pythias, will have work in the Page's rank to-night.

Aurora Lodge, No. 2,719, Knights of Honor, will confer the degree of youth this evening.

Germania Legion, No. 18, Select Knights A. O. U. W., hold regular business meeting to-night.

Laclede Lodge, No. 22, I. O. O. F. have several items of important business on hand for this evening.

Columbia Association, No. 1, National Americans, will sing of the Red, White and Blue this evening.

Red Cross Lodge, No. 51, Knights of Pythias, will have a large meeting to-night. Come early; take the elevator.

Brilliant Council, No. 18, Order Chosen Friends, announce a gala time this evening at Easton and Taylor avenues.

Cosmos Lodge, No. 196, I. O. O. F., will have an initiation this evening and consider several applications for membership.

St. Louis Lodge, No. 1, A. O. U. W., will consider the proposition offered at the last session. You had better be there.

West Gait Lodge No. 445, A. F. & A. M., have a called meeting to-night, and the work will be in the Entered Apprentice degree.

Armin Lodge, No. 6, Sons of Hermann, will meet this evening, and in connection with the routine business will have an initiation.

Anchor Lodge, No. 1, Good Templars, will depart from their usual programme to-night and something entirely new will be introduced.

Hope Council, No. 3, Knights of Temperance, will confer the primary grade this evening, and after work will discuss the subject of oysters a la mode.

The purpose of the special communication of Tuscan Lodge, No. 360, Free Masons, this evening, is to confer the Entered Apprentice degree upon several cowans.

To-night is the time, and Ninth and Franklin avenue the place, that Lafayette Council, No. 332, American Legion of Honor, will have everything in readiness for seekers after truth and rich.

Wayne Lodge, No. 2,874, Knights of Honor, had a rousing meeting last night. The arrangements are complete for the first anniversary ball early in November. Among the visitors was the jolly Nath W. Hunt, who made one of his characteristic speeches, much to the merriment of the encyclopedia.

The visit of Globe Lodge, No. 54, to Jefferson No. 14, A. O. U. W., was full of the events attending such fraternal expressions. First, there was a jam; secondly, the jammed ones were the jolliest; thirdly, the lunch was jammed out of sight with electric rapidity. Yet there was enough for all, and some to spare. Jefferson never does anything on the half inch, and this occasion was an added triumph for her.

"MENS sana in corpore sano:" "A sound mind is a sound body" is the trade mark of Allen's Brain Food, and we assure our readers that, if dissatisfied with either weakness of brain or Bodily powers, this remedy will permanently strengthen both. $1. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Avenue, New York City.

The Famous Cloak Parlors—Of Interest to the Ladies.

The fourth week of our new departure in adding a large cloak department to our establishment has proved a gratifying success. The ladies, who have an intuitive perception in finding out the choice spots to do shopping, where the best styles of goods are to be found for the *least money*, have made a grand forward movement on our cloak department, and we are happy to know from the increase in cash receipts that in introducing a full assortment of stylish cloaks, jerseys and fine overgarments at Famous prices, we have struck another chord of popular fancy. We have just opened several new lines in dolmans, circulars and jersey and silk plush jackets, to which we call special attention. Full assortment of misses' and children's cloaks and overgarments. We guarantee the *lowest prices in St. Louis* on these goods. Before purchasing an overgarment of any description, from a jersey jacket to a sealskin sacque, don't fail to look through the *elegant assortment* on sale at the
FAMOUS CLOAK PARLORS,
Fifth and Morgan.

SPORTING SUNDRIES.

What the Arbitration Committee Did at New York.

Base-Ball Gossip—Professional Movements and Personals.

The Arbitration Committee had a two days' session at New York Saturday and Sunday, and the result of their work was important in its bearing on base-ball interests for next year. The members present were A. G. Mills, late of Chicago, now of New York, G. B. Mills of New York, and A. H. Soden of Boston, both League representatives, William Barnie of Baltimore, O. P. Caylor of Cincinnati, and Lew Simmons of Philadelphia, of the American Association, and Elias Watson of Grand Rapids, of the Northwestern League. The work done was, in abstract, as follows: Any club is allowed to come in under the tairpartite agreement from a city not represented in the three associations. No clubs will be allowed to be entered from cities now already having members, thus preventing the League from starting a club in Baltimore or St. Louis, or the American Association having a club in Chicago. The prospects of the Brooklyn and Indianapolis clubs were canvassed and they were allowed full protection with a view of their becoming members shortly. The new agreement is much more comprehensive than of old. The President of any Base Ball Association signing the National agreement, all clubs of that association thereby come under the agreements, provisions, and are fully protected.

That part of the agreement which draws the non-intercourse line against any club employing a reserve player, and against any club playing against such club, will have the effect to place any club which employs a reserved player on a similar footing to one which should employ an expelled player.

The policy of securing players by bonuses, such as was done by the St. Louis club in the case of Lewis, is modified by a clause providing that when a club releases a player that player shall not be eligible for negotiation or contracting with any other club until ten days after the secretary of the association shall have mailed notices of his release to the secretaries of all the other parties thereto. This makes any contract invalid which may be made with such released player, prior to ten days after the notice of release is promulgated, and gives every club a chance to get at the released player at the same time.

The scheme of an interchange of championship games between League and American clubs was informally considered, and it was agreed to submit the plans to the two associations at their respective annual meetings. A general desire was expressed that the schedule committees of the two bodies come together and agree upon schedules which should not conflict, in New York and Philadelphia.

An informal invitation was extended to the new Union League to come under the rules and obligations of the tripartite agreement.

As the new league proposes to establish itself upon the ignoring of the reserve rule there is no fear of its doing as requested.

SPORTING NOTES AND GOSSIP.

President Von der Ahe left last evening for Cincinnati, and will be gone a day or two. To-day he will have a lengthy consultation with the new manager, Mr. Williams, and steps will be taken at once to clinch the work already done in securing new players.

The Allegheny muddle gets thicker and thicker; the McKnight element seems to be crowded out, and now the gossip is of a transfer of franchise to a new corporation which is headed by Messrs. Brown and Converse, both capitalists. Brown is the gentleman who had Taylor locked up all night for refusing to give back a diamond he had given him. As a matter of fact, the Allegheny club has broken contract with its players, and they are now free to go where they choose.

The Gore team was defeated in New Orleans on Sunday by a score of 3 to 2. The combination consisted of well known professionals—Wise, Gore, Kelley, Carpenter, Williamson, Flint, Tenison, Nava, Daly. The Eclipse nine was as follows: Browning, Becker, Peifler, Wolf, Sullivan, Whiting, Peltz, Cline, Sommers. About 2,500 persons were present.

John L. Sullivan, Slade and the rest of the band of hard-hitters are in Cincinnati at present. They will dazzle St. Louis on Sunday next at Sportsman's Park.

Caylor of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette has a chronic weakness for misrepresention. In referring to the new Union League, he speaks of their signing contracted men. Caylor knows that this is false. They avowedly will recognize all sorts of contracts, but will not pay the slightest respect to the reserve rule.

John O'Brien has signed with the Columbus Club.

President Stern of the Cincinnati Club has lost his father.

The Enquirer says that Scott of Fort Wayne will play with the St. Louis club next year.

Phil Power will remain in Cincinnati next year, after all. His Baltimore contract was provisional.

Boston is troubled with the new club fever, and announces another nine for next season. Ben Douglas, jr., the organizer of both the Hartford and Providence clubs, is backing the scheme. The new team will be managed by Tim Murnan, late of the Athletics and Bostons. The club will join the Union League.

The Southern and Western Racing Associations will meet at the office of the Louisville Jockey Club November 22 to take some concerted action looking to the prevention and suppression of fraud on the track.

The sprinting match between Lee and Nally is arranged to take place at Sportsman's Park, November 11. Lester, another well-known professional, is in town and there is a prospect of some good foot racing ahead.

The St. Louis Club management will organize a reserve nine next year. This will not be confined to local players but there will be an opportunity for aspiring experts from other places to show their good points. This will be a move in the proper direction.

Mr. James A. St. John is about to leave for Chicago, whence he goes to bid good-bye to Hanlan, who is en route to Australia to consummate his matches there with Laycock and probably Trickett. Hanlan has released his hotel in Toronto for five years.

The Lacrosse Club will meet some evening this or next week to make arrangements for the coming fall and winter season. A strong effort will be made to put the popular Canadian game on a strong footing this winter.

Col. Norman J. Colman and his son, Frank P. Colman, leave to-night for Kansas, where they go deer hunting.

A TRIFLE "OFF."

ST. LOUIS, October 29, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I desire to call the attention of the readers of your valuable paper, the organ of the people, to something that I "happened" to notice in the sporting column of yesterday's Republican, to-wit: Speaking of the appearance of John L. Sullivan at Sportsman's Park next Sunday as pitcher, this, as it terms itself, "the old reliable," says that those who wish to see this specimen of "muscular Christianity" will have their curiosity satisfied. As if Christianity and pugilism walked hand in hand. Now I think it is a shame, and almost an outrage, that the word Christianity should be used in such a sense, and think others will agree with me. In order to disabuse any one's mind of the fact that I might belong to the Y. M. C. A., or a strict church member, I will simply state that I am a young man of Jewish parentage, born and brought up in this country. I am a lover of nearly all kinds of sport, but cannot say that I really favor pugilism, but do not like to see a word that should be more sacred so badly used and am very liberal in my views toward Christians. * * * *
MULTUM IN PARVO.

"Multum in Parvo" is a trifle severe; "muscular Christianity" is a phrase long in use and should not be accepted in too literal a sense, although Mr. Sullivan may be a very devout man for aught here known to the contrary. In reference to the latter part of "Multum in Parvo's" communication, he would do well to exercise a trifle of the charity he hints at so liberally possessing. According to knowledge at hand, the matter referred to was written without the knowledge or consent of the party named, and was a surprise to him as being something very unusual.

No good health with thin, impure blood. Hop Bitters makes rich blood and good health.

THE marked courtesy extended to all visitors by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust, is making their art rooms a delightful place of resort for people of refined and cultivated taste, who are enabled leisurely to survey the objects de vertu without any annoying solicitations to purchase.

A Coachman's Board.

The jury which was impaneled in Circuit Court Room No. 3, yesterday afternoon to try the case of S. M. Boyden vs. Charles B. Greeley, ended their work this morning by awarding the plaintiff a judgment of $120 against the defendant. The plaintiff, Mrs. S. M. Boyden, is the keeper of a boarding-house affected by colored people, and among her boarders not long ago was the coachmen of Mr. Greeley. Mr. Greeley gave the fellow money every week with which to pay his board, but the landlady never received it, and when he had run up a bill of $120, she got tired of waiting and asked Mr. Greeley to pay her the money. The latter refused on the ground that he had already provided for its payment. Mrs. Boyden brought suit in a Justice's court, and won her case there. Mr. Greeley thereupon appealed the case to the Circuit Court, with the result above mentioned.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

Ladies' Caps.

In French and South Sea Seal $1 to $3. Fur trimmings by the yard, one to six inches in width. Hair Collars and Muffs. HAT DEPARTMENT,
FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

A. D. Fisher, Dallas, Texas, is at Barnum's.

Lee S. Warner, Buffalo, is registered at the Lindell.

G. H. Sanders, New York, is a guest at Moser Hotel.

E. L. Good and wife, Cincinnati, Ohio, are at Moser Hetel.

J. Prescott Eldridge, jr., New York, is stopping at Barnum's.

Mrs. R. L. Powers and son, Prescott, Ark., are registered at Barnum's.

L. Turnure, Gus Turnure and R. Turnure, New York, are stopping at the Southern.

Charles V. Goddard, Brooklyn, Edward Bates, Pittsburg, and D. K. Marion, Louisville, are at the Southern.

Charles Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, H. C. Wilson and Miss Wilson, England, are registered at the Southern.

W. F. Weber, Boonville; J. L. Downs, Buena Vista, and S. L. North, Hartford, Conn., are at the Hotel Barnum.

E. W. Kemper, Jamesport, Ind.; Howard Marshall, Ft. Worth, and John Burchard, Omaha, are at the St. James.

W. H. Brown, Louisville, Ky.; Wm. A. Lemma, Carbondale; J. N. Guss, Little Rock, Ark.; A. Hill, Cincinnati, Ohio, are at Moser Hotel.

W. R. Grav, Boston; W. R. Lyman, New Orleans, T. J. Powell, Columbus, and Rudolph Kohlali, Hamburg, Germany, are at the Lindell.

W. S. Shirk, Sedalia; J. W. Blanchard, Council Bluffs; R. M. Abbott and wife, Davenport; T. D. Armstrong, Fayette, and C. C. Duncan and wife, Louisville, are at the Laclede.

Samuel P. Smith, Philadelphia; W. T. Carrington, Richmond, Va.; J. F. Pollard, Boston; A. J. Baker, Centerville, Iowa; D. B. Nichols and R. H. Scearce, Paris, Ky., are at the Planters'.

Joseph McCrea, Baltimore; R. H. Hill and wife, Colorado; George Parker and wife, Capt. John S. Shaw, St. Charles, Mo.; W. W. Jamison, Coutterville; Charles Graham, St. Paul; G. C. Geisse, Chicago; J. H. Parsons, Foristell; Capt. R. M. McDowell, Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, are at Hotel Hunt.

A. E. Robbins, Indianapolis; G. W. Creath and wife, Piedmont, Mo.; W. E. Gearhard, Vandalia; J. T. Phelps, Emporia, Kan.; J. M. Martin and lady, Chicago, Ill.; T. A. Rugland, Clinton, Mo.; W. H. Bowles, Lane's Prairie, Mo.; T. P. Rentchler, Belleville, Ill.; W. H. Haggerty, Minneapolis, Minn.; A. R. Ray and family, Salem, Ill.; E. W. Hawkins, Marshall, Texas; T. M. Clayton, Kansas City, are stopping at the Everett.

DELIGHTED visitors crowd the art rooms of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust, selecting bridal gifts and pretty things for home decoration. They are lavish in their praises of the beautiful goods and the low prices.

The Jefferson Avenue Railroad.

A letter appeared in this column some days ago, complaining of the diseased condition of the horses and mules of the Jefferson Avenue Line, and requesting the Humane Society to look into the matter. The complaint was manifestly unjust to Mr. Charles R. Dickson, the superintendent of the line, who sends us the following communication from the special agent of the Humane Society. The letter is a sufficient vindication of the company, and of its superintendent:

ST. LOUIS, October 26, 1883.

Chas. R. Dickson, Superintendent Jefferson Avenue Railroad:

DEAR SIR—In reply to your favor of the 25th inst., would say that on that date I made a careful and thorough examination of the company's stock and found only two animals galled, and those not so badly as to deem it necessary to ask that they be relieved from their work; the galls being only about the size of a half dollar and apparently healing rapidly.

Very respectfully,
JOHN H. HOLMES,
Special Agent Humane Society.

E. F. BENNET, Macon City, Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is a good medicine and acts like a true tonic."

Carriage and Lap Robes.

Large line of these goods in plush and fur: $3 to $20, at FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

Columbus, Kan.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBUS, KAN., October 29.—On last Thursday Dr. C. C. McDowell died on his farm, eight miles east of this city, at the age of 63, and was buried the following day with Masonic honors. He came to this country in 1856, and for many years figured conspicuously in the settlement of this county.——A. P. Riddle, editor of the Girard Press, is in the city.——M. H. Gardner, editor of the Baxter News, is also paying his respects to Columbus.——The Knights of Pythias lodge of this city conferred the rank of Esquire upon D. P. Haseltine last Friday night.——Ella June Meade will give an entertainment in execution at the Presbyterian Church to-morrow evening.

HOUSEKEEPERS should remember when on shopping that both time and money can be saved by coming to the Simmons Hardware Company, as at no other place can so great a variety of useful and beautiful things be found, and their prices are always the lowest in the city,

Missouri News.

MARSHALL, October 30.—Fred. Smith, who, two months ago forged his brother-in-law's name to checks amounting to $500, was brought here from Hempstead County, Ark., yesterday.

SPRINGFIELD, October 30.—James and George Lewis broke jail Monday at Mt. Vernon, and escaped with two horses. The Sheriff of Lawrence County has offered $100 for each of the men, and $50 for each of the horses.

MEXICO, October 30.—John Miller was nearly beaten to death yesterday by his stepsons, who claimed that Miller had abused their invalid mother until it became intolerable. Miller's wounds may prove fatal. The boys are under arrest.

POPLAR BLUFF, October 30.—The M. E. Conference adjourned yesterday. The appointments were read Sunday. The conference will meet in St. Louis next year.

WEDDING, reception and visiting cards, the most elegant executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

W. H. McClenningham, agent of the Northern Pacific Express Company, was arrested by Chicago detectives on Monday, for the embezzlement of $2,000.

Our Great School Shoe Specials

Are just what you want, if extra wear, solid comfort and good fit is any object. Our Specials are not found elsewhere, they being made to our order, and according to our own idea of what and how a thorough and satisfactory School Shoe should be made.

LOW PRICES!

J. G. BRANDT,

504 AND 506 FRANKLIN AV.

J. M. WARD
Furniture, Stove and Carpet Company,
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and EVERYTHING in the HOUSE FURNISHING LINE, selling at Greatly Reduced Prices on WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS. Call and see us. Open until 9 O'Clock Every Night.

St. Jacobs Oil
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(SUCCESSORS TO A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

FLORENCE ETCHING SILK.

Prepared expressly for art designs in outline. This Silk will not split or fray in working, and is durable both in color and texture.
Sold by enterprising dealers. For heavy outlines use No. 500, for finer work use No. 600. The colors BEST adapted for work which will require washing are Black, Blue, Brown, Old Gold, Gold, Yellow and Pink. Our latest Knitting Book (No. 4), sent on receipt of three 2-cent stamps.
CORTICELLI SILK CO., St. Louis.

SPECTACLES!

GOLD AT $5 PER PAIR.
STEEL AT $1 PER PAIR.
Accurately Adjusted.

OPERA GLASSES

MAGNIFICENT STOCK, FINE GOODS.
$3.50 Prices Range From **$50**
We invite you to examine our Elegant Variety.
MERMOD & JACCARD
JEWELRY CO.,
FOURTH AND LOCUST.
Send 6 cents for postage for Catalogue, 1,500 Engravings.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS
In chronic dyspepsia and liver complaint, and in chronic constipation and other obstinate diseases Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is beyond all comparison the best remedy that can be taken. As a means of restoring the strength and vital energy of persons who are sinking under the debilitating effects of painful disorders, this standard vegetable invigorant is confessedly unequaled.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

THE
LAST STRAW
TO BREAK
THE CAMEL'S BACK
OUR
$15.00
AMERICAN
CORKSCREW
CUT-AWAY
SACK
SUITS!

FOR GENTS!
$15, $15, $15, $15, $15.
This SUIT has all the appearance and style of the
IMPORTED CORKSCREWS
Will wear just as long, and if you don't feel able to buy the high-priced article, why you can get out of the scrape by clinching on to our
$15.00 SUITS.

FOR $25 00

We give you a choice in Genuine Imported Corkscrews in Haymarkets, Cut-Aways or Prince Albert style, the identical goods our competitors charge you
$30 00 and $35 00 for.
Don't Fail to see Them and Save the Difference.

ALL-WOOL SUITS
ANY STYLE YOU WANT

At $8 50.	At $10 00.
At $12 50.	At $13 50.
At $15 00.	At $16 50.
At $18 00.	At $20 00.
At $22 50.	At $25 00.
At $27 50.	At $30 00.

Over Two Hundred styles represented in all the fashionable makes and fabrics.

We defy the world to beat us on low prices and variety. No Western competitors. AT
FAMOUS
FIFTH AND MORGAN.

AFTER OVERCOATS

The first thing that cool weather admonishes you to procure is WARM ER UNDERCLOTHES. Our showing in Underwear includes whit and fancy Merino, Oxford, Red Mixed, Medicated, Imperial; Whit and California Flannels, Camel's Hair, etc. Prices from 50c to $3 50 per Garment, $1 to $7 for Shirt and Drawers. This Underwea comes to us direct from the Mills, and you'll find by comparing note that our prices are somewhat less than the usual prices asked for th same goods about town. We are also showing new and choice lines Neckwear by celebrated makers, Collars and Cuffs, too, as well Gloves, Hosiery and other fixings.

UMBRELLAS AND RUBBER COATS A SPECIALTY!

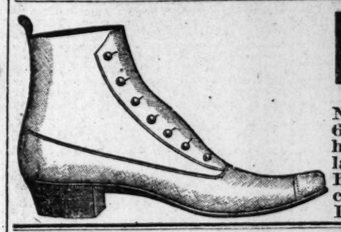
Changes in many instances, although they amuse the mind, do profit, but a change is necessary to correct imperfections, which best illustrated by stating that our Furnishing Goods Department now under new management, and it adds to the pleasure of ackno edging it, because we are now enabled, with the assistance of our ex help, to insure PROMPT ATTENTION.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO
Premium Clothiers and Furnishers, Corner Pine and Broadway.
Orders by Mail promptly and carefully filled.

Hall $40 Type Writer.

Awarded the Medal of Superiority over the Remington and Caligraph Type W ers at American Institute, N. Y.

Some of its Advantages.
It is CHEAP, less than half the price of others
It is WELL MADE, and will not get out of orde
It is PORTABLE, weighs less than five pounds
It can be used on cars or carriage IN MOTION.
It does NEATER and better work.
It can be used for a GREATER VARIETY of w
It has SEVERAL STYLES of Type.
It is simple, has but one KEY, and is EASILY L
It PRINTS CARDS, envelopes, etc.
The printing lies BEFORE the operator, like
PARKER, RITTER & CO., Agents, 420 North Third Street.



Brolaski

New Shoe Store, S. E. Cor. 6th and Olive st. The only house in City handling large lines of Gents' and Boys' Boots and Shoes exclusively. Nobby Shoes, Latest styles.

EASY TIME PAYMENTS.

CHEAPEST place for parties going housekeeping to buy, for cash or time. Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, and everything needed in housekeeping. We guarantee the public to sell cheaper than any house in the city. Don't forget this.
FRITSCH FURNITURE AND STOVE COMPANY,
1502, 1513 to 1515 South Broadway. Open until 9 o'clock.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

N. W. Cor. Fifth and Olive Streets.
Pure Medicines, Fine Perfumery, Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.
ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.
Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

THE AGONY IS OVER,

The Great Fair is at an end at last, but McNichols' NEW CARPETS, NEW STYLE FURNITURE and ELEGANT STOVES, are coming in faster than ever, and the advantage of
BUYING FROM McNICHOLS
Who sells anything and everything on the Installment plan, is apparent. Wh the bills are divided and easy to pay, the only McNicohls is the Poor Man's Frie and the Rich Man's solid comforter. Look at the New Fall Colors in Carpets, and the best Heaters on earth.
H. McNICHOLS,
1017, 1019, 1022 and 1024 Market St.

ELECTION NOTICE!

OFFICE HOPE MINING COMPANY, 417 OLIVE STREET, ROOM No. 7, ST. LOUIS, October 6, 1883.

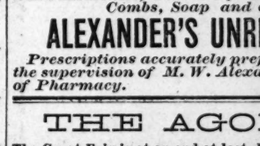
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of thirteen (13) directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis on Monday, November 12, 1883.

Polls open from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from October 13 to November 13, both dates included.
Attest: SAMUEL GATY, President.
JOHN T. FIELD, Secretary.

Mr. M. Dwight Collier, who has been abroad for three years, has returned to the city.

General Conveyancing Offices
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS. NOTARY PUBLIC
MORRISON RENSHAW,
515 PINE STREET.
TYPEWRITER COPYING AND SHORTHAND REPORTING.
The careful drawing of deeds, contracts and agreements, and the incorporation of companies, a specialty, and at reasonable rates. Briefs and other legal and general copying rapidly and accurately executed on type-writers. Private and spacious offices for taking depositions, and no extra charge for type-writing same. Shorthand reporting furnished for court cases, (transcripts type-written) at regular prices; special rates for office dictation. Special attention to commissions from other cities and states. First-class safe for valuable papers. Acknowledgments and affidavits taken and accounts verified at office or residence. Telephone 749.

Horseshoeing.



JNO. M. GOMES, 1410 Clark Av.
The cut represents foot shod with Bar shoe, to relieve what is called a quarter crack. The proper way to shoe a horse is to make the shoe to fit the foot. That is the reason hand-made work is the best, for no two horses have feet the same size, and he who can put on and shape a foot properly ought to be a good horseshoer, as by those means all defects are remedied. By working m yself and employing only the best of workmen I can assure to my patrons a first-class job.

McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM
Is the pure extract from the drug, from which all the hurtful properties are removed, and the medicinal ones retained. No headache, costiveness or sickness of the stomach attend its use. Price 50 cents. All druggist

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS SAPOLIO
BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN SOAP
FOR ALL
House-Cleaning Purposes.
IT WILL CLEAN
PAINT, MARBLE, OIL CLOTHS, BATH TUBS, CROCKERY, KITCHEN UTENSILS, WINDOWS, &c.
IT WILL POLISH
TIN, BRASS, COPPER AND STEEL WARES OF ALL KINDS.

Varney Carriage COMPANY,
2109 to 2117 Morgan Street.
Largest Stock, Best Work, Lowest Prices.
HENRY TIMKEN, : : Presidents.
ZENAS VARNEY, Sec'y and Treasurer.
WM. DURIE, Superintendent.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between James Kehoe and I. Randolph Harby, manufacturers of cutting dies, under the firm name and style of Kehoe & Harby Manufacturing Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, said Harby retiring from the business, which will be continued at the old stand, Nos. 22 and 24 South 10th st., by Mr. Kehoe, who assumes all liabilities of the late firm. James Kehoe, J. Randolph Harby.
Dated October 29, 1883.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 513 WALNUT ST, BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

Cleaning.		Dyeing.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2
Pants	50	Pants	1

W. SUBLETT,
(North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

BARNUM'S HOTEL
Cor. Walnut and Second Sts.,
ST. LOUIS.
Family rooms, single or en suite, at moderate pri
WILLIAM C. TRUMPBOUR, Manag

RCOATS
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Prices from 50c to $3 50
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A SPECIALTY!
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weighs less than five pounds
cars or carriage IN MOTION
and be operated by a
N GREATER VARIETY of w
STYLES of TYPE
out one key, and is EASILY L
, envelopes, etc.
BROUGHT to the operator, like
North Third Street.
olaski
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in City handling
lines of Gents' and
Boots and Shoes ex
ely. Nobby Shoes,
styles.
YMENTS.
time, Furniture, Stoves, Carpets,
ll cheaper than any house in the
OVE COMPANY,
until 9 o'clock.
C STORE
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GNE WATER.
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Philadelphia College
EY & CO
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CARPETS, NEW STYLE
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Is the Poor Man's Frie
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RGAN'S SONS
CHEAPER THAN SOAP
FOR ALL
eaning Purposes.
LEAN
BLE, OIL CLOTHS, BATH
KERY, KITCHEN UTENSILS,
c.
OLISH
COPPER AND STEEL WARE
DS.
M'S HOTEL
nut and Second Sts.,
. LOUIS.
ite or on suite, at moderate pri
AM C. TRUMBOUR, Manage

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTIC

(Number of Estate 14,03...

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Antonia Kuhman, deceased, notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Antonia Kussman.

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, 2d floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,118.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Thomas H. Kelly, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Thomas H. Kelly,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,104.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Peter McEvoy, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors, and others interested in the estate of

Peter McEvoy,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,014.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of John F. Wirth, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John F. Wirth,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,047.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of John F. Wirth, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John F. Wirth,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate 14,140.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of John Philip Zurheide, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Philip Zurheide

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D., 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st., second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,161.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of James Jordan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James Jordan.

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st., second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,054.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Thomas R. Kelly, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Thomas R. Kelly,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, with the will annexed, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,014.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Anton Ulinski, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Anton Ulinski,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, public administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof a: the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D., 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,122.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Charles A. Hahn, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Charles A. Hahn.

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said City on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Cheshnut street, 2d floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,126.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Patrick R. Brady, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Patrick R. Brady,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D., 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate, 14,131.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Rosana Head, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors, and others interested in the estate of

Rosana Head,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate 14,140.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of John Philip Zurheide, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Philip Zurheide

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D., 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st., second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate 14,167.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Henry Were, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors, and others interested in the estate of

Henry Were,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

(Number of Estate 14,140.)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of John Phillip Zurheide, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Phillip Zurheide

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1883.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st., second floor.
St. Louis, October 22, 1883.

Sale of Express Packages.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
312 NORTH FIFTH STREET,
ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 25, 1883.

To whom it may concern:—The following described freight and express packages remaining in the office of the Adams and Southern Express Companies in this city, unclaimed or otherwise, will be sold for charges, to the highest bidder, at the auction house of C. H. Tyler & Co., 412 and 414 Pine street, on Thursday, November 22, 1883, unless the same shall be claimed and all charges paid thereon before date of sale. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

W. H. DANIEL, Agent.

1 pkg Adams Express Co, 1 pkg American Express Co, 1 pkg Adams Express Co, 1 pkg American Express Co, 1 pkg agent, 1 valise Allen R. bt, 1 pkg Allen W S, 1 pkg Atkinson & B (Belton Tex.), 1 umbrella Adams E, 1 pkg rec C O D Adams & Watkins, 1 valise Allott Thos, 1 pkg Abrams L H, 1 pkg American Ex Co, 1 box and 1 pkg agent, 1 pkg Attwood Mr, 1 pkg rec Alice M & Co, 1 pkg Aitkenmer S, 1 pkg Burnes C D, 1 pkg British Legation, 1 pkg Beecher I M, 1 box Becker Franz, 1 bdl Bushman Miss Rhodes, 1 box Birsack G R, 1 pkg and 1 pkg Brown Mch D Sc, 2 pkgs Burnes John, 1 bdl Byrne H, 1 valise Brown N J, 2 cases Buck Stove Co, 1 pkg Bodiman Miss Lizzie, 1 pkg Brown & Havens, 6 bdls tools Box Henry, 1 valise Bonner Wm, 1 valise Byrne Fred, 1 pkg Bass & Morell, 1 valise Burnes Thos, 1 bx Baker S H, 1 bx Burden W J, 1 valise Brady Geo A, 1 pkg Bruen J, 1 pkg Burd Wm, 1 pkg Bridges W, 1 pkg Brady J F, 1 bx Brown Jas, 1 pkg Brudeseil C W L, 1 pkg Brooks A, 1 pkg Barbor M Jose phine, 1 box Barbarin Mrs, 1 pkg Bowles & Son, 1 parcel Geo F, 1 pkg Baer M & Co, 1 valise Conway J, 1 pkg Cragg W, 1 pkg Carpenter J E, 1 pkg Cranch W J, 1 valise Conway T, 1 pkg Cassell Mrs, 1 pkg Cassell J, 1 pkg Craig J J, 2 cases art Champion Mch Co, 1 c bx Carlo Chas, 1 case Cooper No, 1 pkg Cassell Jas, 1 bx Clark M, 1 pkg rec C O D Curtis & Co Mfg Co, 1 truss Champion Mch Co, 1 cstg Curtis M & E C, 1 pkg carter J C & L B, 1 bx Coe Young & Co, 1 pkg Cassell Jas, 1 pkg Carnahan Mo, 1 valise Carlo P Carondelet, 1 pkg Cassell Wm, 2 locks Carver T, 3 cst Charles Mo, 1 cstg & 1 pkg Curtis & Co M & E C, 1 valise Cornell A F, 1 pkg Curtis & Co M & E C, 1 basket Chandler W F, 1 pkg Corder H, 1 bx Clark C E, 1 pkg Charless I, 1 pkg Corder W, 1 chair and 1 stool Cunningham, 1 chair Carners T, 5 cstg Curtis & Co M & E C, 1 pkg Cosh & Co Jas, 1 bx Cutler W F, 2 cstgs art Cameron Mrs, 1 pkg Cox Jno, 1 pkg Dutton F L, 1 bx Dicholson W, 1 pkg Davis R F, 1 pkg Dawson J, 1 bx Davis L E, 1 pkg Dalton C C, 1 valise Dodd J, 1 valise Dimmick D, 1 pkg Deters L, 1 bx Dyer & Kohn, 1 pkg Dunn Jas, 1 pkg Dorner-Wyatt cracker Co, 1 bdl Dawrel C, 1 pkg Drew Miss Ella, 1 valise Dinstert T, 2 bxs Donell Mnf Co, 1 pkg Dickerson S W, 1 box Dunham Mfg Co, 1 pkg Dr addison & Co & 1 cstg Deering Dewey, agent & Co, 1 truss Englenart G J, 1 pkg Ebricht L & W, 1 valise Edwards W, 1 valise Eirid J, 1 pkg Ettle Jas A, 1 pkg Edwards Jno, 1 pkg Eaton Mrs Geo & Nathan, 1 pkg Freeman L D, 1 pkg Fuller J M, 1 val Farrell J, 1 box Fisher Jas, 1 pkg Fleming Pat, 1 pkg Flanegan Thos, 1 valise Fleming Pat, 1 pkg Gordan I, 1 pkg retd c o d Grauer J J, 1 pkg retd c o d Globe-Democrat Printing Co, 1 pkg retd c o d Great Western Printing Co, 1 valise Gros Jos, 1 pkg Glazer Bros, 1 pkg Gibbs Alonzo, 1 pkg Grantham Herbert A, 1 pkg Goodman C & Son, 1 pkg Grier Laura B, 1 box Grawer G, 1 pkg Guinand G A, 1 box Grace & Co J, 1 box Garrit H C, 1 pkg Gregg Dove Mrs, 1 pkg retd c o d Great Western Printing Co, 1 pkg Gaibner Catherine, 1 bundle Great Western Printing Co, 1 pkg Gibson D, 1 pkg Hoe & Co, 1 pkg Hubbard Albert, 1 valise Harris Chas, 1 pkg reitzburg Jno, 1 pkg Harlton T V, 1 cstng Heim F, 1 valise Hibbard A C, 1 valise Hoffman Jr Hyrell H, 1 bx Hoel Nedeman Mrs B E, 1 truss Hoeber & Co, 1 pkg Holmes J, 1 bdl Havemore P H, 1 pkg Hollenbeck Jos, 1 bx Horder R, 1 pkg Hogan Mrs, 1 val Hodges W F, 1 pkg Heller, 1 bx Harris C, 1 pkg Henderson L, (Gayoso No.) pkg from Mountain Grove, Mo., 1 pkg Hall Rev F, 1 pkg Jenkens Jos, 1 bx Julian & Robinson, 1 pkg Jackson M, 1 pkg Jordan A, 1 pkg Jennings Tom, 1 pkg Jennings Mrs, 1 pkg Jordan Mrs, 1 pkg Kelly J, 1 pkg Kleiu A, 1 pkg Kleiu J, 1 bx Klein Oscar, 1 pkg Krew T, 1 pkg Kennedy Aug, 1 pkg Kleiu Wm, 1 bx Kingsbrake & Co J, 1 pkg Kleiu J, 1 pkg retd c o d Kern Augt Bg, 1 bx Keppler P, 1 trk Kalbrer J A, 1 bx Kinsale Mrs H, 1 cstng Kaiser L, 1 pkg Kelly J G, 1 frame Levy J, 1 pkg Lafayette A V, 1 cstng Lee E, Jacksonville Ill, 1 bx Longe J, 1 pkg Lavesy Chas, 1 pkg Lamb Mrs, 1 pkg Lutz Jno, 1 valise Lee S, 1 pkg Lightfoot Mrs L, 1 bdl Lane Geo, 1 valise Link Jno, 1 pkg Lindell J, 1 pkg Lamb Mrs Hattie, 1 pkg Lee Isaac Isaac, 1 bx McCheever C, 1 pkg Mitchell Willie, 1 pkg McClair A C Springfield Ill, 1 pkg McCord W, 1 pkg Mitchell J, 1 pkg Mc Mc Lean C & W, 1 valise McClelland J, 1 pkg Miller C, 1 bx Martin A, 1 bx Myers Mrs H, 1 pkg Melody W, 1 pkg Mitchell J, 1 pkg Mc Mc Mc, 1 pkg Mitchell J, 1 pkg Michael J, 1 pkg Manning Geo W, 2 cheats Mclaine A, 1 bdl Mc Laughlin, 1 pkg Rhode Sons, 1 valise Martin C, 1 pkg McKevitt C A, 1 pkg McKay Andy, 2 bales Metzger F, 1 box McDonald & Sons D, 1 pkg Mound City File Works, 1 pkg Meyers Mrs D, 1 pkg McConghey & W, 2 cstngs Moline Plow Co, 1 valise Malone J, 1 pkg McLeinan J, 1 bdl Minion W J, 1 box Mechanics Mutual Ins Co, 1 pkg Mc Mc Mc, 1 pkg Merrill A P, 1 pkg Murry T J, 2 brls Meyers H, 1 pkg Maxfield & Rice J, 1 pkg no mark, 1 cstng no mark, 1 sticks sit no mark, 1 model no mark, 1 pkg no mark, 1 valise no mark, 1 p bx no mark, 1 valise no mark, 1 pkg Nanning Danl, 1 pkg Nelson Jno, 1 pkg O'Brien J P, 1 bx Ormsby & P (Logan City, Utah), 2 cstgs Oyler & Co G, 1 bx Parker M G, 2 bxs Parker & Co L B, 1 pkg Palmer Jas, 1 pkg Pratt J A, 1 pkg Pitts & Co A H, 1 cstg Papin Buggie Co, 1 bx Partridge Mrs J, 1 pkg Presser Rev G, 1 pkg Principle R, 1 pkg Plunk Price F, 1 bx Perkins C, 1 pkg Pitts R, Bonfells Sta Mo, 1 bx Perez F F, 1 bx Pitford Geo A, 1 pkg Pollard Mrs, 1 bdl Quigley J, 1 pkg Partridge T P, 1 val Quinn C H, 1 bdl cstgs Rowing & D, 1 pkg Reinhardt F W, 1 pkg Rosenheim Levis & Co, 1 pkg Rogers W L, 1 pkg Rice Danl, 1 bx Ross Frank, 1 pkg Rose Jas, 1 bx Rowe A S, 1 pkg Ruttger Chas, (Side Section Mo.), 1 pkg Robinson Jno, 1 pkg Richmond L, 1 bx Redmond S A, 1 csta Richmond L, 2 sacks flower R, 1 pkg unclaimed c o d Rice J, 1 pkg Rice Rumple Chas, 1 bri Rice F, 1 pkg Redman T H, 1 cstng Richmond L, 1 bx Richmond C, 1 pkg Robinson, 1 pkg Rosenfield L, 1 pkg Rochester Mfg Co, 1 pkg Rippe Wm, 1 pkg Richards T P, 1 pkg Raup D, 1 pkg Rapp W J, 1 val Russell P, 1 pkg Reid & Co, Belleville, Ill, 1 pkg Schmidt & Co, 1 pkg Stevens Mrs, 1 bx Strand T, 1 pkg Sharp Jas, 1 pkg Sharp Jas, 1 pkg Scully W & J, 1 pkg Shirley J, 1 pkg Semple W & J, 1 pkg Sharp Jas, 1 pkg Sharp Jas, 1 pkg Sharp Jas

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

No. 14,818 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of David Powers, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

David Powers,

deceased, and that I did on the 29th day of September, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, and that I did in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., September 29, 1883.

No. 14,807 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Alphonso Libby, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Alphonso Libby,

deceased, and that I did so on the 19th day of September, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed, and this was done in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., September 29, 1883.

No. 14,819 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of George Jacob Kraemer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

George Jacob Kraemer,

deceased, and that I did so on the 20th day of September, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., September 29, 1883.

No. 14,815 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Mary A. Holman, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Mary A. Holman,

deceased, and that I did so on the 27th day of September, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, and that I did so under and in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the city of St. Louis, Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., September 29, 1883.

No. 14,810 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of George Jacob Kraemer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

George Jacob Kraemer,

deceased, and that I did so on the 8th day of September, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., September 29, 1883.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—A dividend of twenty-five per cent has been declared on all allowed demands in the matter of the assigned estate of Dolton Brothers, and will be paid by me at my office, No. 508 Olive street, in this city, on the 24th day of October, 1883.

JAMES E. WITHROW,
Assignee of Dolton Brothers.
St. Louis, Mo., October 11, 1883.

IN THE MATTER of the estate of Jeremiah Leary, deceased, the undersigned will, pursuant to an order of the Probate Court City of St. Louis, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, city of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 10th day of October, 1883, a claim against the Central Savings Bank, bankrupt, for $1,948 16-100.

M. H. PHELAN,
Executor of Jeremiah Leary, deceased.

IN MATTER of the assignment of M. Spiro—Notice is hereby given that M. L. Weidner, assignee of M. Spiro, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2 on Thursday, the 25th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of Calvin Hasbrouck—Notice is hereby given that Calvin Hasbrouck assignee of the Missouri Cotton Seed Oil Company has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis is a statement of the accounts of his trust to the June term, 1882, and the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Friday, the 19th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit CourtCity of St. Louis.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF James McNichol.—Notice is hereby given that Valle Reyburn, assignee of

James McNichol,

has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Tuesday, the 23th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

IN MATTER OF the assignment of the National Manufacturing Company—Notice is hereby given that Chas. H. Ramsay, assignee of the National Manufacturing Company, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 1, on Monday, the 29th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased, will, under order of the Probate Court, herein made, sell at public auction all the uncollected amounts belonging to said estate (a list of which can be seen at my office) on Friday, the 12th day of October, 1883, at 10 o'clock m., at the east front door of the Court House, City of St. Louis, Mo.

CHARLES NAGEL,
Administrator of the estate of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased, 509 Olive street, city.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of E. W. Lansing & Co., Lansing, Haynes & Co.—Notice is hereby given that R. H. Kneeland assignee of E. W. Lansing & Co., Lansing Haynes & Co., has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Friday, the 26th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of Joseph P. Whyte, assignee of the Williamson-Stewart Paper Company, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Monday, the 29th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of Calvin Hasbrouck—Notice is hereby given that Calvin Hasbrouck assignee of the Missouri Cotton Seed Oil Company has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis is a statement of the accounts of his trust to the June term, 1882, and the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Friday, the 19th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit CourtCity of St. Louis.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of James McNichol.—Notice is hereby given that Valle Reyburn, assignee of

James McNichol,

has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Tuesday, the 23th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

IN MATTER OF the assignment of the National Manufacturing Company—Notice is hereby given that Chas. H. Ramsay, assignee of the National Manufacturing Company, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 1, on Monday, the 29th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased, will, under order of the Probate Court, herein made, sell at public auction all the uncollected amounts belonging to said estate (a list of which can be seen at my office) on Friday, the 12th day of October, 1883, at 10 o'clock m., at the east front door of the Court House, City of St. Louis, Mo.

CHARLES NAGEL,
Administrator of the estate of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased, 509 Olive street, city.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of E. W. Lansing & Co., Lansing, Haynes & Co.—Notice is hereby given that R. H. Kneeland assignee of E. W. Lansing & Co., Lansing Haynes & Co., has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1883, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2, on Friday, the 26th day of October, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Walter S. Johnston, receiver of the National Bank of the State of Missouri, is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 21 in block 54 of South St. Louis subdivision, in city block 2814, fronting 20 feet 10 inches on Ninth street by a depth of 150 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1883. 23A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Edmund Prendergast is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of land in block 62 of survey 2 in City block 3,385 having a front of 50 feet on Jackson street by a depth of 137 feet 6 inches, bounded north by McGill, east by an alley, south by Ryan et al. and west by Jackson street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH OF OCTOBER. 1883.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James M. Pierce et al are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2, a lot in city block number 2220, on Main street, being 24 feet in front or width and 112 feet in depth, being in E. Paul's addition to the city of St. Louis, and bounded as follows: On the north by an alley, on the east by the realty of one Curtis, on the south by Hickory street and on the west by the realty of one Worster.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon, and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1883. 27A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Gabriel Long is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 1726, being 1 foot and 6 inches in front on Bernard street, by 115 feet and 6 inches in depth, said lot being part of lot 7 of Pratt's Addition to the City of St. Louis.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 6, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Edmund Prendergast is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot of land in block 62 of survey 2 in City block 3,385 having a front of 50 feet on Jackson street by a depth of 137 feet 6 inches, bounded north by McGill, east by an alley, south by Ryan et al. and west by Jackson street.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH OF OCTOBER. 1883.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John N. Schureman is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 1726, being 1 foot and 6 inches in front on Bernard street, by 115 feet and 6 inches in depth, said lot being part of lot 7 of Pratt's Addition to the City of St. Louis.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 6, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Augustus J. Bruyere are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of land in block 62 of survey 2 in City block 3,385 having a front of 50 feet on Jackson street by a depth of 137 feet 6 inches, bounded north by McGill, east by an alley, south by Ryan et al. and west by Jackson street.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH OF OCTOBER. 1883.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Zeiss and Martin Reuters are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 2,624, fronting 25 feet on O'Fallon street, and having a depth of 150 feet, said lot being No. 28, in block 2 of the city commons addition to the City of St. Louis.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1883. 19A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Abraham Jacobson and Huntington Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 17 of Roger Nelson's addition to city block 1,741, having a front of 25 feet on 17th street and a depth of 145 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Robert J. Coleman is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2, a lot in city block number 22, on Main street, being 24 feet in front or width and 112 feet in depth and being lot number 2, in the Peter Lindell estate addition.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 3, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Edward P. Curtis, trustee; Walter S. Johnston, receiver of National Bank of St. Louis, John G. Priest, assignee of Murdock and Dickson, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot in Petit tract, fronting 46 feet 6 inches on alley, by 56 feet 6 inches, bounded north by self, east by alley, south by land of Frank, and west by self.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 12, 1883. 11A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Fannie Hall et al are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 21 in block 54 of South St. Louis subdivision, in city block 2814, fronting 20 feet 10 inches on Ninth street by a depth of 150 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1883. 23A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Edmund Prendergast is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 1282, fronting 80 feet on Park avenue, by 128 feet and 9 inches deep, being the same property conveyed by Mitchell Davis to Julius S. Paul, deceased, in the city of St. Louis, and in city block 681; 26 feet 8 inches on Jefferson avenue by 128 feet deep.

The west part of lot No. 17, block 2, Mackensie's addition, and in city block 2160, having a front on north side of Guilford street of 25 feet 1½ inches by 125 feet deep.

3 A tract in United States survey 263, and being parts of lots 4 and 5 of the subdivision of estate of Julius S. Paul, deceased, in lot 7, fourth series of Chouteau Mill tract, beginning on east line of said lot 4 at the point of intersection thereof with the south line of lot conveyed by Thomas Brooks and wife to St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railroad by deed, in book 1,000, page 121, thence west on south line of said railroad 236 feet to west line of said Brooks' land; thence north on west line of said Brooks' land to point where the center line of Sarpy avenue would run if same were extended; thence east along said line to east line of lot 4; thence north along said east line of lot 4 to south line of lot conveyed to St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway, the point of beginning; bounded west by Mitchell's tract, the city, north by Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad, south by center of Sarpy avenue if extended, and east by Missouri Pacific Railroad.

4 A leasehold interest in lot in city block 181, beginning on west line of 7th street 58 feet north of the southeast corner of said block; thence north on 7th street 27 feet; thence west 127 feet 6 inches to an alley; thence south on said alley 27 feet, and thence east 127 feet 6 inches to beginning; being a lease for 100 years from July 1, 1865, and given to said E. G. Obear by T. H. Wallace and others, dated May 10, 1882, and recorded in book 682, page 166.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named E. G. Obear of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1883. 20A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Frederick Espenschied, Frederick Spies and Huntington Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Center place, in city block 1907, 25 feet in front or width; and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 14, in block 1, in Newman and Howard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1883. 20A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John S. Thomas is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground, each of said lots having a front of 25 feet on Richard avenue, by a depth of 150 feet, being lots No. forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) in block No. 1 of Orchard Place addition to said city of St. Louis.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

St. Louis, Mo., September 6, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Gabriel Long is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground fronting 50 feet on Victoria avenue, by a depth of 125 feet 6 inches, said lot being No. 11 in block 3 of Murphy's addition to the city of St. Louis.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Gabriel Long is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 2486 fronting 39 feet and a fraction on Second avenue by a depth of 115 feet, said lot being No. 48 in block 55 in Bryan's addition to the city of St. Louis.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1883. 27A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Louis Schaeffer, Augusta Schaefer, Caroline Schlaestein, Adolph Schlaestein & Adolph Schlaestein and Louis Schlaestein & Henry A. Lamingham are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

All of lot 8 and the west 25 feet of lot 9 in Chouteau's addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting 50 feet on Victoria avenue by a depth of 125 feet 6 inches.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Louis Schaefer, Augusta Schaefer, Caroline Schlaestein, Adolph Schlaestein & Adolph Schlaestein and Louis Schlaestein & Henry A. Lamingham are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

One lot of ground fronting 25 feet on Victoria avenue, by a depth of 125 feet 6 inches, said lot being No. 10 in block 3 of Murphy's addition to the city of St. Louis.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 10, 1883. 9A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Robert J. Coleman is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2, a lot in city block number 22, on Main street, being 24 feet in front or width and 112 feet in depth and being lot number 2, in the Peter Lindell estate addition.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 3, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Robert J. Coleman is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2, a lot in city block number 22, on Main street, being 24 feet in front or width and 112 feet in depth and being lot number 2, in the Peter Lindell estate addition.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 3, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Robert J. Coleman is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2, a lot in city block number 22, on Main street, being 24 feet in front or width and 112 feet in depth and being lot number 2, in the Peter Lindell estate addition.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the af